# Deloitte.

2014
Global Automotive Consumer Study
Exploring consumer preferences and
mobility choices in Europe



## Introduction

Forces are changing the mobility landscape, affording consumers more choices than ever before in meeting their transportation needs. For automotive companies, these shifting consumer demands result in a number of complex questions that may ultimately impact their products and how they engage with their customers.

To explore consumers' mobility choices and transportation decisions, Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Limited (DTTL) fielded a survey in 19 countries. In total, more than 23,000 individuals representing a broad range of cross generational Baby Boomers, Generation X (Gen X), and Generation Y (Gen Y) automotive consumers responded to the survey. This broad and diverse consumer demographic allowed for in-depth analysis through multiple lenses, including generational, socio-economic, gender, and many others.

The objectives of the study centered on understanding the factors influencing consumers' mobility decisions as new transportation models (e.g., car-sharing, etc.) emerge. The study also analyzed the different tradeoffs consumers are willing to accept to own a vehicle, and examined how preferences for powertrains, technology (inside and outside of the vehicle), and lifestyle needs impact consumers' choice in the purchase or lease decision. The study also sought to assess the customer experience and the factors influencing the final vehicle purchase decision.

The following pages highlight the key findings for eight of the 19 countries covered in the study, providing perspectives on the consumer mobility trends in the European markets of Belgium, Czech Republic, France, Italy, Germany, Netherlands, Turkey, and the United Kingdom. These findings form the foundation for an informed dialogue between automakers, dealers, and non-automotive companies working within the industry about the factors that will increasingly impact how consumers around the world choose to get from one place to another.

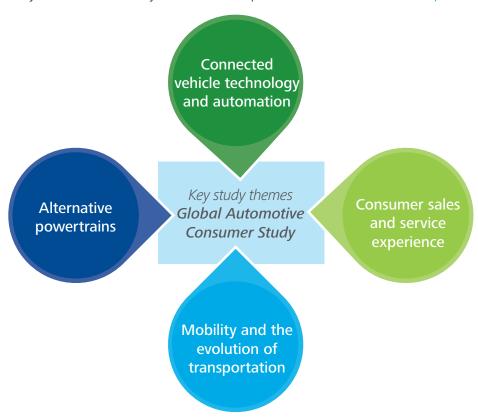
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# About the 2014 Global Consumer Study

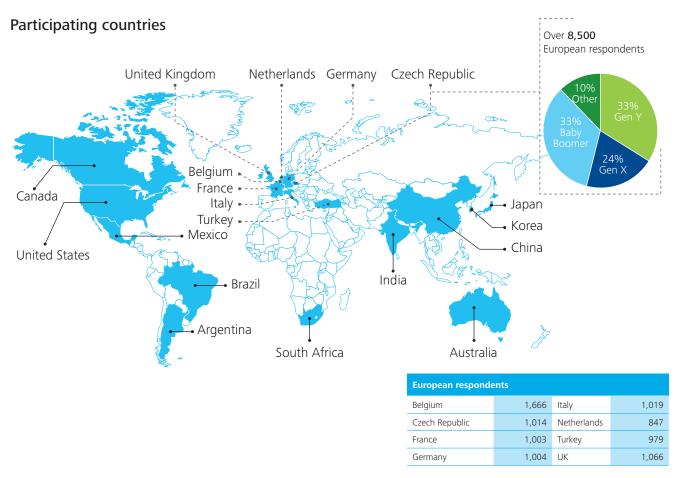
The study, initiated in 2013 by the Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu (DTTL) Limited Global Manufacturing Industry group, focused on "the changing nature of mobility" and how the consumption of mobility affects various aspects of the automobile buying and ownership experience

Within the mobility theme, the survey also covered questions around alternative powertrains, 1



The 2014 Global Automotive Consumer Study is based on a survey of over 23,000 consumers in 19 countries.

The key findings and insights in this publication are based on responses in Europe\* to the survey.





# Key findings about Gen Y consumers in Europe<sup>1</sup>



Gen Y consumers in Europe<sup>1</sup> are interested in owning or leasing vehicles with around 75% planning to purchase or lease a vehicle within the next five years

44% of consumers think they will be driving an alternative fuel vehicle five years from now, and they are willing to pay more for it<sup>2</sup>







Consumer interest decreases as autonomy increases, but Gen Y consumers are more comfortable with advanced levels of autonomy

Reasons for Gen Y not buying: high costs and affordability are the primary factors

Factors that will motivate Gen Y to buy a vehicle: Cheaper vehicles that are more fuel efficient



Over 50% of Gen Y consumers are influenced the most by friends and family during the purchase process



Consumers see the *greatest* benefits of vehicle technology in improved safety and increased fuel efficiency

Gen Y consumers want **vehicle technologies** that protects them from themselves, including technologies that:

- Recognize the presence of other vehicles on the road
- Automatically block them from engaging in dangerous driving situations

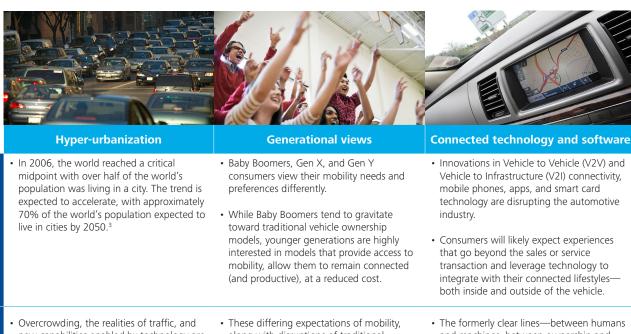
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Europe in the 2014 Global Automotive Consumer Study consist of the following countries: Belgium, Czech Republic, France, Italy, Germany, Netherlands, Turkey, and UK.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Although cost is still a primary motivation.



# Why conduct a global automotive study?

As these powerful and dynamic forces continue to take shape, consumer mobility preferences are rapidly evolving.



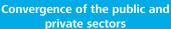
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Description

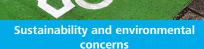
- new capabilities enabled by technology are leading to more collaborative approaches to transport. For example, the "sharing economy," driverless cars, and improved public transportation.
- This trend has the potential to threaten vehicle sales, particularly in developed economies where profit margins are higher today.
- along with disruptions of traditional ownership models, will change how original equipment manufacturers (OEMs) engage their customers.
- · This fundamental shift in buying behavior with a new generation of consumers present significant opportunities and challenges for OEMs.
- and machines, between ownership and non-ownership, between goods and services—will blur as a result of connectivity and the information generated and used interchangeably by people and machines.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> United Nations Department of Economic and Social Affairs – Population Division, World Urbanization Prospects, The 2011 Revision, March 2012.





- · Government will likely not be able to fully fund nor take primary responsibility for the requirements supporting tomorrow's transportation systems.
- The sheer complexity of transportation systems of the future will likely require many players to be involved.



- Continued concerns regarding environmental sustainability and a focus on improving fuel efficiency are leading to ever increasing government targets and expectations in countries around the world such as EU 2020: 60.6 miles per gallon, Japan 2020: 55.1 miles per gallon, and U.S. 2025: 54.5 miles per gallon.4
- Automakers are being challenged to develop more fuel efficient engines and alternative powertrains to comply with the evolving standards.
- In the future, consumers will have the ability to choose from a mix of proven powertrain options that best meet their lifestyle needs and are competitively priced – including more efficient internal combustion engines, electric vehicles (EVs), hybrid electric, and vehicles powered by natural gas.

· Automobiles and infrastructure will generate a large amount of digital exhaust that will create both opportunities and

**Digital exhaust** 

- challenges for consumers, manufacturers, government, and businesses. Every action taken can be measured and quantified in the connected vehicle of the future.
- This data provides opportunities for a more integrated and seamless mobility system.
- If used correctly, this data could allow for automotive and non-automotive companies to gain insight on the consumer behavior and vehicle performance, as well as identify new potential growth opportunities and/or business models.
- Because data will be produced across disparate sources, management and integration of the data will be the barrier to optimizing the use of the data.
- The mass adoption and use of new public transportation, electric cars, and autonomous/driverless cars, and the supporting infrastructure requirements is likely to require increased public-private collaborations to address both development costs and ongoing operations.

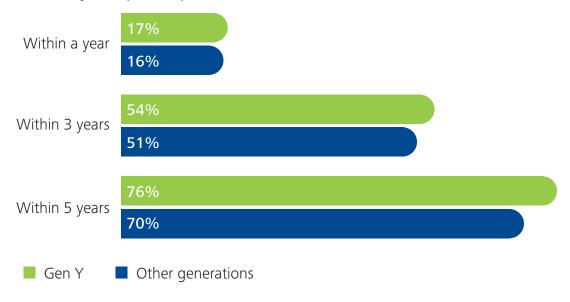
<sup>4</sup>The International Council on Clean Transportation, Global Comparison of Light-Duty Vehicle Fuel Economy/GHG Emissions Standards, June 2012.



# Gen Y market potential

Over 75% of Gen Y consumers in Europe plan to purchase or lease a vehicle within the next five years

When do you expect to purchase or lease a vehicle?





### Decision Criteria

Affordability and COSt were cited as the top reasons for Gen Y not owning a vehicle. Most consumers also feel that their lifestyle needs can be met by walking or public transportation.

#### Top three reasons Gen Y consumers in Europe don't buy (versus everyone else)



Note: "Strongly Agree" and "Agree" responses have been summed up together.

#### Top three things that would get Gen Y consumers in Europe into a vehicle



Note: "Much more likely" and "accore likely" responses have been summed up together.



## **Driver Profiles**

### Gen Y loves to drive,

provided cost is low and it fits the demands of their lifestyle.



### How would you describe yourself as a commuter?

#### **Driver Profile Generational Comparison**

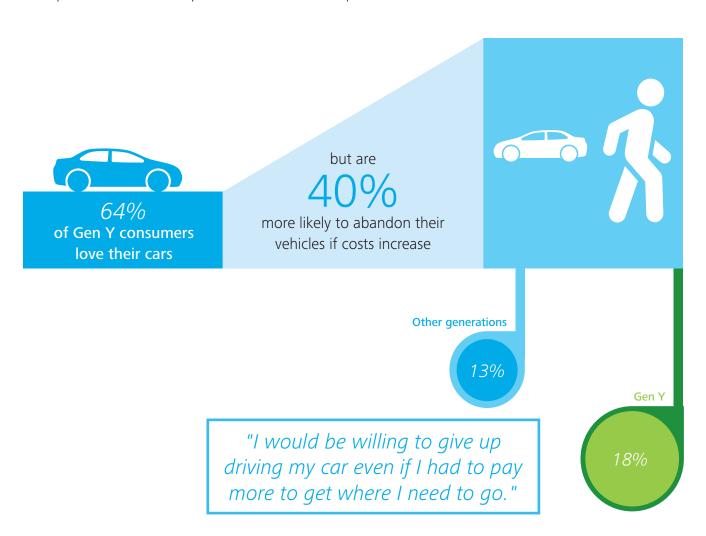


"Low cost" is not a primary factor in China and India



# Vehicle Loyalty

Gen Y consumers in Europe are interested in driving, with more than half of them choosing their personal car as their preferred mode of transportation

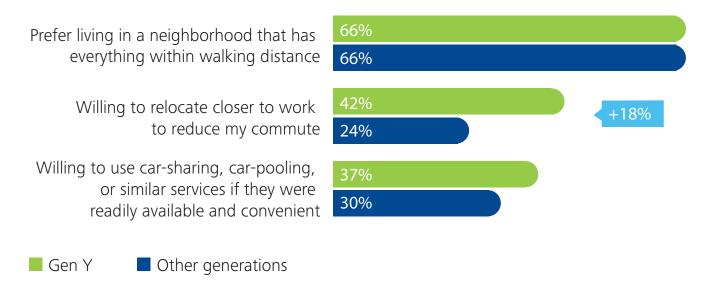




Factors that may influence

consumers' decision to abandon vehicle ownership Lifestyle is the primary reason.

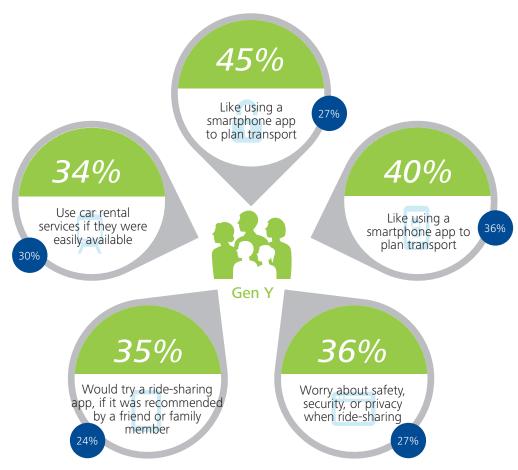
How much do you agree with each of the following statements?



Note: "Strongly Agree" and "Agree" responses have been summed up together.

Consumers in Europe are interested in *alternative mobility options* that **reduce costs**, and offer convenience as well as safety, causing concern for automakers.

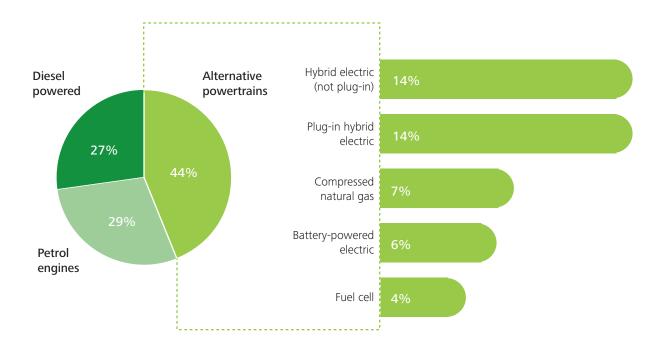
Percentage of Gen Y respondents that agree with the following statement:





# Alternative engines and fuels

Less than half of the consumers in Europe would prefer to be driving an alternative vehicle five years from now

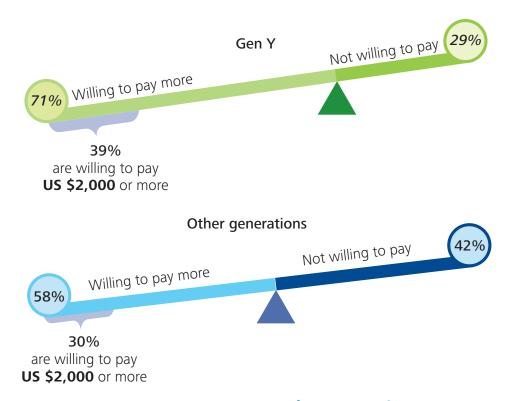


Today 58% of consumers in Europe drive petrol engine vehicles and 39% drive diesel operated vehicles.

#### Gen Y is

## willing to pay more

#### for an alternative powertrain...



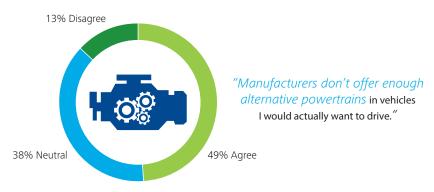
## ...but cost is still a motivating factor

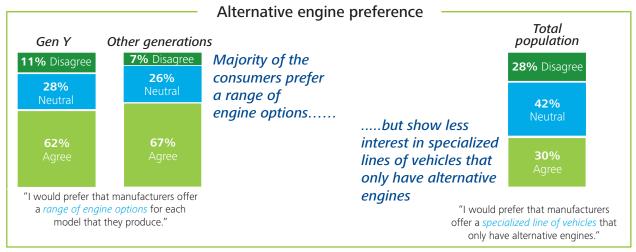


Of Gen Y consumers say "My motivation to purchase/lease an alternative powertrain would be driven more by my desire to save money on fuel rather than to save the environment."

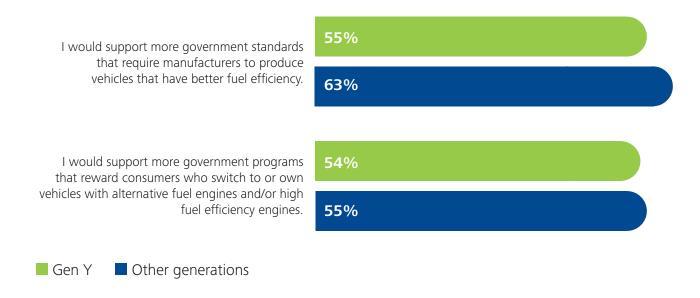


Of Gen Y consumers would prefer to drive a traditional vehicle if it could provide comparable fuel efficiency to vehicles with alternative powertrains. About half of the consumers in Europe feel that there are not enough alternative powertrain options in the market, with around two-thirds preferring a broad range of powertrain options in each vehicle model





Majority of the consumers in Europe are supportive of government incentives or standards to switch to alternative powertrains



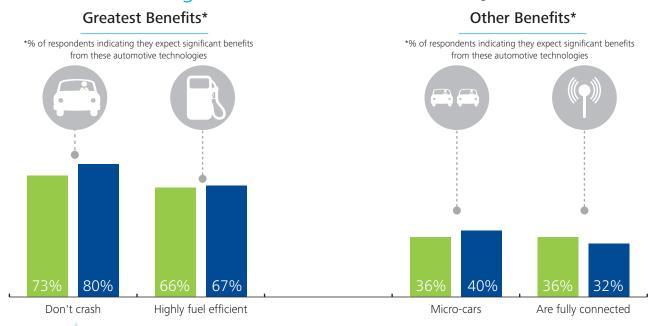
Percentage of respondents that agreed with the statements above



# Vehicle Technology

Consumers in Europe believe that

there are significant benefits from new vehicle technologies and advancements, including vehicles that...



#### Gen Y wants:

- Technology that recognizes the presence of other vehicles on the road
- In-vehicle technologies that could help coach them to be a safer driver
- Technology that will let them know when they exceed the speed limit
- In-vehicle technologies that would automatically block them from engaging in dangerous driving situations
- Other generations Gen Y

### Consumers desire safety technologies more than cockpit technologies...





other vehicles on the road



Technologies that help coach them to be a safe driver



Technology that will let them know when they exceed the speed limit



Technologies that block them from engaging in dangerous driving situations

#### .. with Gen Y showing higher desire for cockpit technologies than other generations

#### **Cockpit Technologies**



Features that help or make tasks more convenient (e.g. assisted parking, adaptive cruise control, etc.).



Easier customization of a vehicle's technology after purchase or lease



In-vehicle technology that helps them manage smartphone to use daily activities

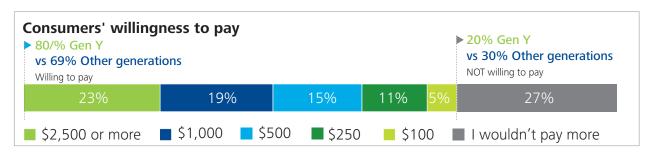


To connect their all its applications from the vehicle's dashboard interface

Other generations Gen Y

Percentage of respondents indicating they expect significant benefits from these automotive technologies

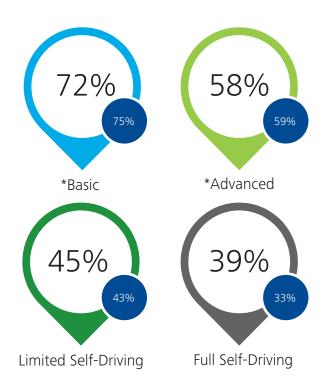
..and over 40% are willing to pay more than \$1,000, with almost a quarter willing to pay over \$2,500





## **Autonomous Vehicles**

Today, most consumers in Europe are more interested in basic levels of automation but show declining interest in the more advanced levels of autonomy



\*% of respondents in Europe indicating they would find the following levels of autonomy desirable



#### Definitions for autonomous (driverless) vehicles

- Basic: Allows the vehicle to assist the driver by performing specific tasks like anti-lock braking (prevent from skidding) and/or traction control (to prevent loss of grip with the road).
- Advanced: Combines at least two functions such as adaptive cruise control and lane centering technology in unison to relieve the driver of control of those functions
- Limited: Allows the vehicle to take over all driving functions under certain traffic and environmental conditions. If conditions changed, the vehicle would recognize this and the driver would then be expected to be available to take back control of the vehicle.
- Full: Allows the vehicle to take over all driving functions for an entire trip. The driver would simply need to provide an address and the vehicle would take over and require no other involvement from the driver.

Source: Based on U.S. Department of Transportation's National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA)

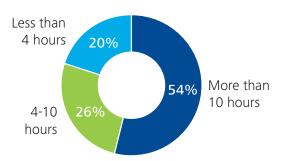


## The Customer Experience

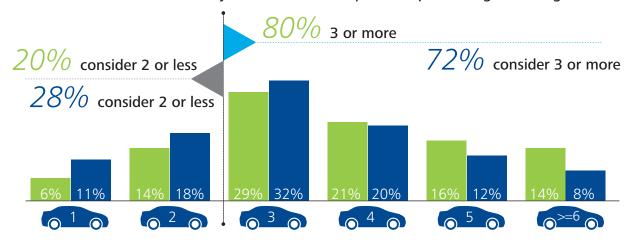
### Research is key

More than half of the consumers spend 10 hours or more researching and nearly three-quarters consider 3 or more brands before they purchase or lease a vehicle.

# Time consumers in Europe spent researching possible vehicles

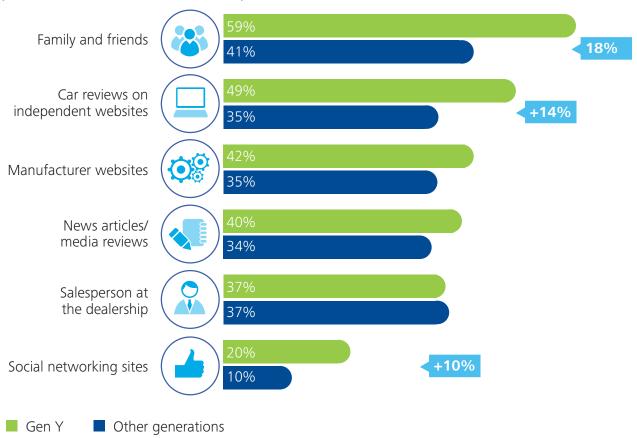


Number of brands considered by consumers in Europe when purchasing or leasing



## Influencing the purchase decision More than half of the Gen Y consumers in Europe are influenced the most by family and friends when making their purchase decision

How much of an impact does information from each of the following sources have on your ultimate decision on which vehicle you choose

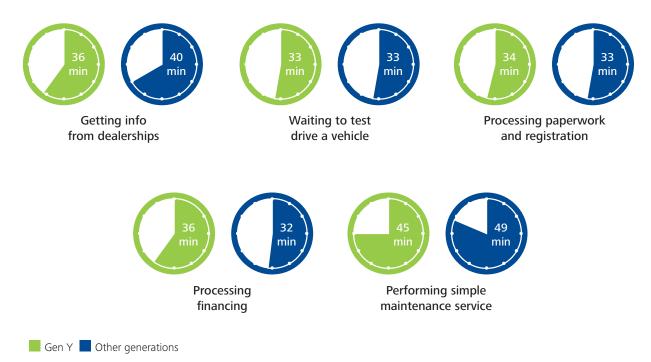


Percent of respondents in Europe indicating this source is a significant influence on the purchase decision

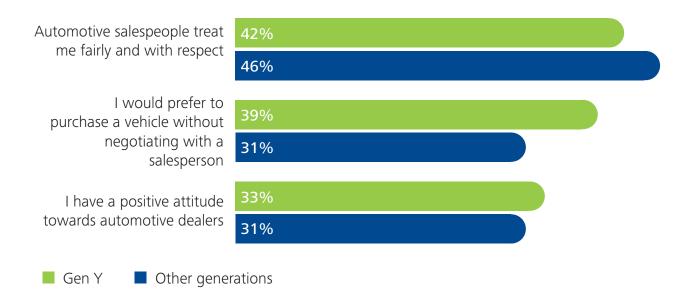


Consumers want an *extremely efficient* purchase process...

Average acceptable time per phase for Gen Y and Other Generations consumers in Europe



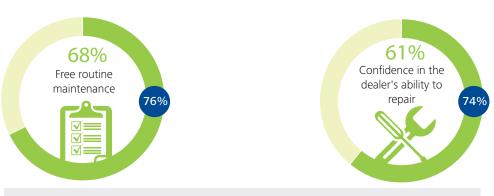
## Only about a third of the consumers have a positive image of automotive dealers and less than half feel that they are treated fairly and with respect by automotive sales people



## Service impacts vehicle sales

The COSt and QUality of the service bundle **influences over** 70% of consumers' purchase decision.

When choosing a vehicle to purchase or lease, how important are each of the following attributes?



But only a third of Gen Y are Willing to pay for services that make their lives easier



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