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2024 Global Automotive Consumer Study

Key Findings: BELGIUM

January 2024

Contents

1.	Vehicle electrification	4
2.	Future vehicle intentions	14
3.	Connectivity	24
4.	Vehicle ownership vs. shared mobility	27
5.	Vehicle subscription	31
6.	About the study	35

Key findings



Are consumers ready to fully move away from ICE technology?

Interest in ICE remains relatively robust while intent to acquire a BEV continues to trail hybrids (HEVs+PHEVs). A variety of other challenges also remain in the way of BEV adoption, including cost, driving range, and time required to charge, raising important questions around the pace of EV transition vs. emissions reduction targets.

A significant number of consumers may be thinking about switching vehicle brands

The top three reasons for intending to switch vehicle brands includes wanting to try something different, cost/affordability, and a desire to gain access to new technology/features.

Interest in connectivity features may not fully translate into revenue and profit

There is a relatively high level of consumer interest in features that provide updates on traffic congestion, safer routes, and vehicle maintenance. However, the willingness to pay extra for connected technologies remains low.

Younger consumers are driving overall interest in vehicle subscriptions, but more education may be necessary to address lingering concerns

Against the backdrop of uncertain economic conditions causing concern for financial capacity, a significant number of younger consumers are at least somewhat interested in giving up vehicle ownership altogether in favour of a subscription model but concerns about vehicle availability and wait times persist.

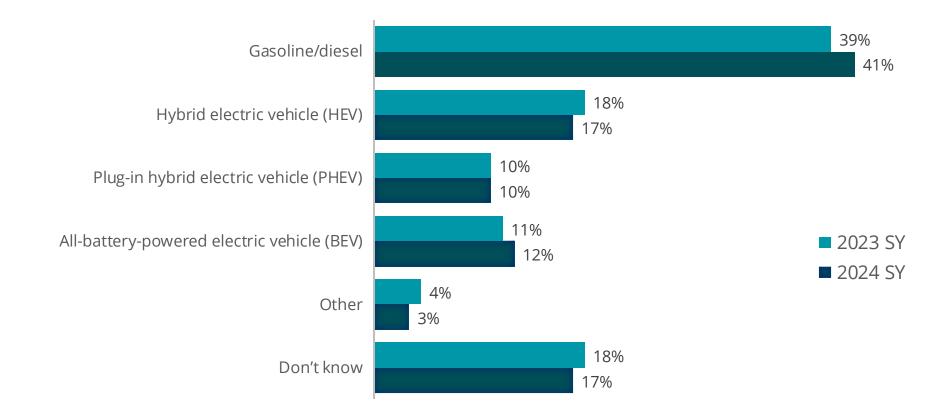
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Vehicle electrification



Consumer intent to move away from internal combustion engine (ICE) technology is proving to be a significant near-term challenge as uncertain global economic conditions and lingering consumer concerns regarding electric vehicle (EV) adoption remain.

Preference for type of engine in next vehicle



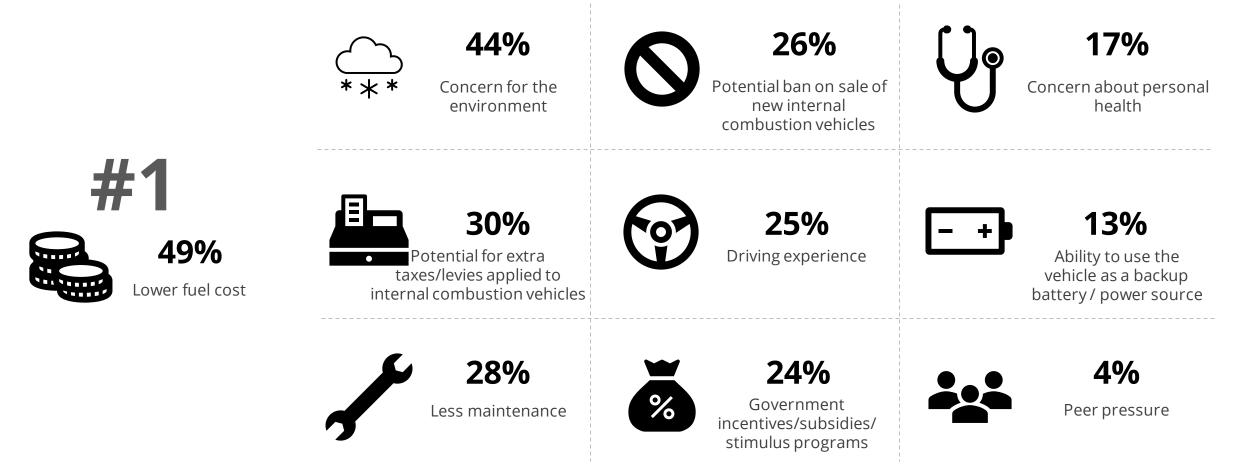
Note: Other includes vehicles with engine types such as compressed natural gas, ethanol, and hydrogen fuelcells; don't know responses weren't considered; SY stands for Study Year.

Q32. What type of engine would you prefer in your next vehicle?

Sample size: n= 853 [2023]; 885 [2024]

EV intent continues to be a "pocketbook" issue for many consumers as the primary driver centers on a perception that fuel costs will be significantly lower, but questions remain around the likely trajectory for the price of electricity used for mobility in many markets around the world.

Reasons for choosing an EV for next vehicle



Q34. Which of the following factors have had the greatest impact on your decision to acquire an electrified vehicle? Please select all that apply.

Sample size: n= 336

Affordability remains a critical issue for the automotive industry as a majority of consumers still expect to pay less than €50K for their next vehicle.

Preferred price ranges for next vehicle

	Overall	ICE Intender	EV Intender
Less than €10,000	10%	ך 15% ך	4%
€10,000 to less than €15,000	15%	17%	12%
€15,000 to less than €30,000	34%	≻ 80% 38% ► 86%	→ 80%
€30,000 to less than €50,000	21%	16%	32%
€50,000 to less than €75,000	5%	4%	8%
€75,000 or more	2%	2%	3%
Don't know/not sure	12%	9%	9%

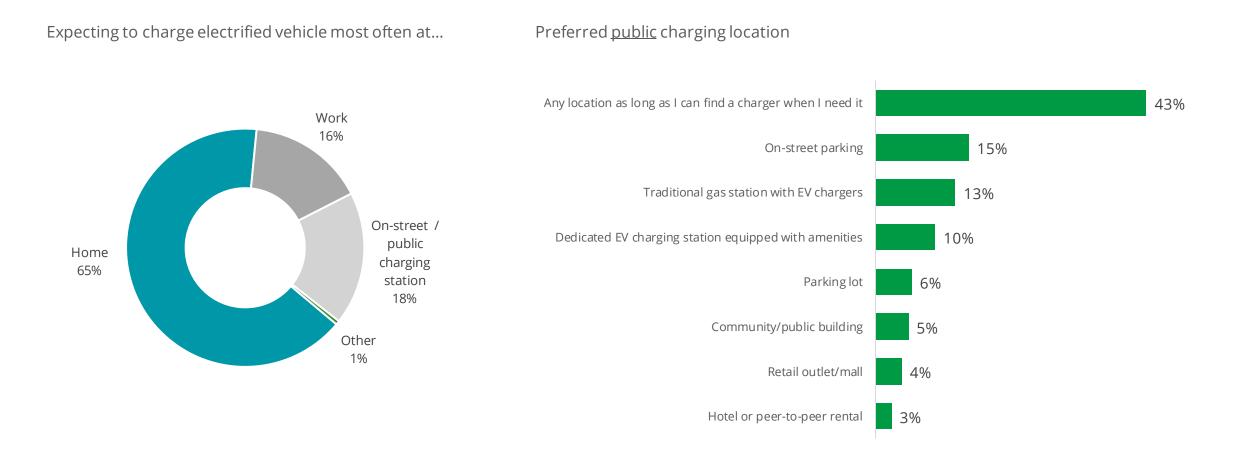
Q22. In which of the following price ranges will you be shopping for your next vehicle? (Please indicate what you would expect to pay after any discounts and/or incentives that might be available).

Sample size: [Overall] n= 885; [ICE intender] n= 367, [EV intender] n= 336

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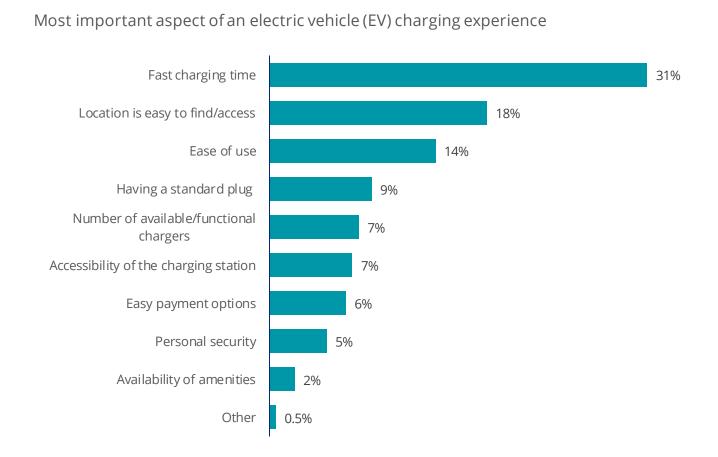
Consumer intent to use public charging options has grown YoY, but most electric vehicle intenders still plan to charge their vehicle at home, emphasizing the need for affordable home charging solutions as consumers may not have fully contemplated those extra costs.



Q35: Where do you expect to charge your electrified vehicle most often?; Q37: Where would you most want to charge your EV when you are away from home (i.e., public charging location)?

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The most important aspect of a public EV charging experience is fast charging and a strong majority of consumers surveyed prefer to pay for charging via a traditional credit/debit card, signaling the need to simplify the experience using familiar payment methods.



Most preferred way to pay for public EV charging

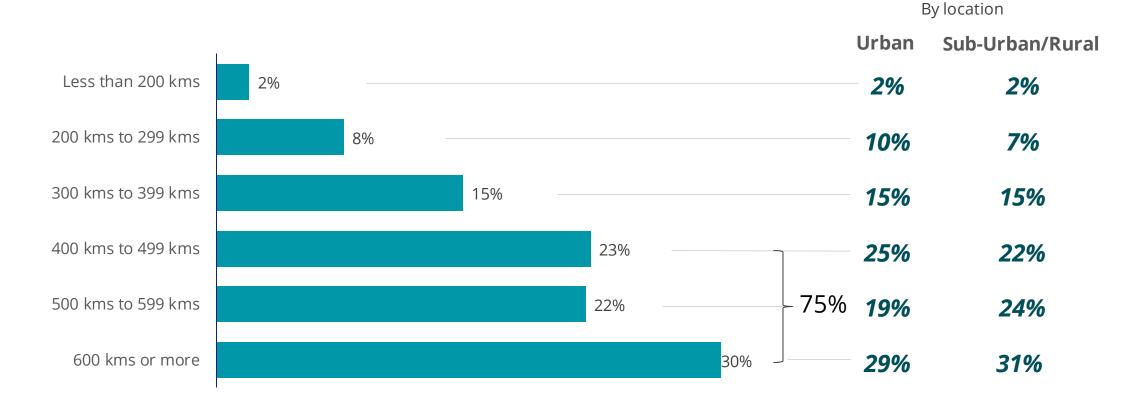
Credit/debit card	51%
Smartphone app	23%
Pre-paid subscription plan	14%
Loyalty points	6%
Third-party payment platform	5%
Other	1%

Q39: What is the most important aspect of an EV charging experience?; Q40: How would you most prefer to pay for public EV charging?

Sample size: n=188 [Q39]; 188 [Q40]

Only one in four non-BEV intenders surveyed would consider a fully charged BEV with a driving range below 400 kms as a viable option for their next vehicle.

Consumer expectations regarding BEV driving range



Note: Did not consider those intenders who said they would never consider acquiring a BEV irrespective of the driving range

Q44: How far would a fully charged all-battery electric vehicle need to go in order for you to consider acquiring one?

Sample size: n= 650 [Overall]; 207 [Urban], 443 [Sub-urban/Rural]

More than half of surveyed consumers cite cost as the biggest hurdle to BEV penetration, underlining the need to address elevated transaction prices.

Greatest concern regarding all battery-powered electric vehicles

Cost		Charging Range		Range anxiety		New techn	ology
			Lack of public electric vehicle	Driving range, 49%		Safety conc with batte technology,	ery technol
Cost/price premium, 58%	Battery replacement cost, 39%	Time required to charge, 45%	charging infrastructure, 38%			ESG concerns	Resale value
							Uncertain resale value, 16%
	Potential for extra taxes/levies		Lack of alternate power		Increased	End-to-end	Limited models
Ongoing charging and running costs, 31%	associated with all- BEVs, 22%	Lack of charger at home, 35%	source at home, 20%	Cold weather performance, 30%	need to plan	sustaina 18%	Lack of choice, 11%

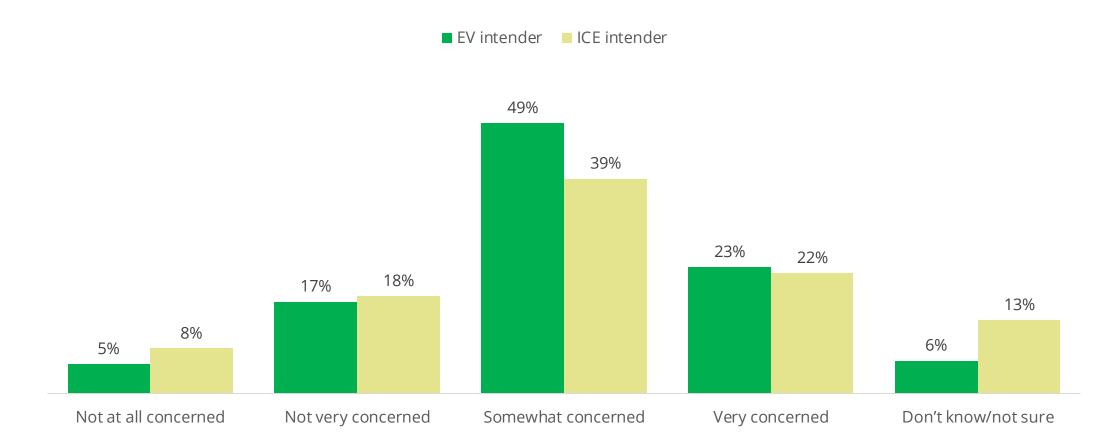
Note: Sum of the percentages exceed 100% as respondents can select multiple options; other values not shown

Q43: What are your biggest concerns regarding all battery-powered electric vehicles? Please select all that apply.

Sample size: n= 885

Nearly three-quarters of EV intenders are at least somewhat worried about the end-to-end environmental impact of an electric vehicle battery, signaling the need to have a well-articulated sustainability message to communicate to potential customers.

Percentage of consumers who are concerned about the end-to-end environmental impact of an EV battery (by future vehicle type intention)



Q46: To what extent are you concerned about the end-to-end environmental impact of an EV battery (e.g., mineral mining, manufacturing, source of electricity during multiple lifecycles, end-of-life recycling)?

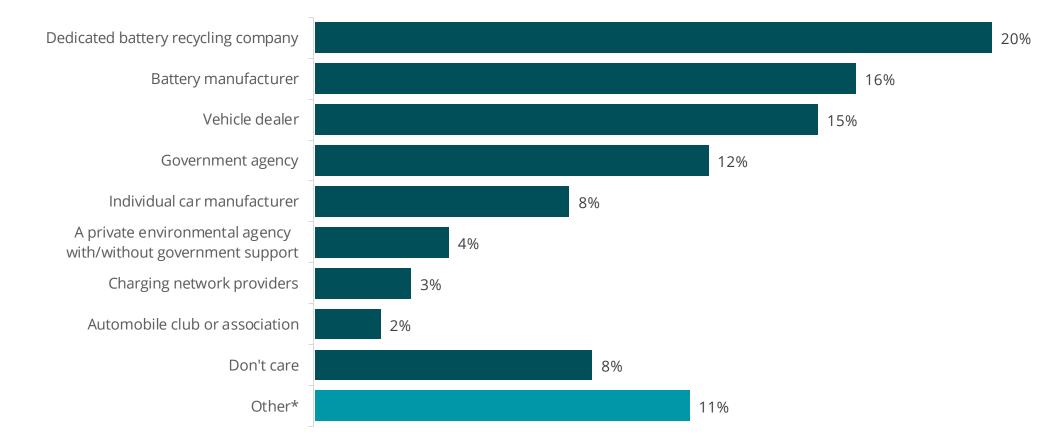
Sample size: n= 336 [EV intender], 367 [ICE intender]

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Surveyed consumers believe dedicated battery recyclers should be primarily responsible for collecting, storing, and recycling EV batteries after their useful lives, emphasizing the need for the development of a strong battery lifecycle management ecosystem before a critical mass of "end-of-life" batteries appears on the horizon.

Entity that should be responsible for collecting, storing, and recycling EV batteries after their useful lives (% of respondents)



*Other includes 'other' and 'don't know' responses.

Q47: Who do you think should be responsible for collecting, storing, and recycling electric vehicle batteries after their useful lives?

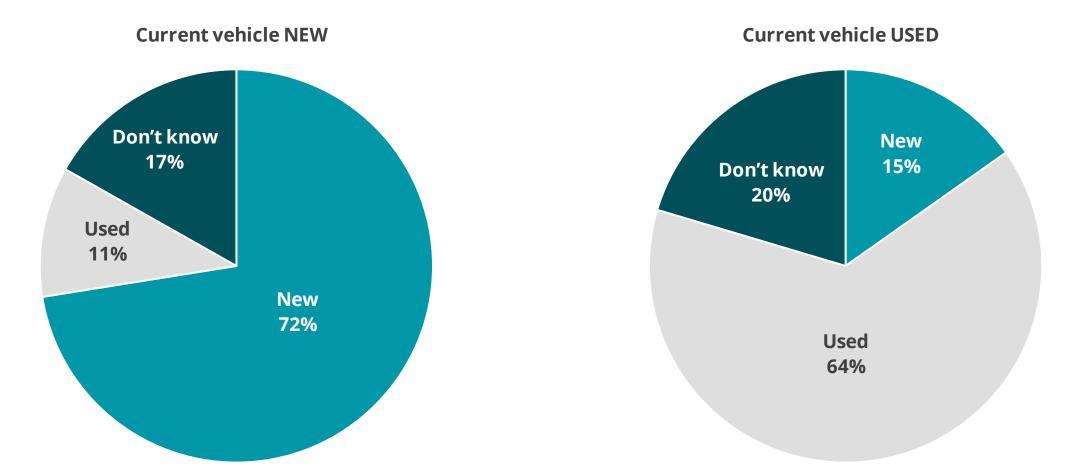
Sample size: n= 885

Future vehicle intentions



More than 70% of owners surveyed who acquired their current vehicle new intend to buy a new vehicle again while only 15% of people who acquired their vehicle used said the same.

Next vehicle type by current vehicle type

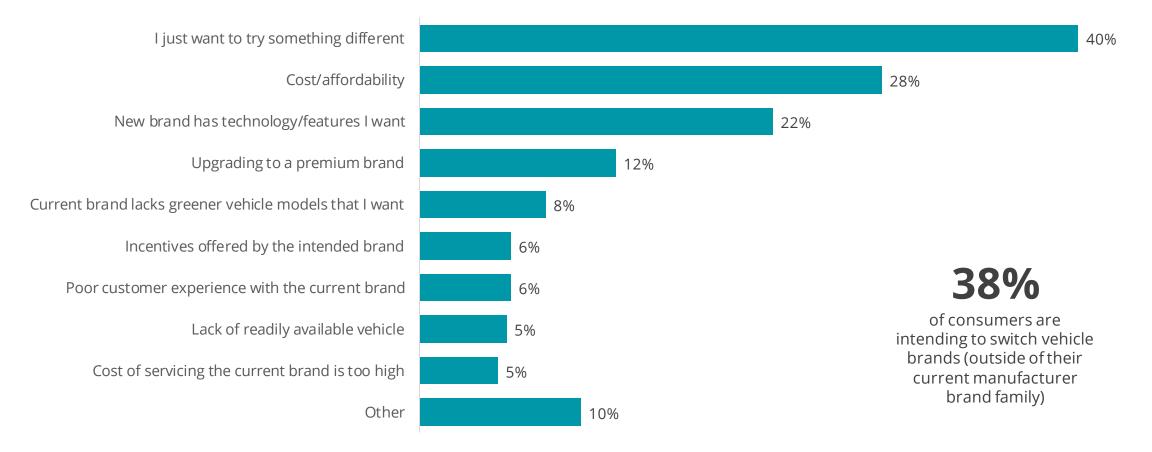


Q15. Will your next vehicle be new or used? Sample size: n= 476 [New], 309 [Used]

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Survey respondents indicated that trying something different is the most important reason for choosing a new brand of vehicle over the one they currently drive. Close to 4 in 10 vehicle owners intend to switch out of their vehicle brand family altogether.

Most important reasons for switching to another brand* of vehicle



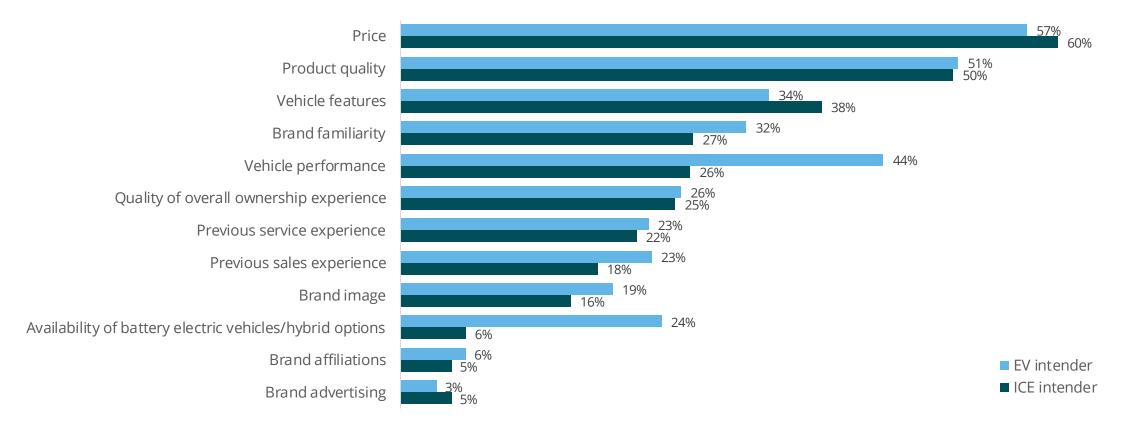
*includes switching to a different brand from the same parent or a different brand from a different sales parent; Sum of the percentages exceed 100% as respondents can select multiple options.

Q18. Why are you considering a switch to another vehicle brand? Please select all that apply.

Sample size: n= 376

Overall, price and product quality are the deciding factors for a consumer choosing either an EV or an ICE vehicle. In addition, vehicle performance characteristics are much more important for an EV buyer vs. an ICE intender.

Most important factors driving the choice of brand for your next vehicle (by type of engine in next vehicle)



Note: Sum of the percentages exceed 100% as respondents can select multiple options.

Q19. What are the most important factors driving the choice of brand for your next vehicle? (Please select all that apply).

Sample size: n= 367 [Gasoline/diesel vehicles], 336 [Electrified vehicles]

At the same time, nearly half of consumers believe it is important/very important for vehicle brands to show a strong commitment to sustainable practices such as the use of environmentally friendly materials and a low carbon manufacturing footprint.

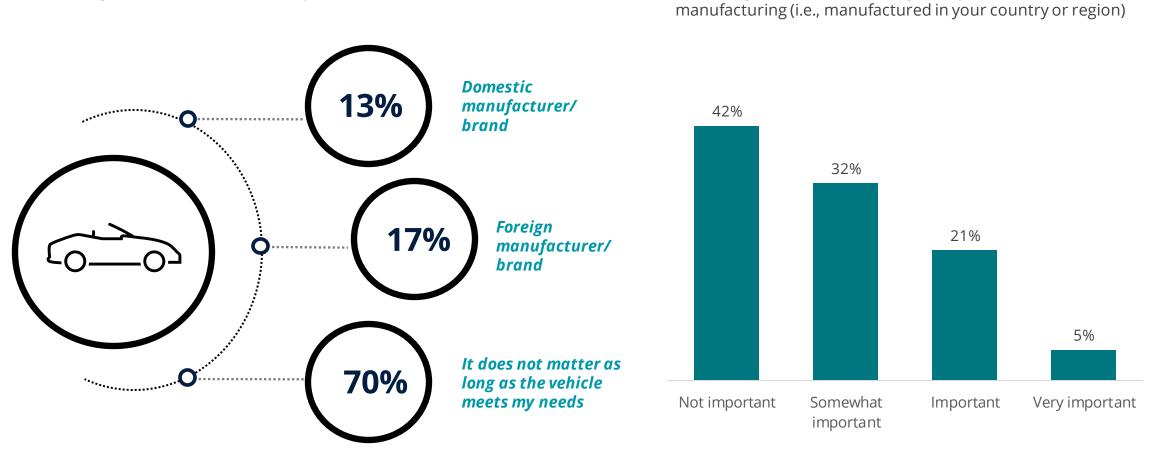
Percentage of consumers who would give importance to vehicle brands that have a strong commitment to sustainable practices



Q20: When thinking about choosing your next vehicle, how important will it be for a vehicle brand to have a strong commitment to sustainable practices (e.g., low carbon manufacturing footprint, use of environmentally friendly materials, electrification strategy)?

Sample size: n= 885

When it comes to consumer preference toward domestic and foreign brands, 7 in 10 consumers surveyed are content with either, as long as the vehicle meets their needs.



Preferred organizations for next vehicle purchase

Q45: From which of the following type of organizations are you most interested in acquiring your next vehicle?; Q21: To what extent is it important that your next vehicle be locally manufactured (i.e., manufactured in your country or region)?

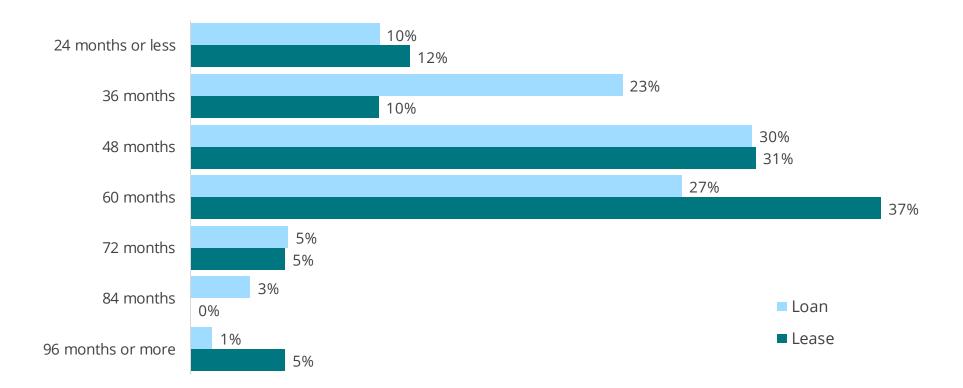
Sample size: n= 885 [Q45]; 885 [Q21]

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Percentage of consumers who give importance to local vehicle

Nearly half of the consumers plan to finance their next vehicle with either a loan or lease contract. However, expectations for preferred term durations may be out of sync with market realities as consumers opt for longer finance terms to keep monthly payments in check.

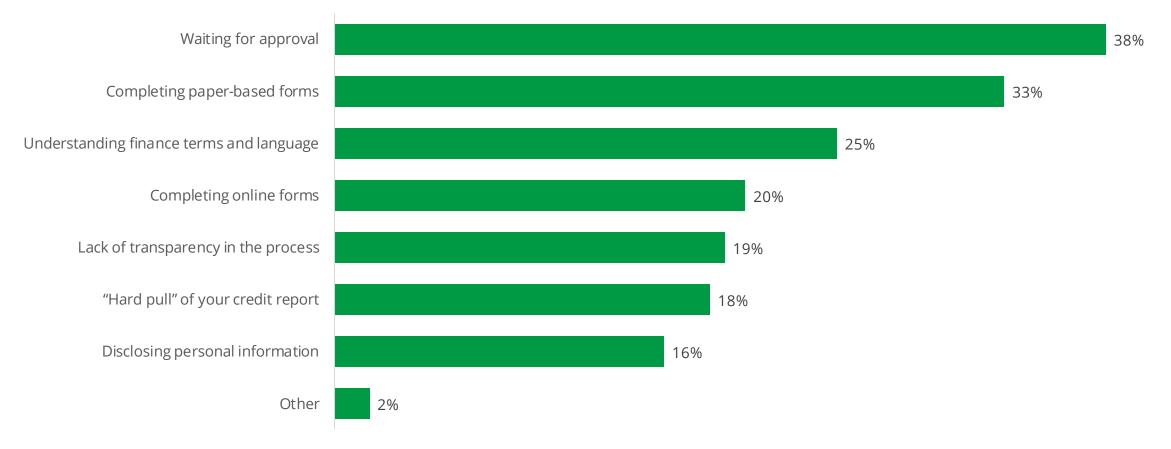
Preferred loan and lease duration



Q24. How do you intend to acquire your next vehicle?; Q25. What is your preferred loan duration (in months)?; Q26. What is your preferred lease duration (in months)?

Waiting for approval and completing paper-based forms are the most disliked parts of the financing process for survey respondents seeking a loan or lease.

Most disliked part(s) of the finance process



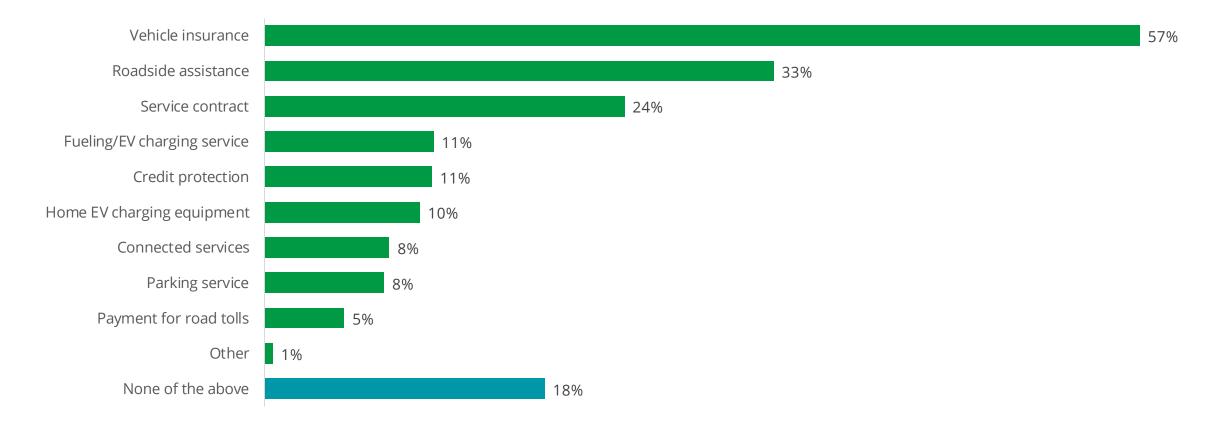
Note: Sum of the percentages exceed 100% as respondents can select multiple options.

Q27. What part(s) of the vehicle finance process do you dislike the most? Please select all that apply.

Sample size: n= 402

Vehicle insurance is the most commonly-cited additional service consumers plan to acquire with their next vehicle. Other services of interest include roadside assistance and vehicle service contracts.

Most important additional services that consumers plan to purchase, or subscribe to, when acquiring their next vehicle



Note: Sum of the percentages exceed 100% as respondents can select multiple options.

Q28: Which of the following additional services do you plan to purchase, or subscribe to, when acquiring your next vehicle? Please select all that apply.?

Sample size: n= 885

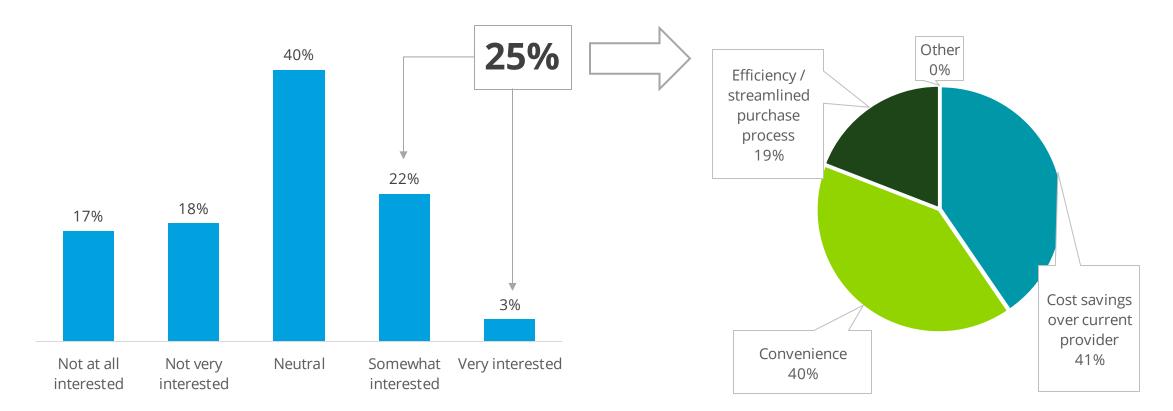
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OEMs are looking at every potential profit pool going forward, including bringing insurance products inhouse, signaling a potential disruption for the traditional value chain.

Percentage of consumers who would purchase insurance directly from the manufacturer

For those consumers who are interested in purchasing insurance directly from the manufacturer, primary benefits are..



Q52: The next time you acquire a vehicle, how interested would you be in purchasing insurance directly from the vehicle manufacturer?; Q53: What do you believe the primary benefit of buying insurance directly from the manufacturer to be?

Sample size: n= 885 [Q52]; 225 [Q53]





Consumers trust dealers and OEMs the most when it comes to managing collected vehicle data. At the same time, 3 out of 10 surveyed consumers said they do not trust anyone.

Vehicle dealer 24% Car manufacturer 17% Insurance company 14% Government agency 6% Cellular service provider 4% Automobile club or association 2% Cloud service provider 2% Financial service provider 2% Other 0.1% None of the above 29%

Consumer opinions on whom they trust the most to manage data generated/collected by their vehicle

Q51: In a scenario where you owned a connected vehicle, who would you trust most with access to the data your vehicle generates?

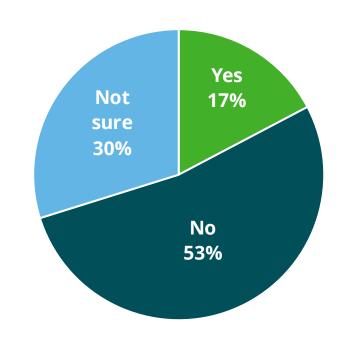
Sample size: n= 885

Having said that, consumers are ready to share their PII* if it helps them with updates related to traffic congestion, road safety, and vehicle maintenance. However, less than a fifth of consumers are willing to pay for these connected services.

Updates regarding traffic congestion and suggested 62% alternate routes Updates to improve road safety and prevent potential 60% collisions Maintenance updates and vehicle health reporting / 59% alerts Customized suggestions regarding ways to minimize 53% service expenses Maintenance cost forecasts based on your driving habits 53% Over-the-air vehicle software updates that correct 50% operational faults or improve your driving experience Suggestions regarding safer routes 49% Customized/optimized vehicle insurance plan 45% Access to nearby parking 45%

Interest in a connected vehicle even if it requires sharing PII* and/or vehicle data

Willingness to pay extra for connectivity features



*personally identifiable information.

Note: Sum of the percentages exceed 100% as respondents can select multiple options.

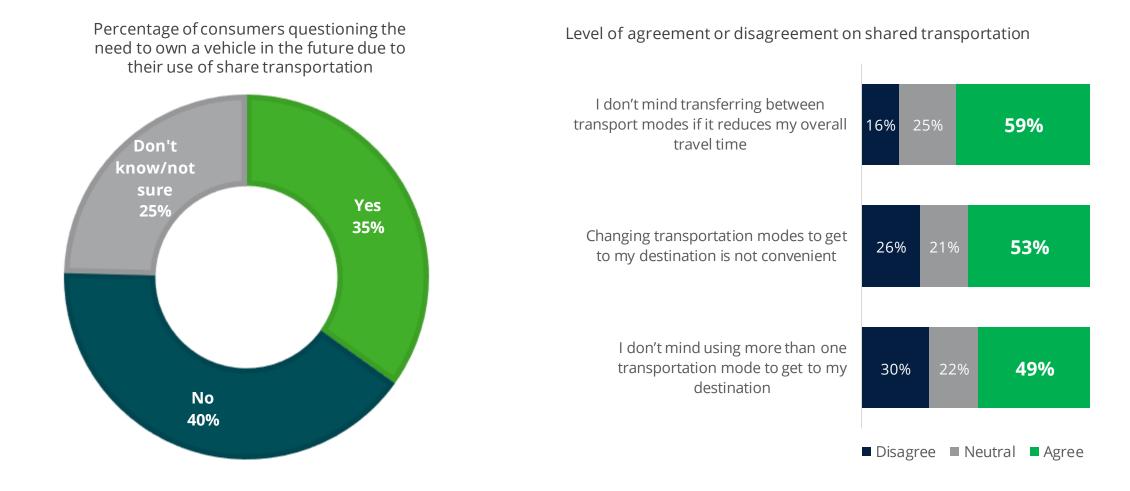
Q49: How interested are you in the following benefits of a connected vehicle if it meant sharing your own personally identifying data and/or vehicle/operational data with the manufacturer or a third party? Q50: Are you willing to pay extra for these features?

Sample size: n=885 [Q49]; 885 [Q50]

Shared mobility



More than one-third of consumers are questioning whether they need to own a vehicle going forward based on their use of shared transportation modes. More than half of consumers also indicated that while changing transportation modes is not convenient, they don't mind if it reduces their overall travel time.

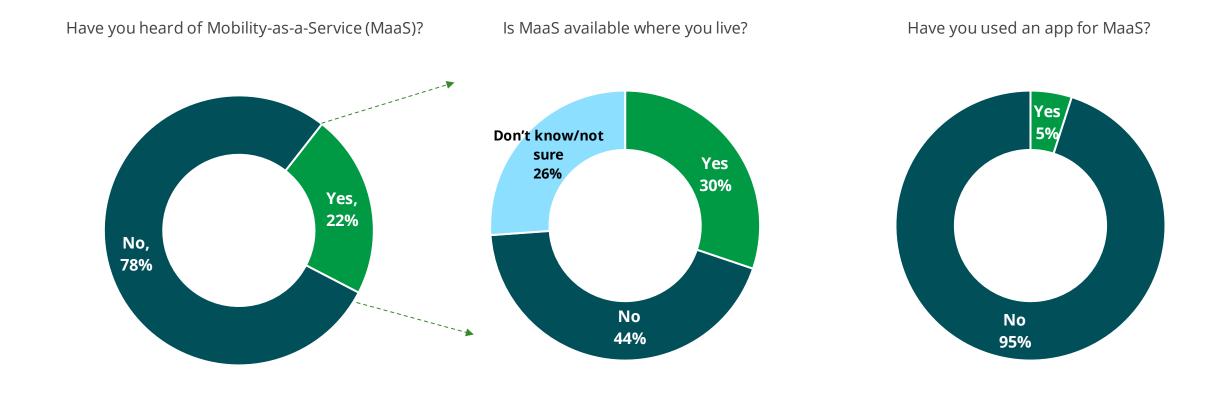


Q56: Does your use of shared transportation modes make you question whether you need to own a vehicle going forward? Q55: To what extent do you agree or disagree with the following statements?

Sample size: n= 553 [Q56]; 553 [Q55]

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Less than a quarter of consumers are aware of mobility-as-a-service (MaaS)*. Among them, only 30% said MaaS is available where they live and only 5% have used a MaaS app.



*MaaS is a smart mobility solution based on a smartphone that allows consumers to access and pay for various forms of shared transportation such as ride-hailing, car sharing, shared e-scooters, shared bicycles, and public transportation in one fully integrated mobility solution.

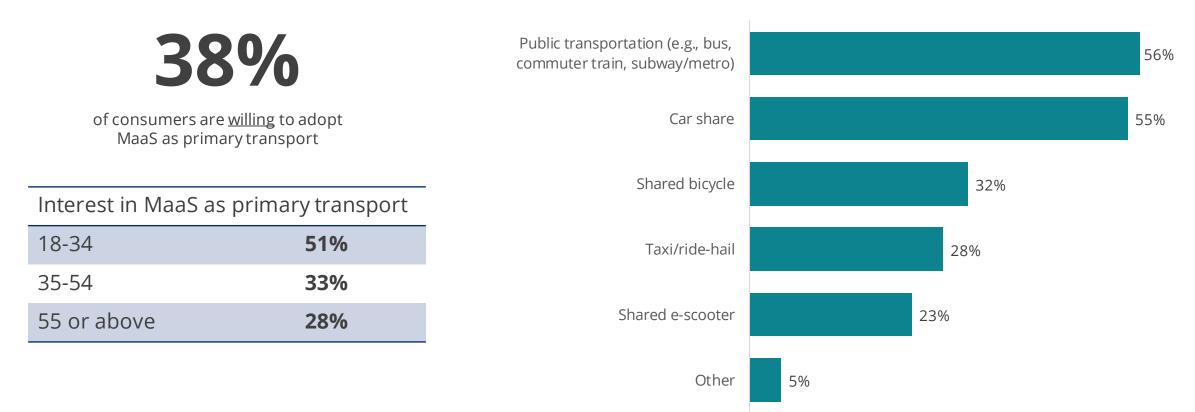
Q57: Have you heard about the concept of "mobility-as-a-service" (MaaS)?; Q58: Is this type of service available where you live?; Q59: Have you used this type of app?

Sample size: n=1,006 [Q57]; 222 [Q58]; 222 [Q59]

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However, among those people who are aware of MaaS, 4 in 10 (primarily driven by younger consumers) show a willingness to adopt it as their primary transportation mode going forward.

Shared transportation types to be included in MaaS



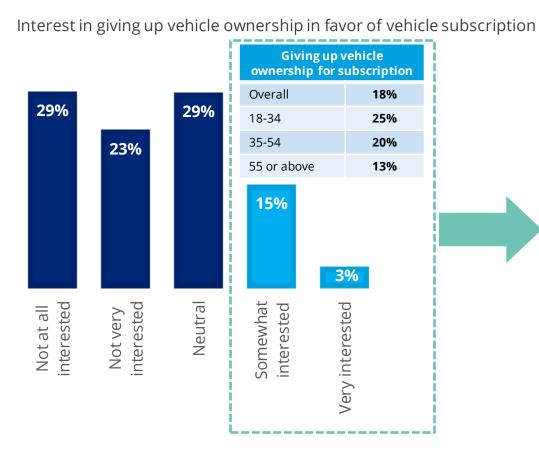
Q61: To what extent would you be willing to adopt a "mobility-as-a-service" solution as your primary form of transportation?; Q62: Which of the following shared transportation types are most important to include in a "mobility-as-a-service" app? Please select all that apply.

Sample size: n= 222 [Q61, Overall]; 85 [Q61, 18-34], 76 [Q61, 35-54], 61 [Q61, 55 or above]; 222 [Q62]

Vehicle subscriptions



Nearly 1 in 5 consumers are interested in giving up vehicle ownership in favor of a subscription service, driven largely by younger consumers. Cost control, convenience, and flexibility are the most important characteristics of a vehicle subscription service.



Important characteristics of a vehicle subscription	Overall	18-34	35-54	55 or above
Convenience	42%	27%	45%	56%
Full cost control due to transparent and predictable fixed monthly fees	42%	33%	42%	51%
Availability of vehicles	36%	29%	36%	45%
Increased flexibility	32%	32%	28%	38%
Selection of brand new as well as certified pre-owned vehicles (for a comparable lower monthly rate)	26%	21%	27%	33%
Home delivery services	25%	17%	22%	38%
Hassle-free online contract closing/ full digital customer experience	23%	24%	16%	31%
Possibility to exchange vehicles	22%	15%	20%	33%
Possibility to test new vehicles for a certain period without additional costs	21%	21%	19%	24%
Possibility to subscribe to a specific model instead of a vehicle segment	20%	24%	19%	16%
Possibility to subscribe to a vehicle segment (e.g., SUVs) instead of a specific model	17%	24%	17%	7%
Premium vehicles/brands offered	17%	18%	13%	20%
Selection of only brand new vehicles (for a comparable higher monthly rate)	16%	23%	9%	16%
Availability of complementary premium services	14%	14%	13%	16%

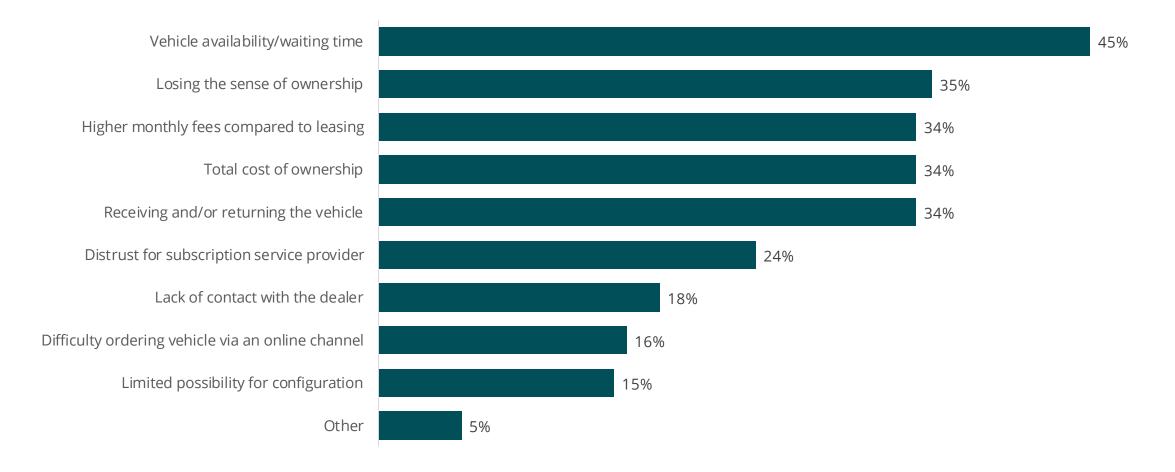
Top three characteristics

Q63: To what extent are you interested in giving up vehicle ownership in favor of subscribing to the use of a vehicle going forward? Q64: What are the most important characteristics of a vehicle subscription? Please select all that apply.

Sample size: n=1,006 [Q63, overall], 262 [Q63, 18-34], 325 [Q63, 35-54], 419 [Q63, 55 or above]; 185 [Q64, overall]; 66 [Q64, 18-34], 64 [Q64, 35-54], 55 [Q64, 55 or above]

On the other hand, vehicle availability, missing the sense of ownership, and the expectation of higher fees are among the main concerns consumers have regarding vehicle subscription services.

Main concerns regarding vehicle subscription services



Q65: What are your main concerns regarding vehicle subscription services? Please select all that apply.

Sample size: n=1,006

Vehicle subscription services focused on affordability may have room to grow in the market as more than three quarters of consumers expect to pay less than €400 a month for their next vehicle.

Consumer expectation regarding monthly vehicle payment (by age group)

Monthly vehicle payment/subscription	Overall	18-34	35-54	55 or above
Less than €200	47%	35%	43%	58%
€200 to less than €400	30%	33%	30%	29%
€400 to less than €600	15%	18%	18%	11%
€600 to less than €800	5%	11%	5%	1%
€800 to less than €1,000	2%	2%	3%	0%
€1,000 or more	0%	1%	0%	0%

Q30 How much do you intend to spend on a monthly vehicle payment/subscription (including all bundled products)?

Sample size: n= 885 [Overall]; 244 [18-34], 287 [35-54], 354 [55 or above]





About the study

Survey timing

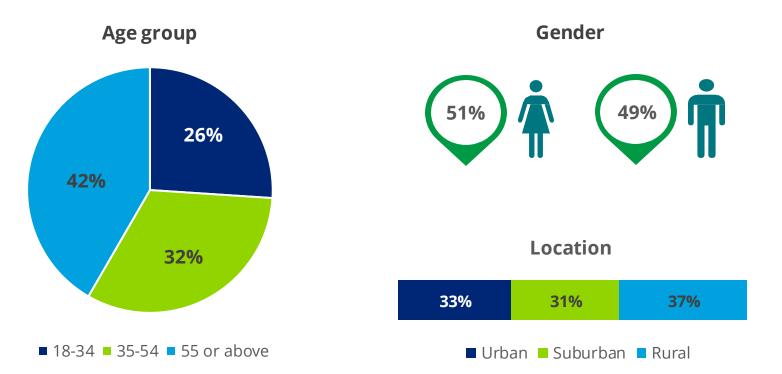
October 12 to October 18, 2023

Sample

The survey polled a sample of 1,006 consumers in Belgium. The survey has a margin of error for the entire sample of +/- 3.1%

Methodology

The study is fielded using an online panel methodology where consumers of driving age are invited to complete the questionnaire via email.





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