



DENMARK

2018 Social Progress Index
GDP PPP per capita

SCORE/
VALUE 89.96/100
\$45,991

RANK 4/146
12/146

STRENGTH/
WEAKNESS



	SCORE/ VALUE	RANK	STRENGTH/ WEAKNESS		SCORE/ VALUE	RANK	STRENGTH/ WEAKNESS		SCORE/ VALUE	RANK	STRENGTH/ WEAKNESS
Basic Human Needs	96.17	9	●	Foundations of Wellbeing	92.06	5	●	Opportunity	81.64	2	●
Nutrition and Basic Medical Care	98.72	16	●	Access to Basic Knowledge	98.01	9	●	Personal Rights	97.72	2	●
Undernourishment (% of pop.)	2.50	1	●	Adult literacy rate ² (% of pop. aged 15+)			●	Political rights (0=no rights; 40=full rights)	40.00	1	●
Maternal mortality rate (deaths/100,000 live births)	4.03	7	●	Primary school enrollment (% of children)	99.99	2	●	Freedom of expression (0=no freedom; 1=full freedom)	0.98	1	●
Child mortality rate (deaths/1,000 live births)	4.40	29	●	Secondary school enrollment ² (% of children)	129.12	1	●	Freedom of religion (0=no freedom; 4=full freedom)	3.86	15	●
Child stunting (% of children)	1.11	5	●	Gender parity in secondary enrollment ³ (girls/boys)	1.03	54	●	Access to justice (0=non-existent; 1=observed)	0.99	2	●
Deaths from infectious diseases (deaths/100,000)	25.62	42	●	Access to quality education (0=unequal; 4=equal)	3.75	10	●	Property rights for women (0=no right; 5=full rights)	4.80	19	●
Water and Sanitation	99.91	7	●	Access to Information and Communications	94.57	7	●	Personal Freedom and Choice	91.35	1	●
Access to at least basic drinking water (% of pop.)	100.00	1	●	Mobile telephone subscriptions ² (subscriptions/100 people)	122.29	1	●	Vulnerable employment (% of employees)	5.60	6	●
Access to piped water (% of pop.)	100.00	1	●	Internet users (% of pop.)	96.97	4	●	Early marriage (% of women)	0.00	1	●
Access to at least basic sanitation facilities (% of pop.)	99.60	17	●	Participation in online governance (0=low; 1=high)	0.81	22	●	Satisfied demand for contraception (% of women)	83.70	23	●
Rural open defecation (% of pop.)	0.00	1	●	Access to independent media (% of pop.)	98.75	7	●	Corruption (0=high; 100=low)	88.00	2	○
Shelter	98.85	4	●	Health and Wellness	82.38	20	○	Inclusiveness	80.69	5	●
Access to electricity (% of pop.)	100.00	1	●	Life expectancy at 60 (years)	23.51	33	●	Acceptance of gays and lesbians (0=low; 100=high)	80.35	10	●
Quality of electricity supply (1=low; 7=high)	6.79	4	●	Premature deaths from non-communicable diseases (deaths/100,000)	235.48	30	●	Discrimination and violence against minorities (0=low; 10=high)	4.40	36	●
Household air pollution attributable deaths (deaths/100,000)	0.22	12	●	Access to essential health services (0=none; 100=full coverage)	79.90	19	●	Equality of political power by gender (0=unequal power; 4=equal power)	3.28	4	○
Personal Safety	87.23	13	●	Access to quality healthcare (0=unequal; 4=equal)	3.59	19	●	Equality of political power by socioeconomic position (0=unequal power; 4=equal power)	3.55	2	●
Homicide rate ¹ (deaths/100,000)	0.99	28	●	Environmental Quality	93.29	4	●	Equality of political power by social group (0=unequal power; 4=equal power)	3.42	12	●
Political killings and torture (0=low freedom; 1=high freedom)	0.97	7	●	Outdoor air pollution attributable deaths (deaths/100,000)	17.18	16	●	Access to Advanced Education	56.82	21	●
Perceived criminality (1=low; 5=high)	2.00	8	●	Wastewater treatment (0=no treatment; 100=fully treated)	98.45	13	●	Years of tertiary schooling	0.95	25	●
Traffic deaths (deaths/100,000)	4.67	8	●	Greenhouse gas emissions ² (CO2 equivalents per GDP)	191.71	7	●	Women's average years in school	15.13	5	●
				Biome protection (% of biomes)	17.00	1	●	Globally ranked universities ¹ (points)	13.00	32	●
								Percent of tertiary students enrolled in globally ranked universities	40.00	19	●

Notes

- 1. Homicide rate and globally ranked universities are log-transformed for calculation.
- 2. The following indicators are capped for calculation: Adult literacy rate (99), secondary school enrollment (100), mobile telephone subscriptions (100), and greenhouse gas emissions (1,955.52).
- 3. Gender parity in secondary enrollment is transformed to reflect the absolute distance from 1 for calculation.

Strengths and weaknesses

Overperforming and underperforming are relative to 15 countries of similar GDP per capita: Sweden, Netherlands, Austria, Germany, Australia, Iceland, Canada, Belgium, Saudi Arabia, Oman, Finland, United Kingdom, United States, Japan, France

- Underperforming by 1 or more pts.
- Underperforming by less than 1 pt.
- No data available

- Overperforming by 1 or more pts.
- Overperforming by less than 1 pt.
- Performing within the expected range

SOCIAL
PROGRESS
IMPERATIVE

www.socialprogressindex.com