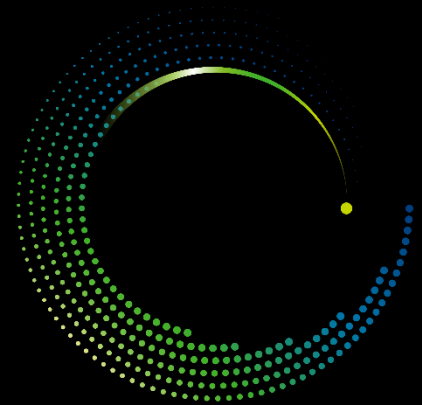


International Tax Bahrain Highlights 2023

Updated February 2023



Recent developments

For the latest tax developments relating to Bahrain, see [Deloitte tax@hand](#).

Investment basics

Currency: Bahraini Dinar (BHD)

Foreign exchange control: There is no foreign exchange control.

Accounting principles/financial statements: IFRS. Financial statements must be filed annually.

Principal business entities: These are the limited liability company (WLL) and single person company (SPC). Other legal forms include a branch of a foreign company, partnership, “simple commandite” company, and holding company.

Corporate taxation

Residence: Residence is not defined. A company engaged in oil, gas, or petroleum activities in Bahrain is subject to tax, regardless of where the company is incorporated.

Basis: Tax is imposed only on the taxable income of oil, gas, and petroleum companies engaged in exploration, extraction, production, and refining activities in Bahrain.

Taxable income: Oil, gas, and petroleum companies are assessed tax on their net profits from taxable activities in Bahrain, calculated as business income less business expenses.

Rate: The tax rate is 46% on taxable income.

Surtax: There is no surtax.

Alternative minimum tax: There is no alternative minimum tax.

Taxation of dividends: There is no tax on dividends.

Capital gains: There is no tax on capital gains.

Losses: Losses may be carried forward indefinitely. The carryback of losses is not permitted.

Foreign tax relief: There is no foreign tax relief.

Participation exemption: There is no participation exemption.

Holding company regime: There is no holding company regime.

Incentives: There are no tax incentives.

Compliance for corporations

Tax year: The tax year is the calendar year or the year specified in the company's articles of association.

Consolidated returns: Companies may not file consolidated returns.

Filing and payment: Oil, gas, and petroleum companies are required to file an estimated income tax return on or before the 15th day of the third month of the tax year. Tax must be paid in 12 equal installments, with the first installment payable on the 15th day of the fourth month of the tax year.

Penalties: A penalty of 1% of the tax liability is due for each 30 days that the return or payment of tax is outstanding.

Rulings: Rulings may not be requested.

Individual taxation

There is no individual income tax.

Withholding tax

There are no withholding taxes.

Anti-avoidance rules

Transfer pricing: There is no transfer pricing legislation. However, related party transactions should be made at arm's length to mitigate any risk of transfer pricing issues arising in the reciprocal jurisdiction.

Country-by-country reporting: There are country-by country (CbC) reporting rules.

Interest deduction limitations: There are no interest deduction limitation rules.

Controlled foreign companies: There are no controlled foreign company rules.

Hybrids: There are no anti-hybrid rules.

Economic substance requirements: Economic substance rules in Bahrain align with those issued by other jurisdictions with a similar tax environment, i.e., "no or only nominal tax jurisdictions." The Bahraini legislation is based on the three common key pillars that a resident entity (a local company or branch of a foreign company) undertaking a relevant activity must satisfy to demonstrate economic substance (i.e., the company should be directed and managed from Bahrain, "core income generating activities" (CIGA) should be undertaken in Bahrain, and the company should have an adequate number of qualified employees, office space, and annual expenditures in Bahrain).

Companies are subject to compliance obligations, including the filing of annual notifications and returns. Noncompliance of any of the legislative provisions may lead to monetary penalties as well as suspension from the commercial register.

Disclosure requirements: There are no disclosure requirements.

Exit tax: There is no exit tax.

General anti-avoidance rule: There is no general anti-avoidance rule.

Value added tax

Rates	
Standard rate	10%
Reduced rate	0%

Taxable transactions: VAT applies to supplies of goods and services.

Rates: The standard rate is 10%. A transitional provision applied a 5% VAT rate until 31 December 2022 on certain goods and services. The standard rate is applied to most goods and services.

Certain goods and services are zero rated, including exports of goods, healthcare services, medicines/medical goods, construction services, and supplies of educational services. A limited number of supplies are VAT exempt, including supplies of real estate and financial services.

Registration: Businesses with an annual VAT taxable turnover exceeding or expected to exceed BHD 37,500 must register for VAT within 30 days of the date when the threshold is exceeded or expected to be exceeded. Taxable persons may voluntarily register for VAT if the annual VAT taxable turnover and/or annual expenses subject to VAT in Bahrain exceeds or is expected to exceed BHD 18,750.

Nonresident businesses supplying goods or services in Bahrain to non-VAT registered customers must register for VAT within 30 days from the date of the first taxable supply regardless of the value of the goods or services supplied (i.e., there is no minimum threshold before registration is required).

Filing and payment: Tax returns must be submitted using the National Bureau for Revenue's (NBR) online portal. The submission and payments are due by the last day of the month following the end of the tax period. Payments may be made through the eGovernment National Portal (www.bahrain.bh) using debit or credit cards, or through Fawateer payment services available at bank branches or using e-banking or the BenefitPay application.

Taxable persons with annual VAT taxable turnover exceeding BHD 3 million must file monthly tax returns; all other taxable persons must file quarterly tax returns. Taxable persons that are residents of Bahrain with less than BHD 100,000 in annual VAT taxable turnover may request to file annually.

Other taxes on corporations and individuals

Unless otherwise stated, the taxes in this section apply to both companies and individuals.

Social security contributions: For Bahraini nationals, the employer's social insurance contribution is 15% and the employee's contribution is 8%, which covers old age, disability, death, and unemployment. The employer's share will increase by one percentage point each year between 2024 and 2028, bringing the total percentage of the employer's share to 20% in 2028.

For expatriate employees, the employer's social insurance contribution is 3%, which covers employment injuries. Expatriate employees contribute 1%, which covers unemployment. The maximum monthly earnings subject to contributions are capped at BHD 4,000. The employer remits social security contributions (both employer and employee

portions) on a monthly basis. Penalties ranging from BHD 100 to BHD 500 apply for failure to provide income information and corresponding contributions, which may be doubled for repeated failures.

Upon the termination of their contract, expatriate workers are entitled to a payment equivalent to one half of one month's wages for each year of service for the first three years and to one month's wages for each subsequent year, prorated for part years.

Payroll tax: There is no payroll tax.

Capital duty: There is no capital duty.

Real property tax: There is no real property tax.

Transfer tax: There is no transfer tax.

Stamp duty: Stamp duty is levied on transfers and/or registration of real estate at a rate of 2% of the property value. The rate is discounted to 1.7% if the duty is paid within 60 days following the transaction date.

Net wealth/worth tax: There is no net wealth tax or net worth tax.

Inheritance/estate tax: There is no inheritance tax or estate tax.

Other

Levy on hotels and restaurants

A 10% levy is imposed on the gross turnover of hotels and first-grade restaurants. Typically, the charge is passed on by hotels and restaurants to customers via their bills.

Municipality tax

A 10% municipality tax is levied on the rental of commercial property and residential property occupied by expatriates.

Excise tax

Excise tax of 100% applies to tobacco products and energy drinks and 50% to soft drinks.

Tax treaties: Bahrain has concluded approximately 40 tax treaties. The Multilateral Convention to Implement Tax Treaty Related Measures to Prevent Base Erosion and Profit Shifting (MLI) entered into force for Bahrain on 1 June 2022.

Tax authorities: Ministry of Finance and National Bureau for Revenue

Contact us:

Michael Camburn

Email: mcamburn@deloitte.com

Maxim Chaplygin

Email: mchaplygin@deloitte.com

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