# Deloitte.



Tech industry: Emerging business models and tax landscape in India

# **Recent developments**

#### Recent developments

#### **Regulatory reforms and tax interplay**

- Intermediary Guidelines and Digital Media Ethics Code Rules;
- Draft Personal Data Protection Bill;
- Reserve Bank of India directive on storage of payment system data; and
- Consumer Protection (E-Commerce) Rules



#### New evolving tax rules

- Equalisation Levy Expanded Scope
- Thresholds for Significant Economic Presence
- G20/OECD: Pillar One & Pillar Two
- Heightened scrutiny expected under GST



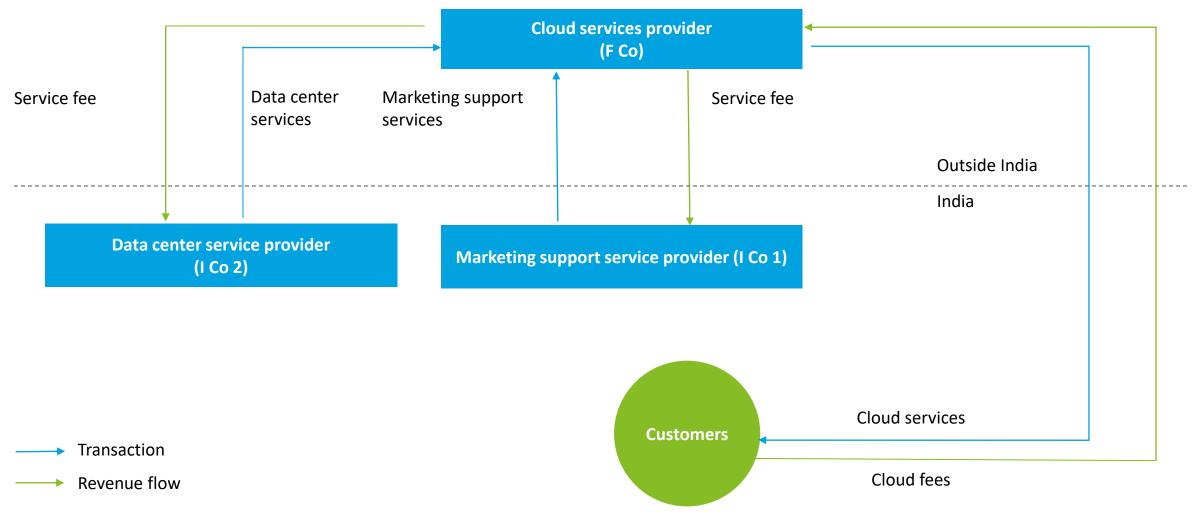
#### **Reducing tax controversy**

- Indirect Transfers removal of retrospectivity
- Software sale not royalty under tax treaties
- Faceless Assessments
- Scope of "intermediary services" clarified – positive for IT/ ITeS exports
- Clarification issued for services provided by subsidiaries to overseas affiliates to be treated as exports



## **Case studies**

## Case study 1 – Cloud services



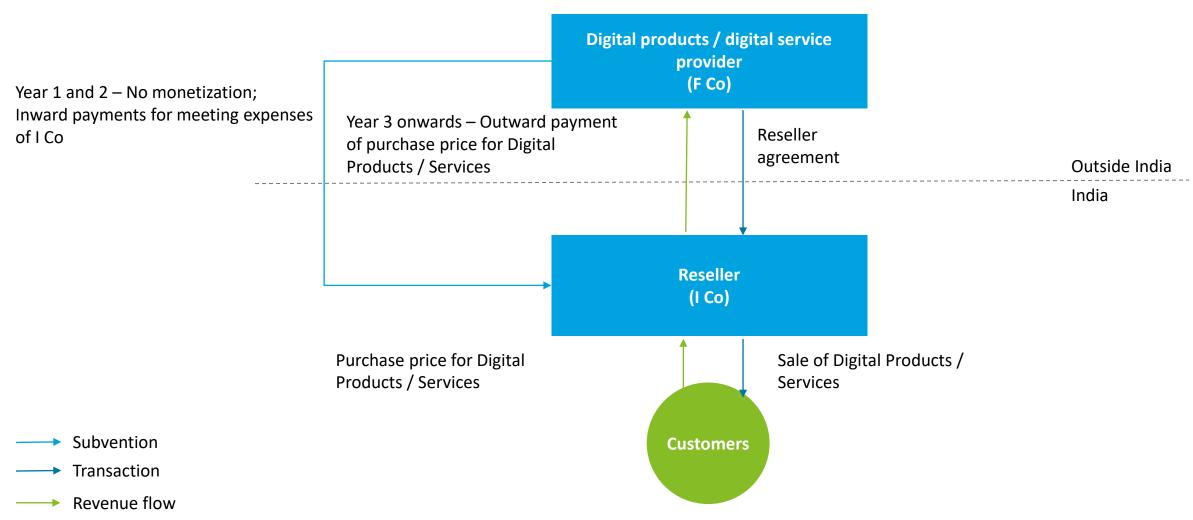
### Case study 1 – Cloud services

#### Potential India tax considerations

- Cloud income characterization for F Co: Business income / Royalty / FTS / EL
- Taxable presence exposure in India for F Co (income tax as well as GST)
  - Marketing support activities (I Co 1) structuring of functions and protocols
  - Data centre usage (I Co 2) structuring of control rights
- Remuneration model and choice of comparables for I Co 1
  - Marketing support services provider (cost plus) v/s. commission agent (commission on sales)
- Treatment of FoC items and any third party sub-contracting costs of I Co 1 or I Co 2
- Impact of OIDAR/ ESS treatment for inbound services and related compliances / risk
- Characterization of data centre revenues / marketing support services revenue as exports



## Case study 2 – Digital products / Digital services



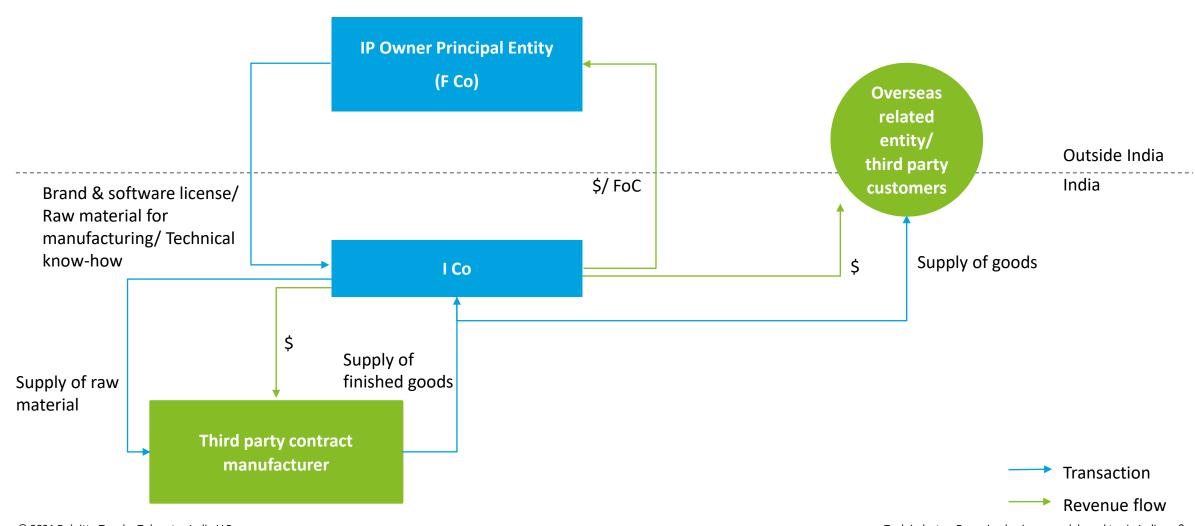
## Case study 2 – Digital products / Digital services

#### Potential India tax considerations

- Income characterization for F Co: Business income / Royalty / FTS / EL
- Taxable presence exposure in India for F Co on account of activities of I Co as limited risk reseller
- What is resold? P to P arrangement? Substance in I Co and structuring of functions and risks
- Entity characterization and remuneration model for the reseller from TP perspective
- TP and tax deductibility considerations of AMP expenses
- Brand / IP provisioning taxability for FoC transactions



## Case study 3 – Manufacturing landscape in India



© 2021 Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu India LLP.

### Case study 3 – Manufacturing landscape in India

Potential India tax considerations

#### Import / purchase

- Customs valuation and related party assessments
- Classification and documentation for movement
- Availment and fulfillment of import incentive conditions
- Deemed international transaction implications for purchases from third-party contract manufacturer

#### Manufacturing and export/ sale of goods:

- Evaluation of manufacturing promotion schemes (Central and State Government incentives/schemes)
- Export promotion schemes
- Internal v/s. External price benchmarking for exports to related parties



## Glossary

- F Co Foreign Company
- I Co Indian Company
- AMP Advertisement, Marketing, and Promotion spend
- FoC Free of Cost
- FTS Fee for Technical Services
- EL Equalization Levy
- GST Goods and Services Tax
- OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
- ESS Electronically supplier services
- IT/ITeS Information Technology/Information Technology enabled Services
- OIDAR Online Information Data Base Access and Retrieval
- S/w Software
- IP Intellectual Property



## Deloitte.

Deloitte refers to one or more of Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Limited, a UK private company limited by guarantee ("DTTL"), its network of member firms, and their related entities. DTTL and each of its member firms are legally separate and independent entities. DTTL (also referred to as "Deloitte Global") does not provide services to clients. Please see www.deloitte.com/about for a more detailed description of DTTL and its member firms.

This material is prepared by Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu India LLP (DTTILLP). This material (including any information contained in it) is intended to provide general information on a particular subject(s) and is not an exhaustive treatment of such subject(s) or a substitute to obtaining professional services or advice. This material may contain information sourced from publicly available information or other third party sources. DTTILLP does not independently verify any such sources and is not responsible for any loss whatsoever caused due to reliance placed on information sourced from such sources. None of DTTILLP, Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Limited, its member firms, or their related entities (collectively, the "Deloitte Network") is, by means of this material, rendering any kind of investment, legal or other professional advice or services. You should seek specific advice of the relevant professional(s) for these kind of services. This material or information is not intended to be relied upon as the sole basis for any decision which may affect you or your business. Before making any decision or taking any action that might affect your personal finances or business, you should consult a qualified professional adviser.

No entity in the Deloitte Network shall be responsible for any loss whatsoever sustained by any person or entity by reason of access to, use of or reliance on, this material. By using this material or any information contained in it, the user accepts this entire notice and terms of use.

© 2021 Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu India LLP. Member of Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Limited