Deloitte. Legal



COVID-19 and State aid

Key points of attention

Due to COVID-19, many companies are facing unprecedented liquidity challenges, and are continuously looking for solutions to that problem. All governments (national and regional) are announcing or have taken important support packages to help companies weather these financial consequences. In the European Union, and in the European Economic Area, many State aid measures are subject to European Commission or EFTA Surveillance Authority review and approval.

If your company receives non-approved State aid, the received amount, increased with a recovery interest rate, must be refunded. How can you avoid this unpleasant surprise?



How to avoid illegal State aid

The European Commission is working in close cooperation with Member States to make sure that the necessary company support measures can be put in place. However, the Commission stresses that State aid rules must be respected to ensure a level playing field in the European Union.

No illegal State aid will be tolerated.

- Can I accept payment deferrals for taxes, social contributions, etc.?
- Can I accept or apply for government guarantees for loans?
- Can I accept interest subsidies for loans?
- Can I accept direct government grants or subsidies?
- Are there any strings attached to the gifts I am receiving from the government?



Suggested approach:

- when considering using a government scheme; accepting direct grants, tax breaks, loans, subsidies, grants, etc.; or asking for them...
- Check on compliance with State aid law. This check can often be performed quickly, and with 100% certainty.
- In case of doubt, engage in a discussion with the government entity awarding the aid, and agree on a notification to the European Commission, if needed.



Typical government measures in the wake of COVID-19 – State aid check

The European Commission has issued a Communication on 13 March 2020, and adopted a Temporary Framework on 19 March 2020, which already gives good guidance.



Are tax or social contribution payment deferrals illegal State aid?

- Measures that are applied to all companies are not State aid
- Payment deferrals open for all companies are not State aid
- Confirmed in the Commission Communication of 13 March 2020
- Be careful with deferrals for just one or a limited number of sectors or companies—a State aid compliance scan should be made.

Are government guarantees or loans illegal State aid?

- Carry out a quick State aid compliance scan; if it is part of a scheme that was approved by the European Commission, then this is perfectly legal State aid.
- Carry out an in-depth State aid compliance scan; if it deviates from an approved scheme or has not been approved by the European Commission. Be prepared to notify the measure to the European Commission for approval.

Can I receive direct government funding to cover my liquidity needs?

- For any direct funding, carry out a State aid compliance scan
- If the direct funding is part of a scheme approved by the European Commission, then this is perfectly legal State aid.
- If the direct funding is made only to your company or a limited number of companies or sectors, carry out an indepth State aid compliance scan, and be prepared to go through a notification with the European Commission.

Even in times of crisis, as a company you need to check whether the government support that is given is not illegal State aid. This will often involve a brief compliance check, but at least you will have a 100% certainty that your company can keep the support.

Contact:



Hendrik Viaene
Global Leader Centre of Expertise
Competition and Regulatory Law
+32 2 800 70 42
hviaene@deloitte.com



Emilio Cucchiara
Head of Antitrust - Italy
+39 02 833 24147
ecucchiara@deloitte.it

Deloitte refers to one or more of Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Limited ("DTIL"), its global network of member firms, and their related entities (collectively, the "Deloitte organization"). DTIL (also referred to as "Deloitte Global") and each of its member firms and related entities are legally separate and independent entities, which cannot obligate or bind each other in respect of third parties. DTIL and each DTIL member firm and related entity is liable only for its own acts and omissions, and not those of each other. DTIL does not provide services to clients. Please see www.deloitte.com/about to learn more.

Deloitte Legal — Lawyers cvba is a Deloitte Legal practice in Belgium. Deloitte Legal means the legal practices of DTTL member firms, their affiliates or their related entities that provide legal services. The exact nature of these relationships and provision of legal services differs by jurisdiction, to allow compliance with local laws and professional regulations. Each Deloitte Legal practice is legally separate and independent, and cannot obligate any other Deloitte Legal practice. Each Deloitte Legal practice is liable only for its own acts and omissions, and not those of other Deloitte Legal practices. For legal, regulatory and other reasons, not all member firms, their affiliates or their related entities provide legal services or are associated with Deloitte Legal practices.

Deloitte is a leading global provider of audit and assurance, consulting, financial advisory, risk advisory, tax and related services. Our global network of member firms and related entities in more than 150 countries and territories (collectively, the "Deloitte organization") serves four out of five Fortune Global 500° companies. Learn how Deloitte's approximately 312,000 people make an impact that matters at www.deloitte.com.

This communication contains general information only, and none of Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Limited ("DTIL"), its global network of member firms or their related entities (collectively, the "Deloitte organization") is, by means of this communication, rendering professional advice or services. Before making any decision or taking any action that may affect your finances or your business, you should consult a qualified professional adviser.

No representations, warranties or undertakings (express or implied) are given as to the accuracy or completeness of the information in this communication, and none of DTIL, its member firms, related entities, employees or agents shall be liable or responsible for any loss or damage whatsoever arising directly or indirectly in connection with any person relying on this communication. DTIL and each of its member firms, and their related entities, are legally separate and independent entities.