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News Release
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Start Practical Experiment of KYC advanced platform utilizing blockchain technology by the Blockchain Study Group

TOKYO, JAPAN, 21 July, 2017 — The Blockchain Study Group, conducted by Deloitte Tohmatsu Group, Mizuho Financial Group, Inc., Sumitomo Mitsui Financial Group, Inc. and Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group, Inc., has decided to launch another practical experiment on blockchain technology from July 2017 called "KYC(Know Your Customer) advanced platform", following its previous experiment of "Domestic Interbank Payment Operation" reported in November 2016.

KYC operation, as part of Anti-Money Laundering (AML), CFT (Combating the Financing of Terrorism) and Counterfeiting of Economic Sanctions, has been subjected to increased regulatory pressure globally. Japan follows the same trend, which likely to result in increased administrative processing for financial institutions. Therefore, financial institutions are facing the need to promote efficiency and enhancement of KYC through developing an infrastructure commonly available.

In view of this background, the Study Group has decided to cover "KYC advanced platform" as the new topic, utilizing the blockchain features of "resistance to alteration" and "high availability" in order to increase the efficiency of KYC administrative processing. The Study Group plans to create a prototype of the KYC system with blockchain technology and define the specifications. For effect evaluation, it will evaluate the usability of the new system from multiple perspectives such as the satisfiability of requirements (function feasibility, performance, security etc.) and cost reduction effect.

The practical experiment assumes the current KYC administrative processing performed by each financial institution to be collectively performed by a newly established joint operation agency (consortium). In addition, it is also considering of utilizing the confirmation results performed by other financial institutions under the participant institution's discretion in order to simplify the scheme of KYC and related administrative processing. The details of the scheme are as follows:

- 1. Before a customer carries out a specific transaction*1, the customer is to register and apply the necessary personal identification information from the consortium's Web registration form.
- 2. Consortium conducts screening process with sanction lists and others. If it is not applicable, N/A (Screening Information) would be recorded on the blockchain.
- 3. When the customer requests for a specific transaction, the consortium delivers the customer identification information and Screening Information to financial institution A

under the customer's approval*2. The financial institution A performs the customer's KYC, and determine whether the transaction should be processed or not, based on the information above (in the case errors are found on the blockchain record, consortium would need to conduct step 2 again).

- 4. If the financial institution A have a specific transaction such as open an account etc., the transaction contents would be recorded as the customer information on the blockchain through the consortium.
- 5. When the customer requests for a specific transaction to financial institution B, the consortium delivers the customer identification information and Screening Information to financial institution B under the customer's approval*2. The financial institution B confirms that KYC has already been performed for the customer through the consortium and may regard the confirmation as the completion of its KYC (This process is under each financial institution's discretion). (In such case, the financial institution B may also refer to the customer information record on the blockchain and confirm whether the customer has requested the same transaction with several other finical institutions, and verify whether there is no risk of impersonation.)

Although the process described above assumes the case of customers starting new transactions with consortium participant institutions, the study group also plans to discuss in the practical experiment, the case of existing customers dealing with their financial institutions participating in the consortium.

In the near future when the "FinTech Practical Experiment Hub (tentative)" described in "Future Investment Strategy 2017" (Cabinet Decision, June 9, 2017) is established in the Financial Services Agency, the Study Group may also consider applying for this framework.

- *1 Transactions such as account opening, large cash transaction exceeding 2 million yen, cash transfer exceeding 100,000 yen
- *2 The experiment assumes the customer to present the digital certificate acquired as the proof of the registration of the identity confirmation information

<<diagram of the practical experiment of the KYC >>

Traditional KYC KYC of the practical experiment (image) Bank A Bank A Bank B Inquire from each bank oy customer's approval Save identity Joint operation agency KYC KYC **KYC** confirmation information (consortium) on blockchain eaister identity confirmation information only at the time of first pecific transaction Improve the efficiency of the For every financial institution the administrative processing at financial customer desires to trade, KYC needs to institutions by referring to accumulated be performed individually Identity confirmation information

The Blockchain Study Group recognizes that blockchain technology is one of the elemental technologies necessary for Japan's continuous growth. The Study Group's final objective is to contribute to the establishment of the foundation of blockchain technology by domestic financial institutions, and to improve their technology to the level equivalent to that of financial institutions in Europe and the United States. Through such initiative, the team will define the direction of commercialization and continue to contribute to the progress of financial industry.

For your reference, please follow this link to see the report on the previous "Practical Experiment of Blockchain Technology in Japanese Domestic Interbank Payment Operation".

Report on Practical Experiment of Blockchain Technology in Japanese Domestic Interbank Payment Operation by the Blockchain Study Group (30 November, 2016)

https://www2.deloitte.com/jp/en/pages/about-deloitte/articles/news-releases/nr20161130.html

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