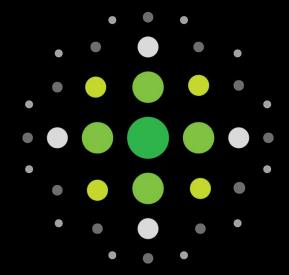
Non-habitual residents Portuguese special tax regime for inbounds





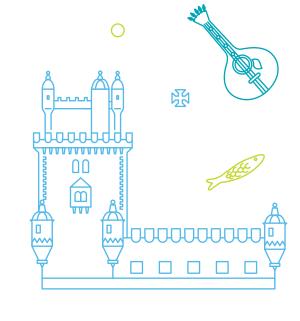
# How Deloitte can help you Deloitte can guide and assist you throughout the entire NHR process. It is crucial to

ensure proper compliance with the applicable formalities in the year of relocation and in the subsequent years of residence in Portugal in order to fully benefit from the potential advantages of the NHR regime. We offer a one stop shop for all PIT and NHR related requirements of your move to

Portugal, which include (among others) the following tax services (1) (2): • Initial personalized briefing on the NHR regime and your move to Portugal;

- · Arrival or registration formalities;
- · Applying for the NHR status;
- · Analysis and preparation of a High Value Added Activity; · Filing of personal income tax returns;
- · Ongoing tax and social security advice.
- <sup>1</sup> Minimum fees charged per service and per person; a fee quote will be presented upfront considering your specific situation.

<sup>2</sup> VAT will be levied at the normal rate (if applicable).



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("NHR") regime for new inbounds transferring their residence to Portugal and for Portuguese nationals returning to Portugal after an extended period of living abroad. Overview of the regime

This summary provides a brief overview and explains the main guidelines and potential implications of the non-habitual resident

# Individuals covered by the NHR regime can benefit from special personal

income tax ("PIT") regime for a ten year period. Portuguese source income

flat rate if derived from high value added activities of scientific, artistic or technical character performed in Portugal, as listed in a Ministerial Order. Other types of domestic income received by NHRs are liable to PIT

Employment and self-employment income can be liable to a special 20%

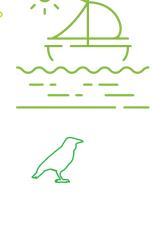
according to the rules applicable to ordinary tax residents.

**Examples of high value added activities:** 





permanence in the country.



## • If no Treaty is applicable, the income is effectively taxed in the

Foreign source income **Employment income** 

## source State and it is not deemed as derived in Portugal.

Other income

• It is taxed in the source State according to the applicable Tax Treaty; or

- Foreign source dividends, interest, capital gains and rental income, together
- with self-employment and professional income (in this case, only if derived from high value added activities), can be exempt from PIT if: • The income can be liable to tax in the country of source, according to the

Employment income can be exempt from PIT provided that:

### applicable Tax Treaty or to the OECD Model Tax Convention; and · It is not deemed derived in Portugal; and • It is not deemed obtained in a tax haven.

### To qualify as a NHR, an individual must meet the following requirements: · Become tax resident under Portuguese domestic legislation; and • Not having been taxed as a Portuguese resident in the five years prior to taking up residence in Portugal.

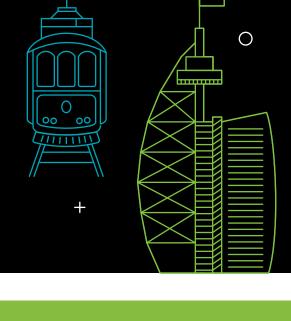
**Qualifying for the status** 

An individual is tax resident in Portugal for any year in which: • He/she stays in Portugal for more than 183 days (continuously or not) during a

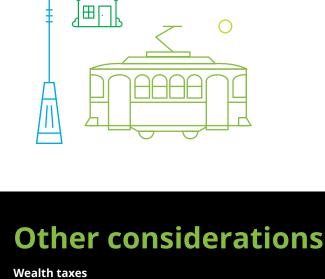
12 month period, which begins or ends in that tax year; or · He/she has a residential accommodation available in Portugal in any day of that 12 month period, which is used as the individual's habitual abode.

Any day (or part of a day) spent in Portugal will count as one day if the individual stays overnight in Portugal. Residency is established as of the first day of

the transitory regime



The end of the NHR regime and



Portugal does not have wealth taxes.

(type of property, type of owner, etc).

**Acquisition of property** 

**Annual Property tax** 

### individual's effective tax position, additional documents can be requested, e.g. tax residency certificate(s) and other documents to prove that the personal andeconomic interests of the individual were located

Registration as NHR

Recognition of this status is not automatic and requires activation by attending to the following formalities: · Application for a Portuguese taxpayer number;

• Request the access codes to the Tax Authorities' website

· Registration as tax resident;

• Application for the NHR status.

in other State in the five years preceding the arrival in Portugal. The NHR status must be requested until March 31st of the year after taking up tax residency in Portugal, including where the transitory regime applies.

Only local taxes on Portuguese real estate apply (as described below). EEEEE .

Nevertheless, in case the Portuguese Tax Authorities have doubts about the

### Portuguese real estate at rates between 0.3% and 0.45% (depending on the municipality and the type of real estate). Additional Property Tax will also be levied at a rate between 0.7% and 1.5% on properties with registered tax value equal or higher than €600,000. Note: rates may be higher depending on several factors

## Inheritance tax Stamp Duty is levied at a 10% rate on Portuguese assets only except for spouses,

descendants and ascendants, who are exempt. Gift tax

Stamp Duty is levied on gifts located in Portugal at a 10% rate except for spouses, descendants and ascendants, who are exempt. An additional rate of 0.8% is due

Portugal levies a municipal tax on the acquisition of Portuguese properties at rates up to 7.5%. Stamp tax duty at 0.8% is also due on the same amount.

Portugal levies an annual municipal tax based on the registered value of

# Contact us:

on gifts of real estate.

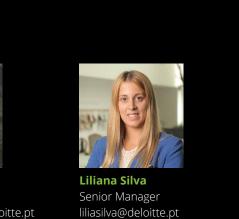


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