September 2022

Digital Banking Maturity 2022

Closing the Gap to Fully Digital User Experience in Banking



Deloitte.

DBM identifies champions and leading practices worldwide

 \bigcirc

Covering 304 banks from 41 countries, DBM analyses digital retail banking in 3 channels, throughout the customer journey, based on an outside-in 'mystery shopper' assessment of digital functionalities, customer needs research and UX evaluation.

The pandemic has changed the world and banking sector

irreversibly

Changes in all markets and industries have impacted customer expectations regarding digital banking services, which are now higher than ever.

The gap between the best and the rest has widened

Digital maturity is rising across the whole banking sector (e.g. ~70% of researched banks now offer a remote account opening option vs 55% in 2020) but the best players have widened the gap to the rest, particularly in areas such as bancassurance, investment services, and card management and authorization.

Banks are becoming more than just banks

Leading banks are becoming multi-service platforms, with offerings in areas such as mobility, e-government, healthcare and commerce. Supported by regulations and cross-country solutions, banks are building ecosystems that can provide clients with a unified view of all of their accounts.

E-commerce solutions on the rise

()4

In response to the growing importance of e-commerce, banks are implementing solutions designed for online sales – including the development and implementation of marketplaces, embedded in banks' digital channels.

Growing advisory function of banks

05

Taking the role of a trusted advisor, banks support clients' everyday finance management with a wide array of digital solutions, such as PFM tools, multiple investment options, risk profiles, automated investment advisory, and portfolio management.

UX is a key differentiator

06

User experience of digital banking channels can be as important to customer satisfaction as the scope of functionalities implemented. New features bring the most value to clients when they are added according to a welldefined strategy with a focus on UX. The pandemic has changed the sector irreversibly - digitalization has accelerated and banks are challenging the conventional business model

2021

"In order to compete in a crowded marketplace, digital transformation is vital.

Banks face many challenges: they must streamline operations, increase efficiency, manage costs, amplify security and ultimately improve the customer experience."

Financial Times

"Consumer expectations are sky-high

as a result of the new and improved options, accelerating the speed of innovation as companies compete to meet these demands."

World Economic Forum

"Traditional banks are joining and adding digital services, while **embedded finance is allowing non-financial businesses to offer financial services in new ways** and at the point of need."

World Economic Forum

"Modern banks must provide the customer service and functionality required for the digital age, with a **customer-first approach**."

Wall Street Journal

"Consumers are looking for **financial services experiences that meet them exactly where they are**: on their devices, using various applications, accessing their money both traditionally and digitally, and doing more with their money."

Bloomberg

"The first driver have been a **shift to e-commerce** and a temporary avoidance of business locations as people stayed home and practiced social distancing. A secondary driver has been a **shift to contactless payment**."

The Economist

2022

► FEBRUARY ----->

"The economics of the next decade will challenge banks to adopt a future fit technology strategy — rooted in customer obsession and enabling an unprecedented level of adaptivity, creativity, and resilience or fail. Banks must capitalize on the pace of change and innovation and set their course for the next decade."

Forrester

MARCH

"The future is digital, and banking is no exception to that. So, if the advent of Banking as a Service, open banking, and the booming Fintech sector were not proof enough, we now have a roaring statistic of expected 3.6 billion digital banking users by 2024, that puts a number to the future of banking."

Economic Times

01 **Description of the study**

02 Global results

- 03 Key trends & insights
- 04 UX study
- 05 How DBM helps banks respond to change
- 06 Contacts

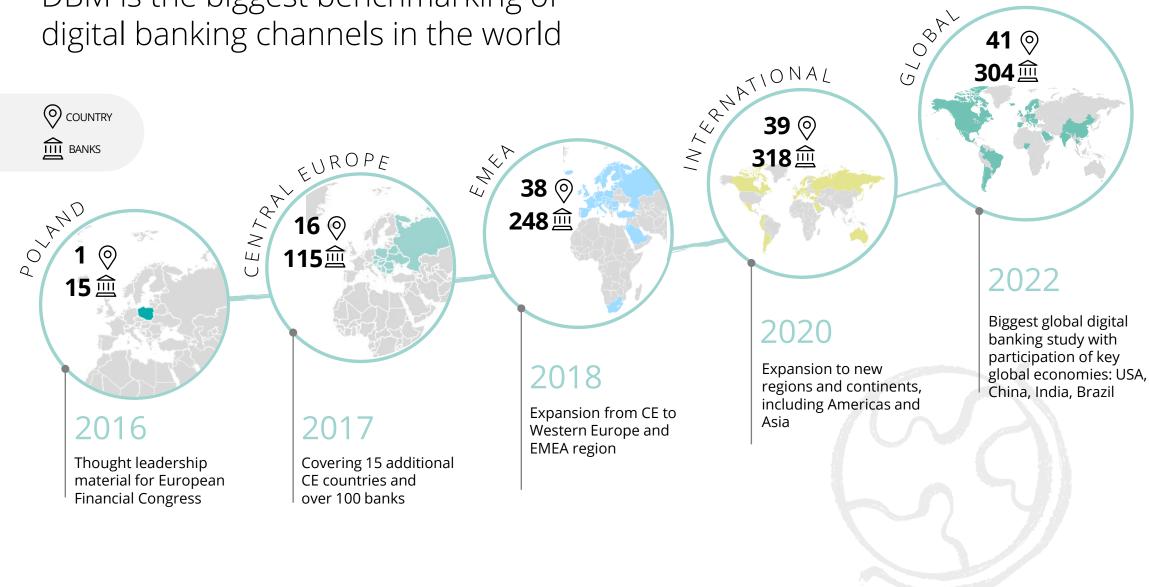
Digital Banking Maturity 2022

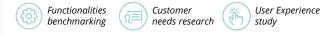
is the 5th edition of the largest global benchmarking of digital retail banking channels, answering what leaders are doing to win in the digitalization race.

Digital Banking Maturity is a global accelerator, helping banks respond to change



DBM is the biggest benchmarking of digital banking channels in the world





Three components were assessed in order to compare digital maturity between banks and identify best practices



FUNCTIONALITIES BENCHMARKING

Analysis of 1208 digital functionalities through 'mystery shopper' approach on real retail current accounts in each bank

- Assessment of 6 customer journey steps
- Analysis of digitalization of 19 banking products
- Functionalities library with world's leading practices



CUSTOMER NEEDS RESEARCH

Survey-based research focused on identifying 26 most important banking activities and preferred channels (branch, Internet, mobile), covering over 5000 responses

 Customer preferences between channels in terms of most common banking activities



USER EXPERIENCE STUDY

Analysis of general principles and best practices of user experience in banking

- Assessment of 15 selected scenarios reflecting key areas of customer activity at top UX banks from 10 countries
- Identification of best practices and general leading principles in banking apps UX

FUNCTIONALITIES BENCHMARK An exhaustive overview

of banks' digital maturity

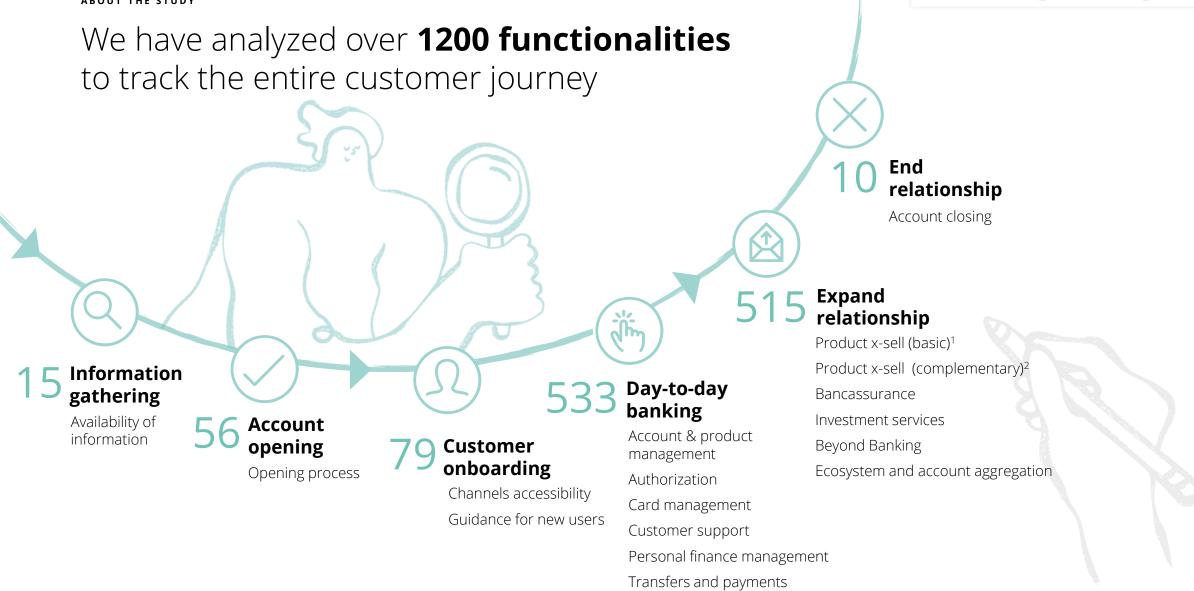
UX BEST PRACTICES IDENTIFICATION

Guidelines and insights into UX of digital banking channels

Digital Banking Maturity 2022 covered 41 countries from 5 continents, including key world markets



ABOUT THE STUDY



Functionalities benchmarking

Note 1. Product x-sell (basic) includes debit card, credit card, overdraft, cash loan, cheque, bank draft

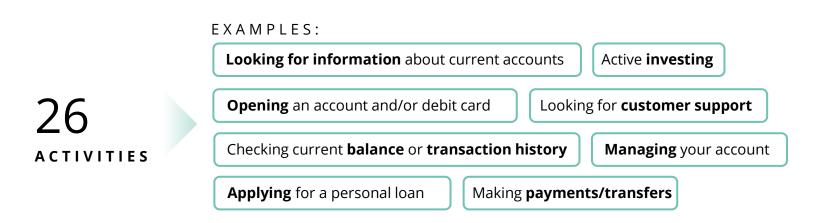
Note 2. Product x-sell (complementary) includes car loan, mortgage, currency account, saving account, term deposit, private banking account

Usage and preferences for banking channels were evaluated based on a customer survey with over 5000 respondents

How often do you perform the following banking activities?

5084 respondents'

answers provided insights on customer preferences on 26 activities mapped with customer journey steps in 3 banking channels. All activities were linked to the 1208 functionalities assessed in the study, to find out what is in demand from the customer's side.



Customer needs research

Which of the channels is/would be your preferred choice for each of the following banking activities?



Best UX practices were identified thanks to deepdive research on selected players

(2)



Selection of scope

First, a **multinational team of UX** experts and managers selected 10 top UX banks from 10 different countries.

15 scenarios were selected for deep-dive analysis in core areas of **customer activity** within banking apps.

Research of local solutions

Local UX experts and researchers went through the selected user scenarios. identifying the **best user**oriented solutions, general **principles** that characterize good UX, as well as **areas for improvement** in each bank.

Assessment 8

Collected results from each bank & country were assessed to identify solutions, approaches and features as well as to derive **key trends**, areas of focus and overarching rules shaping UX of banking apps.



Synthesis

Based on the results of our analysis, we have developed a playbook of best practices and guidelines for banking **app UX**, as well as created flows with a hypothesis for the optimal solution for each analyzed scenario.

User Experience study



ABOUT THE STUDY

Analyzed UX scenarios cover key areas of customer activity

We followed the user through their **banking experience journey:** from opening an account, through day-to-day banking activities, up to closing an account.



5 KEY SCENARIOS WE FOCUSED ON:

- Opening a current account
- Onboarding in the app
- B Logging in to the app
- Making a domestic payment/transfer
- 5 Requesting money
- Applying for a mortgage
- Applying for a personal loan (e.g. cash loan)
- Leveraging third-parties services
- Active investing
- Managing your payment card
- Checking account balance & transaction history
- 2 Tracking expenses
- Contacting the customer support
- Closing a current account
- 5 Other innovative user-oriented solutions



User Experience study

Functionalities benchmarking

01 Description of the study

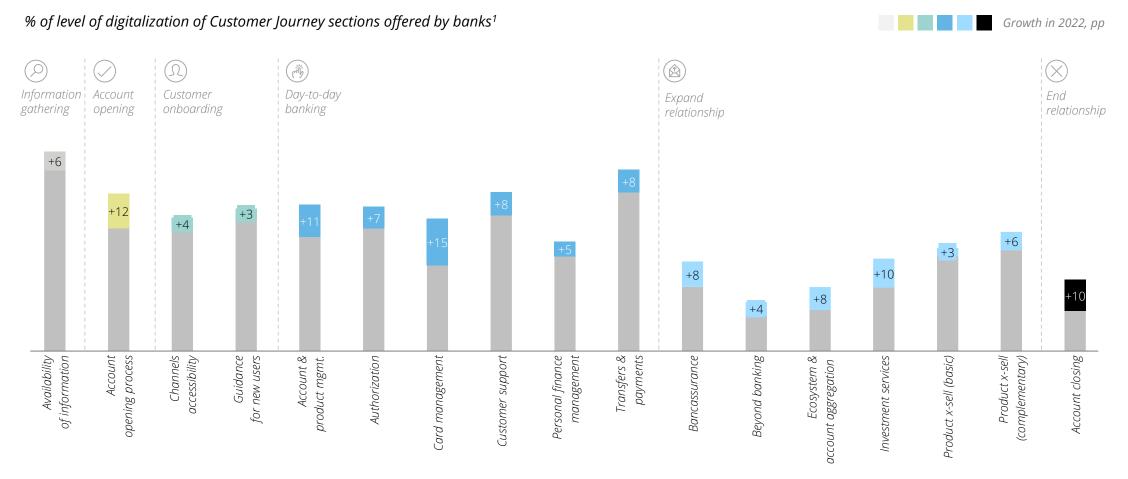
02 Global results

- 03 Key trends & insights
- 04 UX study
- 05 How DBM helps banks respond to change
- 06 Contacts

The global banking sector has increased digitalization in every customer journey step and for every product since the last edition. Analysis of *Digital champions* – best 10% of researched banks – shows that they focused on the development of authorization methods, card management, bancassurance and investment functionalities.

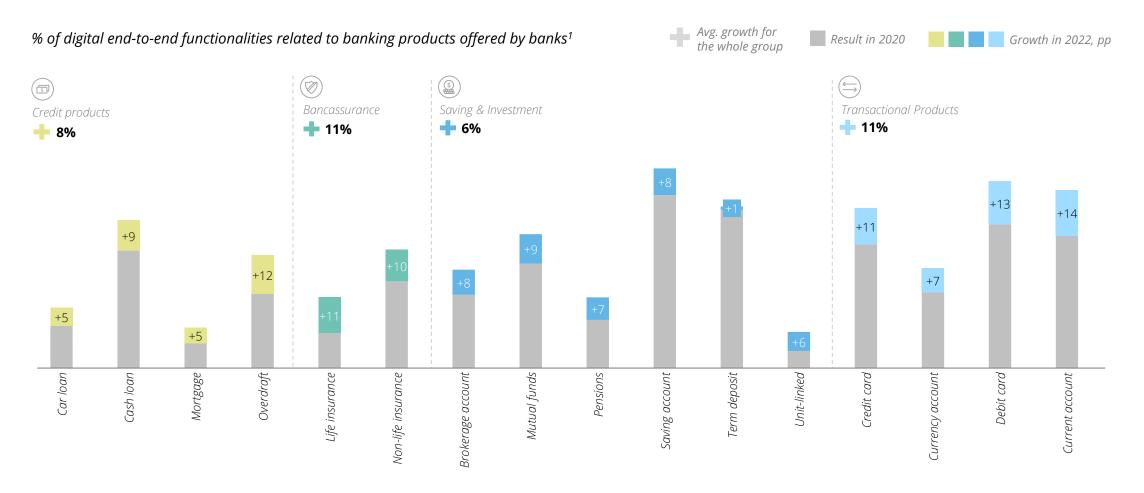
GLOBAL RESULTS

Card, account and product management and account opening are sections which recorded the highest digitalization level increase since 2020

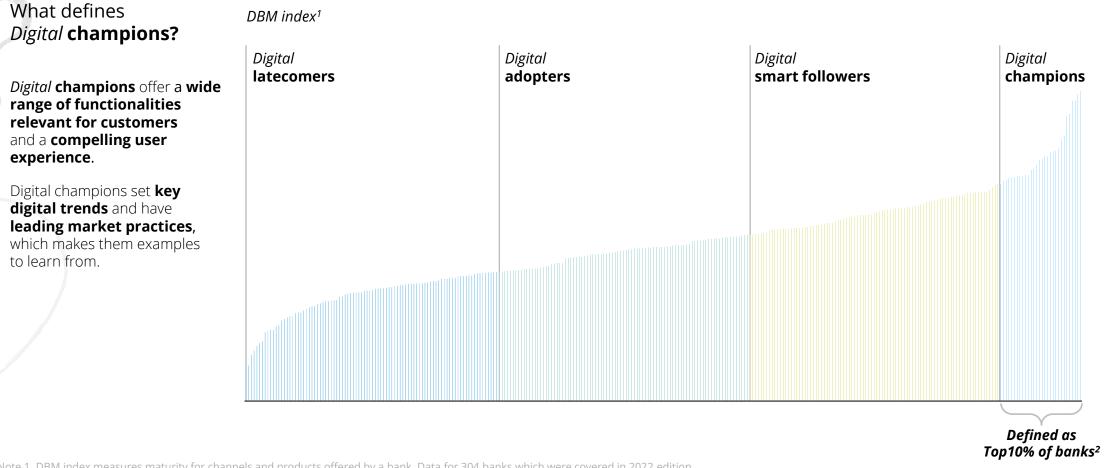


Note 1. Sample of 193 banks which were covered in 2020 and 2022 edition

Transactional products and bancassurance are the product groups in which digitalized end-to-end processes grew the most

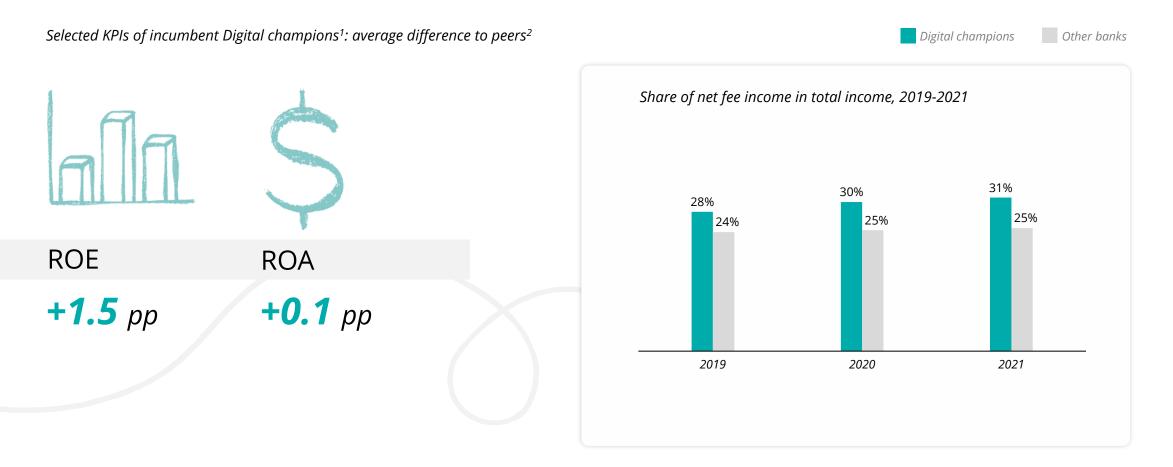


Our study divides banks into four groups, according to their level of digitalization, and identifies digital champions



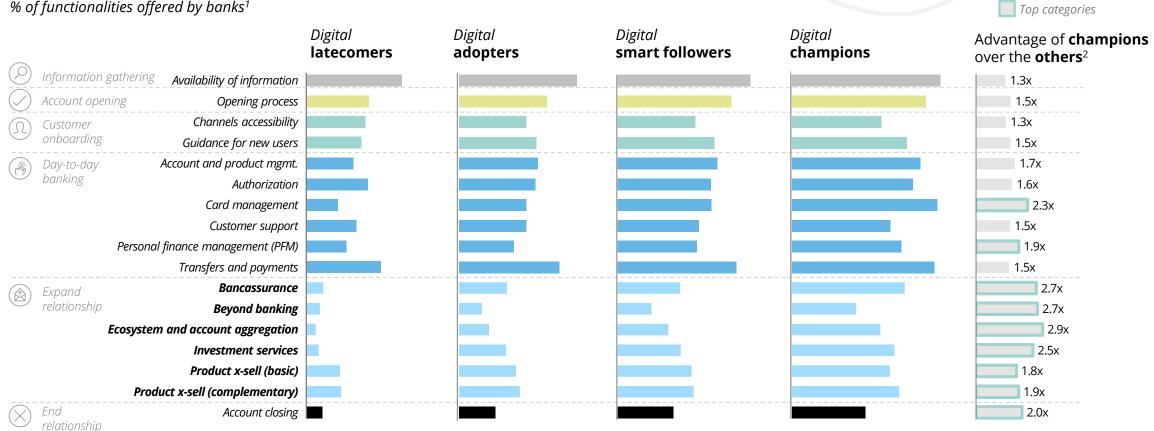
Note 1. DBM index measures maturity for channels and products offered by a bank. Data for 304 banks which were covered in 2022 edition Note 2. Selection of 30 banks defined as Digital champions

Digital champions achieve better financial performance indicators



Note 1. Incumbents – banks with long-established position on the market. Challengers – relatively small bank competing with large long-established banks Note 2. Average difference to peers – peers are incumbent banks in the same country that were covered in the DBM survey

Digital champions develop functionalities that help expand customer relationships and have built a significant advantage over other players



% of functionalities offered by banks¹

Note 1. Data for 304 banks which were covered in 2022 edition

Note 2. Ratio of functionalities % between Digital champions and other banks score

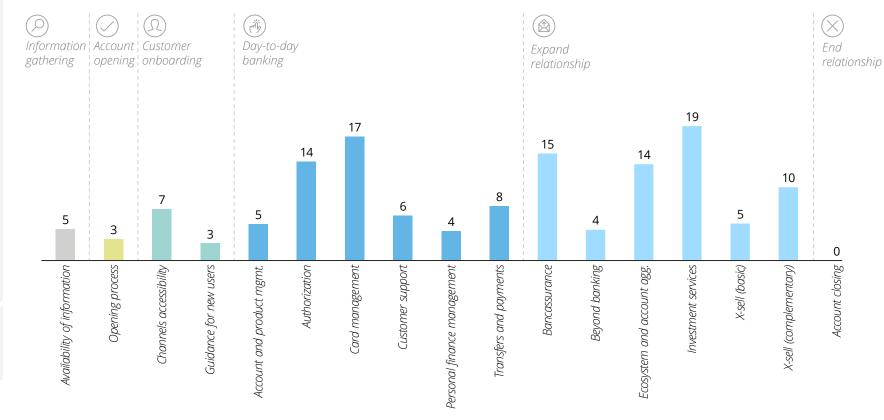
Digital champions have invested significantly in bancassurance, card management, authorization and ecosystems areas since 2020

Where have Digital champions gained the biggest advantage over peers in the last 2 years?

Expand relationship

functionalities (avg. 11 pp advantage) has been a top priority for *Digital champions*, especially **bancassurance and investment services** (19 pp advantage). Champions have also strengthened in **card management** (17 pp) and **authorization** (14 pp).

Digital champions increase in advantage over peers *difference between % of functionalities in 2020-2022 between Digital champions, pp*



Note 1. Based on the data for 30 Digital champions from 2022 edition & 32 Digital champions from 2020 edition 19 | Copyright © 2022 Deloitte.

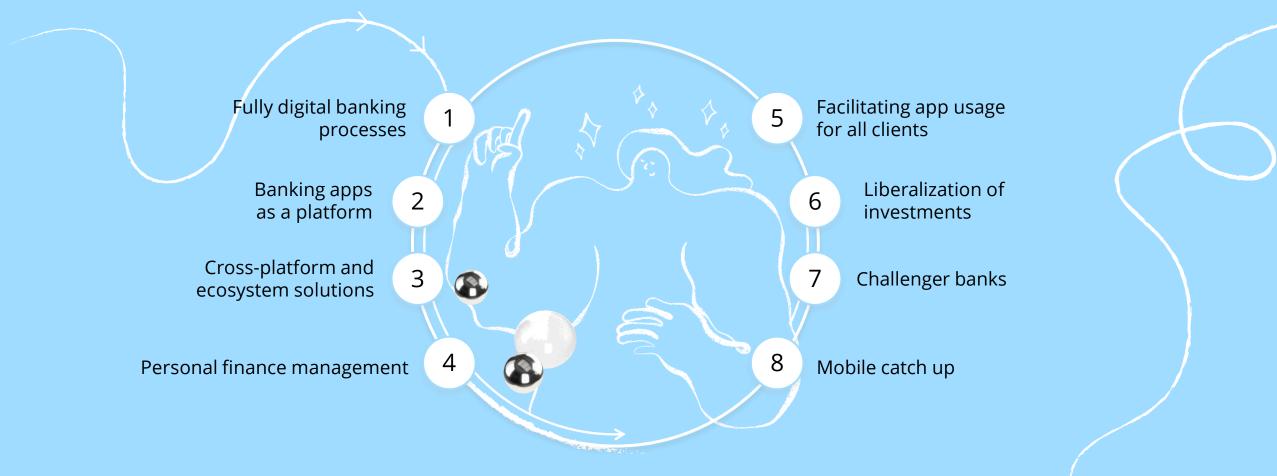
Description of the study 01

- 02
- Key trends & insights 03
- UX study 04
- 05
- How DBM helps banks respond to change
- Contacts 06

Global results

The key trends that are shaping banking industry are, among others, development of banking ecosystems, cross-platform solutions and growing advancement of investment and PFM functionalities

8 key digital trends and areas influencing the banking sector



Fully digital banking processes

 $\mathbf{1}$

Growing customer expectations encourage more and more banks to enable users to go through **processes**, such as product opening, **in a fully remote way**. While for some areas and markets digital presence is **becoming a standard** (e.g. remote account opening is present in a majority of researched banks), other activities and products are often not yet available online, giving users **digital access to only part of the functionalities**.

Examples of fully digital processes include:



٩

Opening of the account

Personal loan application



Closing an account



2 3 4 5 6 7

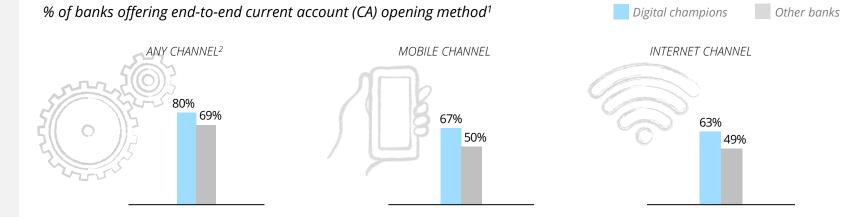
8

On some markets, remote account opening is becoming an industry standard offered by all major players...

Most banks offer the possibility to open a current account in end-to-end remote process but **Digital champions often offer this in both internet and mobile banking channels**, while most other banks offer this in only one channel or the other.

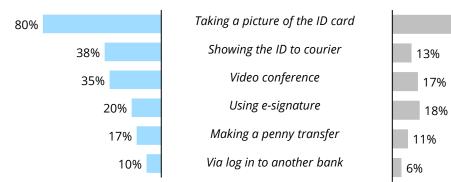
Mobile banking has a slight advantage over internet banking, as it enables the most

common authentication method – taking a picture of the ID card.



% of remote CA opening functionalities offered by banks³





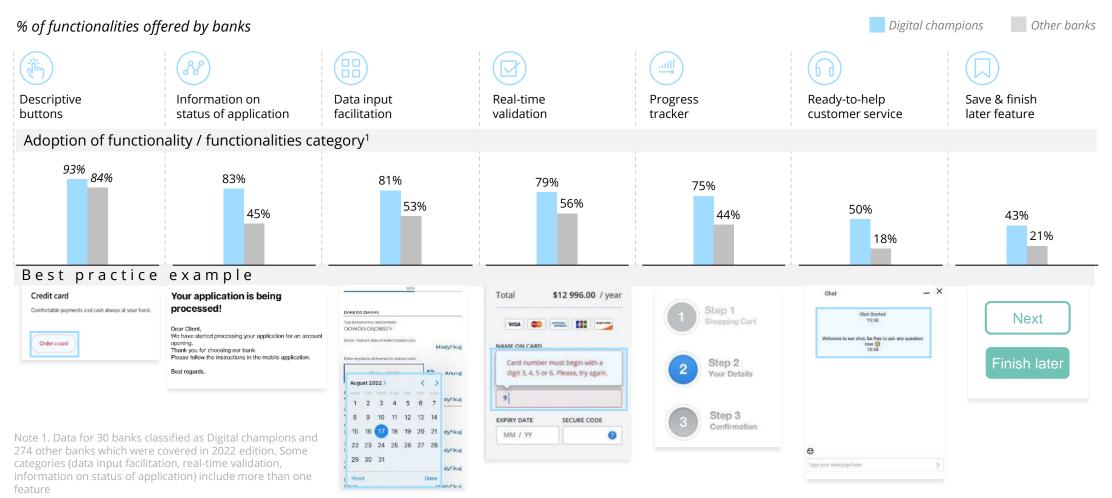
44%

Note 1. Data for 30 banks classified as Digital champions and 274 other banks which were covered in 2022 edition

Note 2. % of banks offering end-to-end remote CA opening process in either internet banking, mobile banking or both channels

Note 3. Includes data from internet and mobile banking channels

...so Digital champions strive to increase customer satisfaction by implementing additional, user-centric features

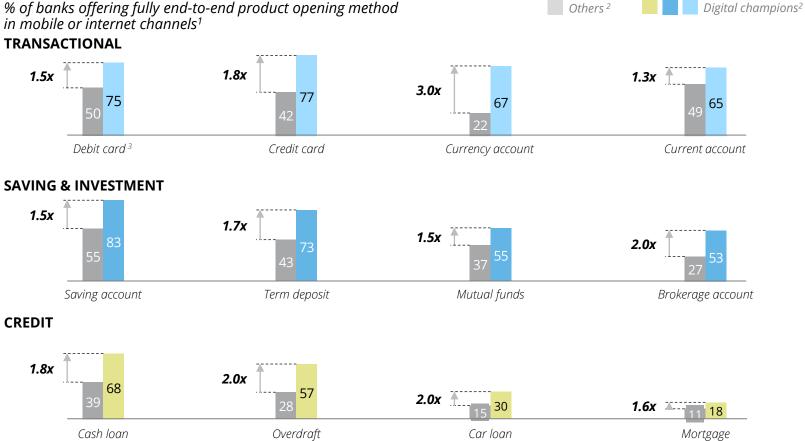


While remote opening for transactional or saving products is common among Digital champions, only the best players offer it for mortgages or car loans

On average, Digital champions offer end-to-end opening process of all products 2x more often than other banks (this gap hasn't changed since the 2020 edition of the study).

While fully remote processes for transactional or saving products are already present in many banks, **only a small number of leading players** offer such a possibility for mortgages (18% of Digital champions) or car loans (30% of Digital champions).





Note 1. Result is an average for mobile and internet channels

Note 2. Data for 304 banks which were covered in 2022 edition, including 30 champions and 274 other banks

Note 3. In many cases of Digital champions, debit card is issued automatically with an account. It can lower actual score

Banking apps as a platform

Best in class banks **go beyond providing traditional financial services and offer new value propositions** to their customers through third **party service providers.** This way, financial institutions **can increase customer interactions** with the bank, as banking apps can become much more than a tool for managing finances, but also **platforms covering multiple areas of customer life.**

Examples of beyond banking functionalities present in researched banks are:



Mobility (buying tickets for public transport, parking solutions, fuel, tolls, etc.),



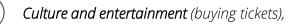
۲ ۲

1

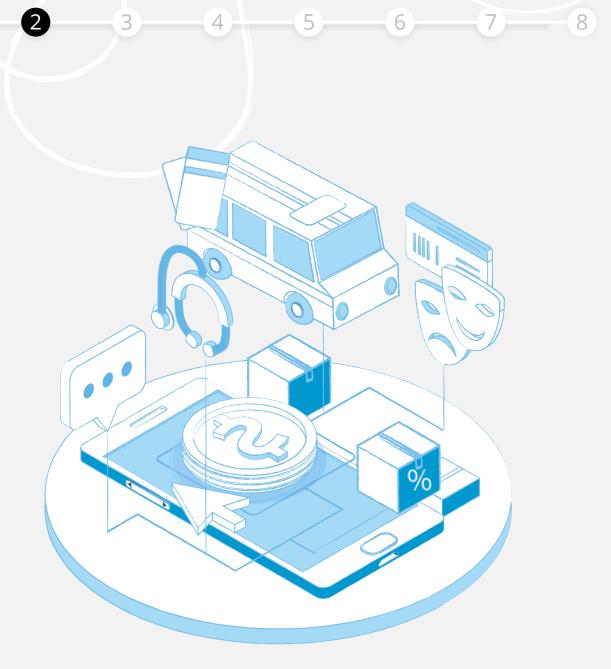
 (\mathcal{V})

E-government services (paying taxes),

Housing (paying bills),



Healthcare (appointment scheduling).



Value added services are a differentiator, adopted mainly by Digital champions

Value added services can boost customer engagement and loyalty and, therefore, can support both **acquiring and retaining customers.** They can also provide banks with more customer data, enabling personalization **and financial products cross-selling.**

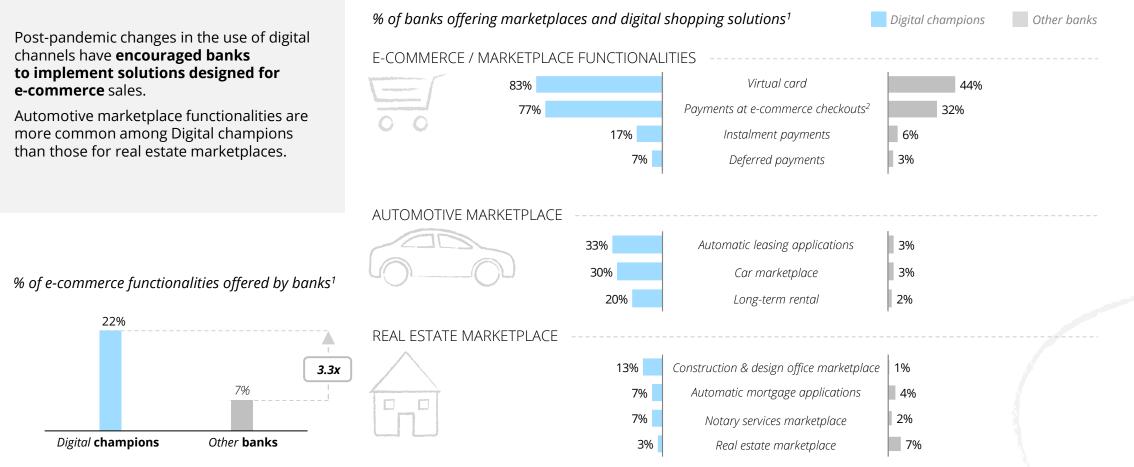


Other **banks** Digital champions 97% Loyalty program 70% 80% 35% Special discounts and promotions (\$ Mobile phone top-ups 67% 43% Vending machines payments 30% 9% Commercial Password manager 70% 27% Credit scoring 53% 15% 5 Cloud storage 47% 8% 3% Concierge 0% Auxiliary services Buying parking and transport tickets 37% 15% Paying for the motorway access 9% 33% Booking hotels, flights, or trains 33% 11% Buying access to airport lounges 17% 3% Mobility Registering a company 37% 1% Purchasing healthcare package 30% 4% Applying for social benefits 27% 6% Submitting income tax form 23% 3% Public services Buying tickets for cinema or theatre 27% 8% 7% Buying tickets for social events 17% Accessing video-on-demand 10% 3% Entertainment Ordering books or e-books 0% 3%

Note 1. Data for 30 banks classified as Digital champions and 274 other banks which were covered in 2022 edition 27 | Copyright © 2022 Deloitte.

Top Value Added Services by category, % of banks offering given functionality¹

Digital champions implement marketplace functionalities that enable them to leverage post-pandemic e-commerce cross-selling potential



Note 1. Data for 30 banks classified as Digital champions and 274 other banks which were covered in 2022 edition Note 2. Possibility to make quick bank payment directly from e-commerce websites in a country of bank's operations 28 | Copyright © 2022 Deloitte.

Cross platform and ecosystem solutions

Banks take advantage of cross platform solutions provided by third parties, so they can offer services which make banking more convenient and efficient for the customer.

What is more, banks develop **APIs** and enter into **cooperation with FinTechs** in order to further strengthen their digital channels and allow ecosystem creation.

One of the key value propositions of such solutions are free instant payments between accounts from different banks, but further services exist on the market such as:



Easily requesting money from users outside of the customer's bank from contact list



Paying via **QR code**



s)

More seamless online shopping

Cash withdrawal from ATMs without the usage of cards



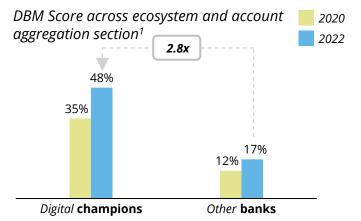
2 3 4 5 6 7

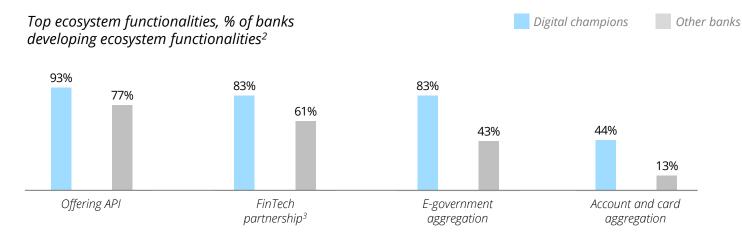
8

Digital champions are innovating faster than other banks in building ecosystems and FinTech partnerships

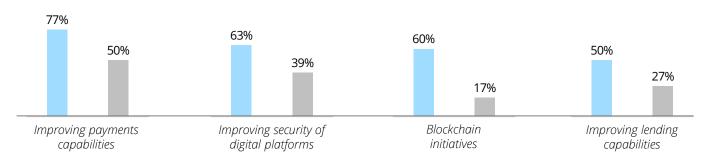
Although ecosystem functionalities were already implemented significantly more often by Digital champions than by other banks in 2020, this difference grew even further in 2022. **Development of API** and **FinTech partnerships supporting payments and digital security** are functionalities most selected by both Digital champions and other banks.

Digital champions also commonly **invest in blockchain**, while most other banks are behind in this area.





Top segments of FinTech development, % of banks investing in partnerships in given segment²



Note 1. Average score of 193 banks participating in both 2022 and 2020 edition, classified as Digital champions and other banks

Note 2. Data for 30 banks classified as Digital champions and 274 other banks which were covered in 2022 edition

Note 3. Data including banks developing at least one FinTech partnership in any segment

Personal finance management

Personal finance management (PFM) functionalities help customers to **control the money** they spend, **predict** how they will spend it, **save**, **invest** or **analyse** it. They provide customers easy-to-understand **options** for **managing their money** at their **fingertips**.

Additionally, supported by regulations like PSD-2, banks can enable their customers to **connect various accounts** and have a **clear overview of all finances** in one place.

The examples of options improving management opportunities include:

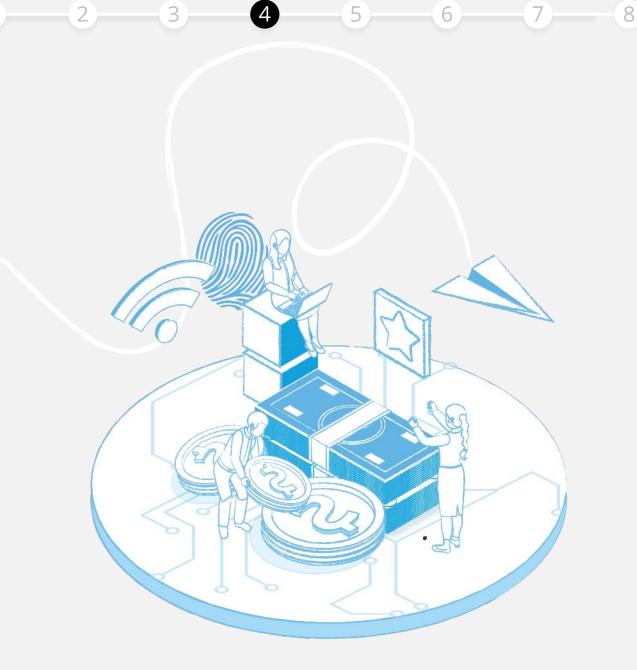
11	10 \
	ラノ
1	

(6)

Charts allowing to **analyse** expanses and incomes

Multiple subaccounts serving different purposes, e.g.: saving account, account shared with others

Predictions and scheduling features



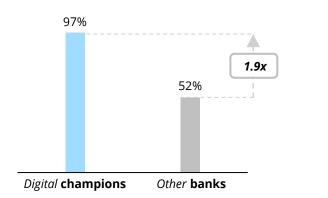
While some Digital champions realize the potential of PFM, most have yet to implement cross-selling functionalities

PFM in its basic form has become a **standard digital feature** offered by almost all Digital champions and over a half of other banks.

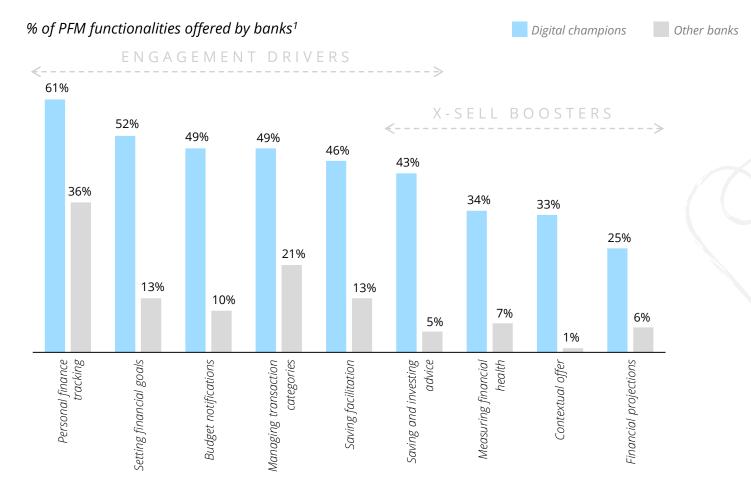
Most banks use PFM functionalities mainly to **increase the time and frequency of mobile app** usage.

A minority of Digital champions, however, have implemented **functionalities to develop cross-selling opportunities.**

% of banks that offer PFM¹



Note 1. Data for 30 banks classified as Digital champions and 274 other banks which were covered in 2022 edition, includes data from internet and mobile banking channels 32 | Copyright © 2022 Deloitte.



Facilitating app usage for all clients

Solutions in **social media**, on **mobile devices** and on other non-banking platforms, have become sources of inspiration for banks, which can use and "copy" gestures and patterns present and known from other apps.

Examples of functions and patterns that have their origins in non-banking platforms are:

> Transactions history as chat and possibility to send additional content with transfer (e.g., GIFs)

(@)

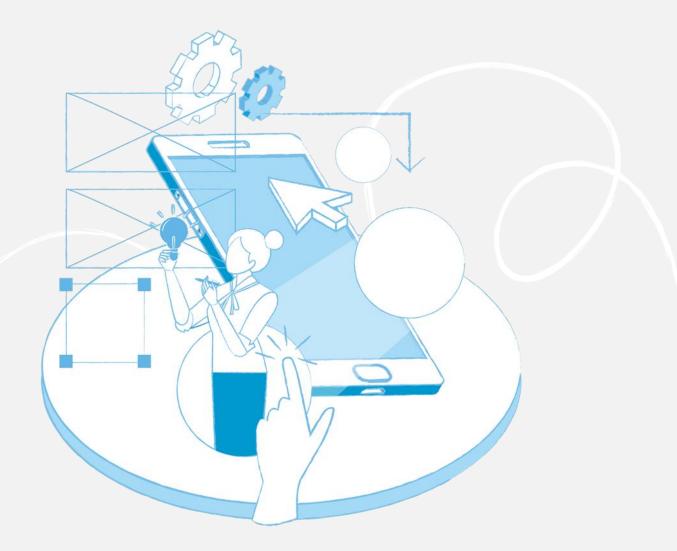
(R)

(d)

Near me payments as *AirDrop* for sending transfers

Presentation of the app's key features during onboarding by using Instagram's story pattern (animated auto scrolling progress bar at top)

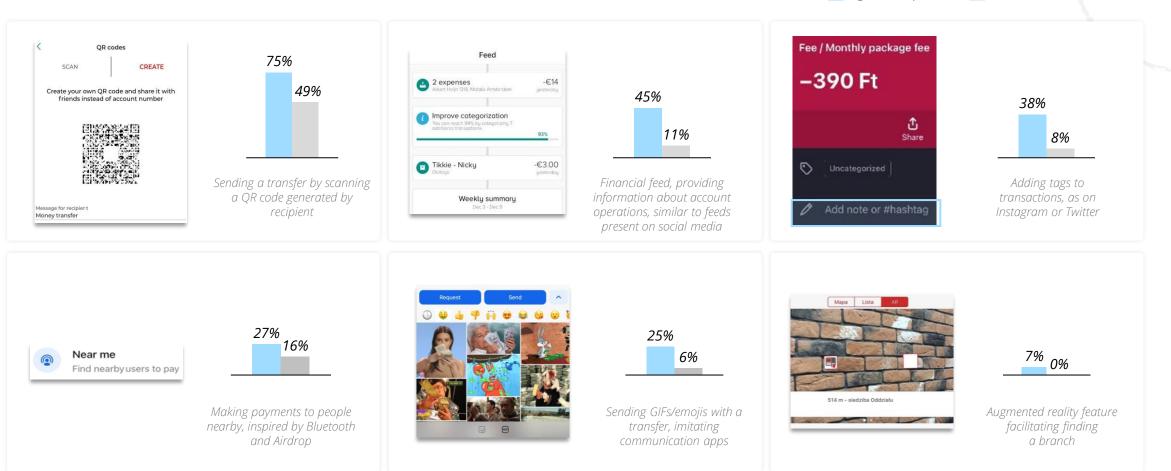
Facilitating usage of apps does not only mean implementing patterns familiar to users but also including solutions supporting accessibility - e.g. for clients with hearing or eyesight impairment.



2 3 4 5

To facilitate the usage and enrich their channels, Digital champions leverage solutions known from other apps

% of banks offering given functionalities¹



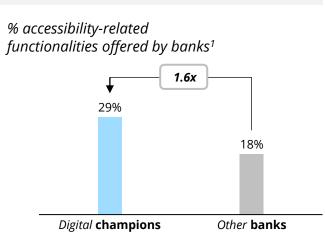
Digital champions

Other banks

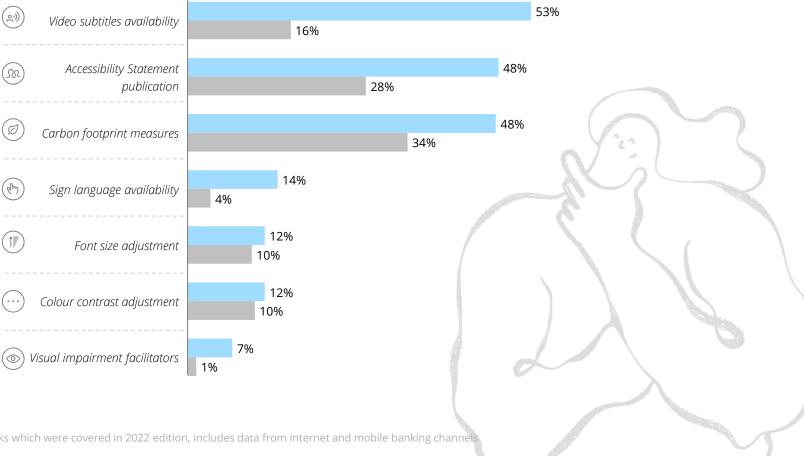
Note 1. Data for 30 banks classified as Digital champions and 274 other banks which were covered in 2022 edition

Digital champions offer some functionalities supporting accessibility but there is still much room for improvement

Digital champions offer functionalities aimed at **helping people with impairments** almost twice as often as other banks. Still, the implementation level is low and shows that accessibility is an area banks could put more attention to in order to **not only meet regulatory requirements** (in force or planned), but also to be able to **satisfy diverse needs** of their current and future **customers**.



% of accessibility and ESG functionalities offered by banks¹



Note 1. Data for 30 banks classified as Digital champions and 274 other banks which were covered in 2022 edition, includes data from internet and mobile banking channels 35 | Copyright © 2022 Deloitte.

Liberalization of investments

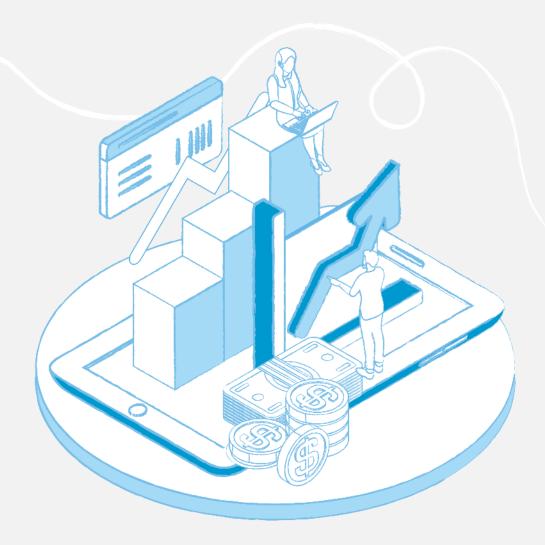
Many banks have realized the **potential behind investment services** and enable **investing** in the simplest products **after just a few clicks**, without the need to engage in lengthy registration processes or paperwork at the branch.

Leading players go beyond offering a seamless investment experience and **help their clients make better informed decisions**. Some examples are as follows:

Offering educational content and rewarding users who complete their trainings

Setting up an *investor profile* after the user answers a few questions about their investment goals, financial knowledge, and risk appetite, and recommending investment options that best suit the customer needs

Providing *articles* where experts / analysts share their top recommendations

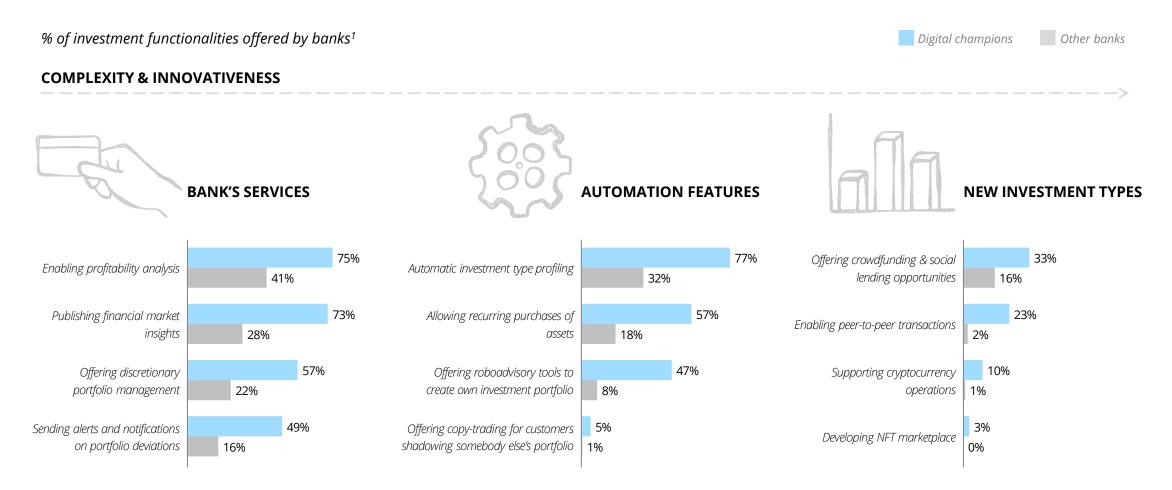


1 2 3 4 5 6 7

 \mathbf{Q}

(ฏ≡)

A majority of Digital champions realize the potential of investing through digital channels but the gap of other banks in the area is significant



Note 1. Data for 30 banks classified as Digital champions and 274 other banks which were covered in 2022 edition, includes data for internet and mobile banking channels 37 | Copyright © 2022 Deloitte.

Challenger banks

Challengers are relatively small banks competing with large long-established banks. Those banks and FinTechs **differ from their Incumbent peers** and constitute an important share of researched entities (11% out of all researched banks and 19% of Digital champions in the study were challengers).

Because of that, **it is worth to look at them separately** to understand their **unique characteristics** that define their digital channels and – sometimes – strong popularity among customers.

Some of those characteristics include:

On average, researched Challengers offer 11 out of 19 products checked in DBM, in comparison to an average of 15 by incumbents. ~20% of challengers don't offer any credit product and ~24% of challengers don't offer any insurance product

Challengers are often **digital-only** or **mobile-only** banks (65% of challengers in DBM2022 are mobile-only)



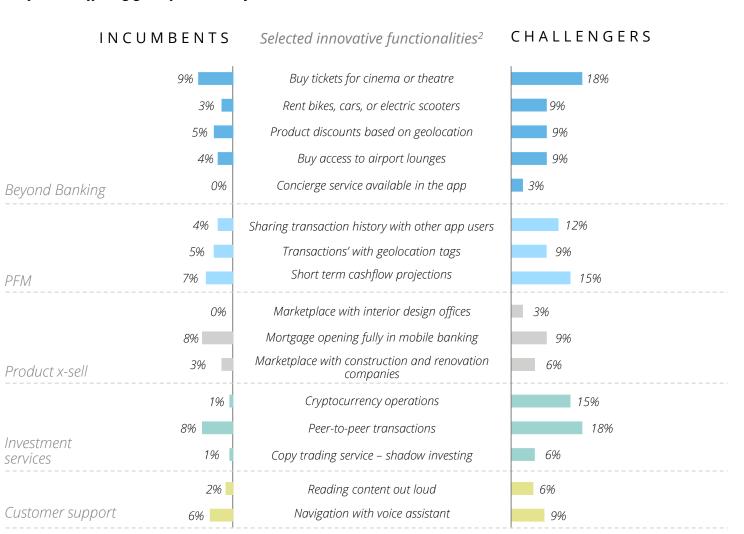
1 2 3 4 5 6

7

8

Challengers are more likely to differentiate themselves by adopting innovative solutions





% of banks offering given functionality¹

Note 1. Data for 270 banks classified as Incumbents and 34 banks classified as Challengers which were covered in 2022 edition Note 2. innovative functionalities implemented in less than 10% of surveyed banks

Mobile catch up

Digital maturity of the mobile channel has grown faster than for internet banking since the 2020 edition of DBM. The mobile channel is still less developed but the gap is narrowing.

Despite those changes, there are still areas where clients **prefer to perform banking activities via PC or even by visit in a branch** (for example, applying for complicated products like a mortgage).

The examples of areas with growing preference to use mobile app are:



Looking for product information

Managing personal account



ര്

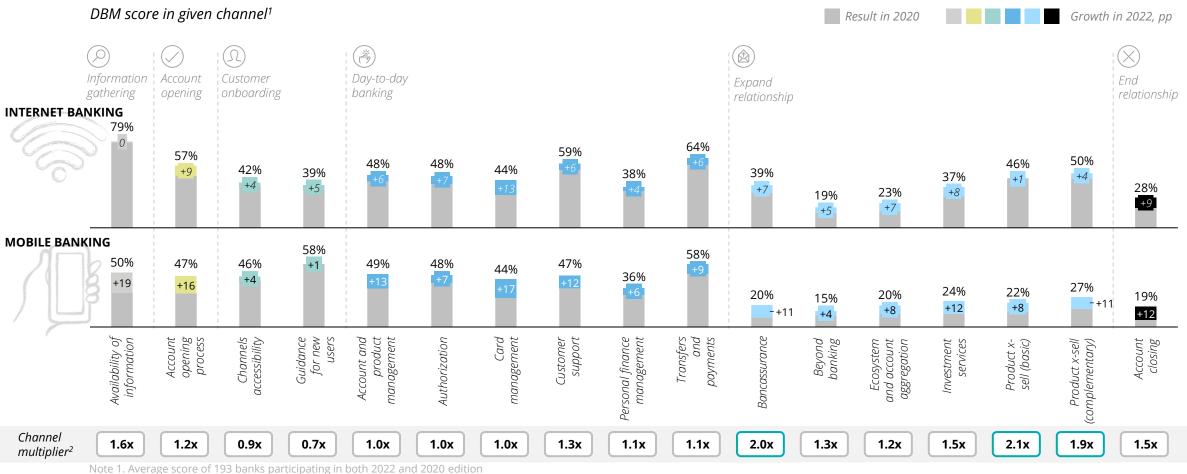
Active investing



1 2 3 4 5 6 7

KEY TRENDS & INSIGHTS

Mobile channel digitalization level has increased the most (since 2020) for information availability, card management and account opening process



Note 2. Channel multiplier represents the ratio of DBM score in internet to mobile channel

41 | Copyright © 2022 Deloitte.

Description of the study 01

Global results 02

Key trends & insights 03

UX study 04

- 05
- How DBM helps banks respond to change
- Contacts 06



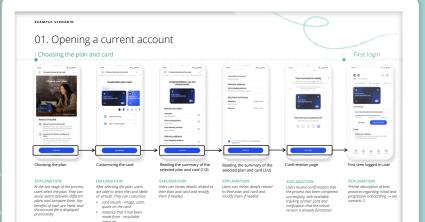
UX of top digital banking players in 10 different markets researched to identify best practices that have been further distilled into hypotheses of **optimal**, user-friendly solutions.

We have mapped key user scenarios from **10 top UX players from around the world** to identify best practices and hypothesize **optimal user flows**

Key digital banking user flows, analyzed and refined

End-to-end user scenario analysis of 10 top UX banks in different markets was conducted to see optimal experiences and

understand context. Best practices were identified for 15 key scenarios (with each step of the customer Journey represented) and refined to create hypothetical optimal user-friendly flows.



All do's & don'ts in one place

A playbook has been compiled to accompany the user flows covering key aspects to consider when designing optimal experiences: best

practices to implement, bad practices to avoid and all the tips & tricks you need to know to support users on their journeys.

BEST PRACTICE

Autofill the data from the photo of the document



We have analyzed 15 scenarios covering key aspects of day-to-day banking

We have selected **15** scenarios representative of the mobile digital banking experience. These

scenarios cover key interaction patterns and many of the most important moments of the user journey in the context of day-to-day banking.



Throughout the research process we also examined **out-of-thebox, user-oriented features**

that stood out in our comparison of different banking apps and contributed to exceptional user experience.



Based on the insights coming from the analysis of 10 top UX banks, **optimal user flows have been hypothesized** for each of the scenario. An example of the first scenario is presented later, in a form of **mock-up screens**. Based on the insights gathered on the scenario level, we have summarized the winning factors for key processes in the Experience Matrix

Over **100 user experiencespecific insights** grouped into **6 value creation categories** constitute a blueprint - Experience Matrix - that can be used as a reference point in designing flows and features for all kinds of banking processes and applications.

	Lowered drop-offrate	Increased security	Customer engagement & retention	Increased revenue	Enhanced brand preception	Enhanced customer loyalty & trust
ting money Account opening & Onboarding	Allow users to pause the process and resume it later.	Ensure that the process of ID verification is error-proof.	If users start the process but fail to complete it, make sure to follow up and provide support.	During the onboarding process make the user discover the bank's product portfolio .		Provide various types of support throughout the whole process.
		Include important information on security (e.g. about SMS phishing or how to recognize scam messages).	Avoid random and annoying onboarding pop ups/ads after the user logs in.	On the onboarding screen that introduces a feature, a CTA leading to this feature should be included.	Avoid mixing different languages within the process.	If possible, use patterns that users find familiar, e.g. 'stories' to represent updates summaries/ tutorials whenever the full- screen content is presented.
	Ensure that users always know where they are within the process.	Allow users to use biometric authentication to log in to the application.	The number of the onboarding screens should not be overwhelming, but should provide enough information for the user to continue discovery process by themselves and come back to onboarding at their convenience.	Avoid empty states that bring no value to the user.	Avoid blocking the account permanently after the user has typed the wrong passcode several times.	Always provide the "Forgotten passcode " fallback option whenever user is asked to sign in with their credentials.
	Allow users to accept terms and conditions after reading the summary of the most important points instead of opening the full T&C page.	Provide the user with guidance on how to create a strong password.	Avoid blocking the account permanently after the user has typed the wrong passcode several times (i.e. requiring a visit at the branch or a phone call to reconfirm identity).	Avoid redirecting the user out of the app (e.g. to the bank's website or to the email) to complete an onboarding task.	Avoid providing content in text-heavy, not mobile-friendly pages.	
	Consider allowing users to skip steps that can be completed after creating an account .	After several temporary blockings, if the user still fails to provide the right passcode, additional security measures should be implemented (e.g. reconfiguration of the app).	Users should be able to come back to the onboarding tips at a later point.		The user should be given full control over the onboarding process; they should be able to skip the screens if they want to.	
	Provide all necessary recipient's data in the contact list (name, bank, etc.).	Increase the security by allowing users to authorize transactions using biometric authentication.	Enable users to import the contact list from their mobile device and make sure to indicate for which contacts a mobile phone transfer is available .	e.g. via phone number, e-mail address, nick		Enable users to see the full history of transactions with the selected contact (e.j in form of a chat).
	Provide process facilitating methods (e.g. the option to scan the account number without having to type it).	Enable the possibility to add selected recipients/payees to a safe list, which allows for seamless transactions without the need for authorisation.	Provide flexibility in managing the money request: allow users to resend it later on, to send a reminder or to cancel the request.		Provide users with a list of money requests they have made.	Provide users with the option to request money from recipients that are not the customers of the same bank.
	Make the process of sending a transfer easier by placing all the details on one page.		Provide the users with a real-time information on the status of the payment.	Consider the option to share the money request via various channels, e.g. via QR code, link, list of contacts (for users within the same banking environment), and "near	Provide multiple ways to access the money request feature within the app.	

UX DBM 2022

Quantitative analysis of user interaction with the app enables optimization of key user flows

In addition to qualitative analysis of user flows, we have also compared the **number of interactions needed to complete processes**.

Conciseness is one of the key aspects influencing mental fatigue and **potential user drop-off**, making it essential to an optimized flow.

By providing smoother user experiences, banks should be able to **decrease abandonment rates.**

An optimized flow for end-to-end digital opening a current account was found to be 41 taps versus a range of 70 – 144 in studied banks.

This optimized flow is the **most streamlined**, however its **implementation might differ** depending on local context and legal requirements. This metric takes into account all taps required to complete the process, excluding those that are user-specific (manual keyboard input in fields such as name, email address, etc.). It does not take into consideration other important factors that enhance the user experience, and as such should not be used separately from the other findings from our research.



Note 1. Chinese bank in the study is not included in the analysis, as fully digital account opening for new customers was not available Note 2. The number does not include the obligatory identity verification video call with the bank employee

46 | Copyright © 2022 Deloitte.

Example scenario walk-through

Example of the scenario – 'opening a current account'

OPENING A CURRENT ACCOUNT *Highlights and key areas of focus*

In the following section, we present **the first of 15** scenarios that we have covered in our analysis – 'opening a current account'.

This particular scenario is pivotal in terms of the relation between the bank and the customer – it covers the first moment of interaction between the client and the bank, and if not designed and implemented correctly, it can lead to discouragement and in effect – user drop-off.

It also gives the initial impression of what the customer can expect from the digital ecosystem.

This is important not only for clients starting their banking journey but also for those who have multiple accounts. The decision whether this new account will be the one used most often is dependent not only on the list of available features but also the overall quality of the experience.

Opening a current account

- Onboarding in the app
- Logging in to the app
- Making a domestic payment/transfer
- Requesting money
- Applying for a mortgage
- Applying for a personal loan (e.g. cash loan)
- Leveraging third-parties services
- Active investing
- Managing your payment card
 - Checking account balance & transaction history
- Tracking expenses
- Contacting the customer support
- Closing a current account
- Other innovative user-oriented solutions

The "opening a current account" scenario

presents a flow for a **fully digital account opening** process. Particular attention has been paid to the **length**, **flexibility** and **clarity** of the process, as well as **available help** provided to **users**.

BEST PRACTICES

- Allow users to **pause** the process and **resume** it later.
- (U) Keep the **process** as **short** as **possible**.
- Ensure that users always **know where** they **are** within the process.
- Ensure that the **process of ID** verification is error-proof.
- Allow users to accept terms and conditions after reading the summary of the most important points instead of opening the full T&C page.

THINGS TO CONSIDER

- Allow users to **skip steps** that can be completed **after creating** an **account**.
- Provide various types of support throughout the whole process.
- If users start the process but fail to complete it, make sure to **follow up** and provide support.

COMMON MISTAKES

- Avoid providing content in text-heavy, not mobile-friendly pages.
- Avoid mixing different languages within the process.

Starting point

Mobile website of the bank

The scenario starts with looking for information about a current account on the mobile website of the bank.

Ending point

Logging in to the application

The scenario ends when user is logged in to the created account and sees the homepage of the application.

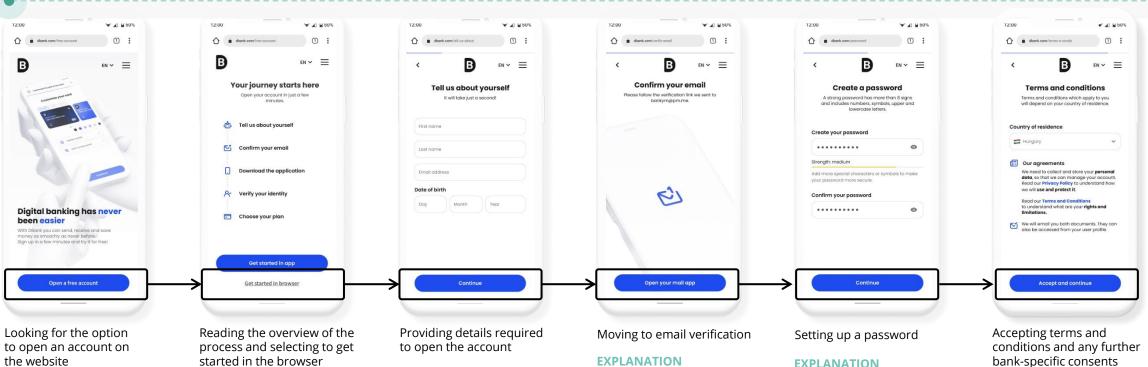
49 | Copyright © 2022 Deloitte.

) Lowered drop-off rate Enhanced customer Increased loyalty & trust

ty Customer e & retention

Customer engagement & retention Enhanced brand perception

Creating a user account



EXPLANATION

The account opening Call To Action (CTA) should be prominently placed on the homepage, together with the most important benefits.

EXPLANATION

Users should be able to see a short overview of the process and start it either in the app or on the website.

EXPLANATION

The app should only require personal data necessary for creating an account (this might vary according to country regulation and the bank's policy). Any additional data (which can allow for personalization of offers and contents) should only be asked for at a later stage, once the account is created.

the email redirects users back

to the account opening

process.

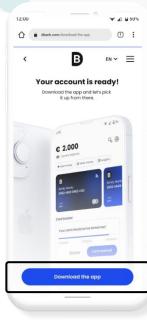
This step helps to ensure that The password will allow users have provided the users to securely log in to correct email address. It their account later in the increases error prevention in process. the process and allows for quick recovery in case of a mistake The link included in

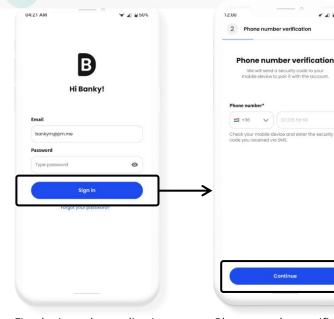
bank-specific consents

EXPLANATION

Users should be able to see the summary of the documents before accepting them. Once the user accepts all necessary consents, an account is automatically created for them. It will allow them to pause the process anytime and resume it later.

Creating an account | First login and confirmation of the phone number





Moving to the app

EXPLANATION

Once users create the account, they are redirected to the app for a smoother experience. Data is auto filled from the scanned ID, which significantly minimizes users' effort. In the app, they can also share their screen if they need customer support.

First login to the application

EXPLANATION

The app should open with the email field already populated.

Phone number verification providing the phone number

Continue

✓ ▲ ₩ 50%

EXPLANATION

This step connects the account with the phone number, enabling multi factor authentication and allowing for actions such as pairing devices with the account.

Phone number verification providing the 6-digit code

EXPLANATION

12:00

Enter the code

1

4

7

2 Phone number verification

Didn't receive the code? Resubmi

Phone number verification

Copy from SMS

2

5

8

0

¥ # # 50%

3

6 9

WXYZ

 $\langle \times \rangle$

Users can copy the one-time password (OTP) and enter it with just one tap, without the need to type it manually. (This option needs to be activated in their device's settings)

Process overview

EXPLANATION

Since the process of creating the account is complex, users should have an overview of all its steps in order to see which ones have already been completed and which haven't. They should be informed about the option to pause the process and resume it later, without losing provided data.

12:00 ¥ £ 8 50% 3 Setting a passcode phone number verification TO SEE DETAILS OK, I get it Save for later

the use of biometric login

Biometric authentication

should be optional. Users

should be able to choose whether they want to use it

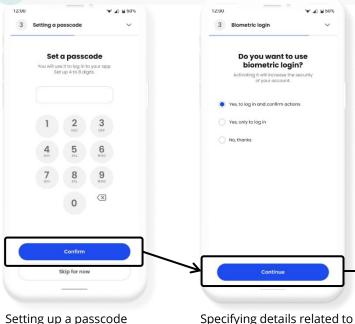
only to log in or also to

confirm actions within the

EXPLANATION

app.

Setting up a passcode and biometric login





Setting up a passcode

EXPLANATION

Since users can log in using the email address and password they have set up earlier in the process, it is possible for them to skip this step and come back to it later.

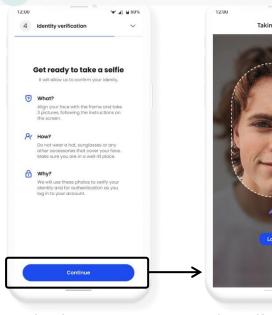
Confirming the use of fingerprint and scanning it

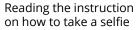
0

EXPLANATION

If users have already set up the fingerprint in the device's settings, they should be able to use it at this point. If they do not have a fingerprint configured, they should be able to initiate configuration tapping a CTA that redirects them to phone's settings.

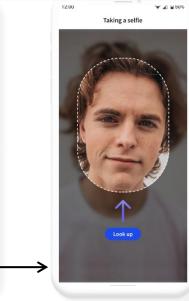
Identity verification – photo and ID





EXPLANATION

The instruction is brief and clearly explains how to complete the task.



Taking selfies following the instructions displayed on the screen

EXPLANATION

Selfies requiring the user to perform random gestures ensure proper authentication. The app should provide prompts and real-time feedback to ensure correct image capture.

Reading the instruction on how to take the photo of the ID

Continue

EXPLANATION

12:00

4 Identity verification

Prepare your ID

Take photos

Get ready to scan your ID

We will fill in data for you.

et your national ID ready. Make sure

that you are in a well-lit and safe place.

Take photos of your personal ID, following the instructions on the screen

E Verify the personal data Check whether your prefilled persona

data is correct

The instruction is brief and clearly explains how to complete the task.



Taking photos of the

EXPLANATION

document

In order to prevent errors, users should get hints on how the photo should be taken correctly as well as real-time feedback.

Checking the correctness of data extracted from the scanned ID

Confirm

EXPLANATION

12:00

Your ID

Banky Manky

Date of birth

Place of birth

Nationality

CAN numbe

50646451214 Date of issue

05.08.2022 Date of expiry

Hungarian

30.06.1979

Hungary

Name and surna

4 Identity verification

The personal data is automatically filled in from the scanned document. Users should be able to correct it if needed.

Verify your personal data Please check if the information below is correct and edit it if needed.

¥ £ 8 50%

0

0

0

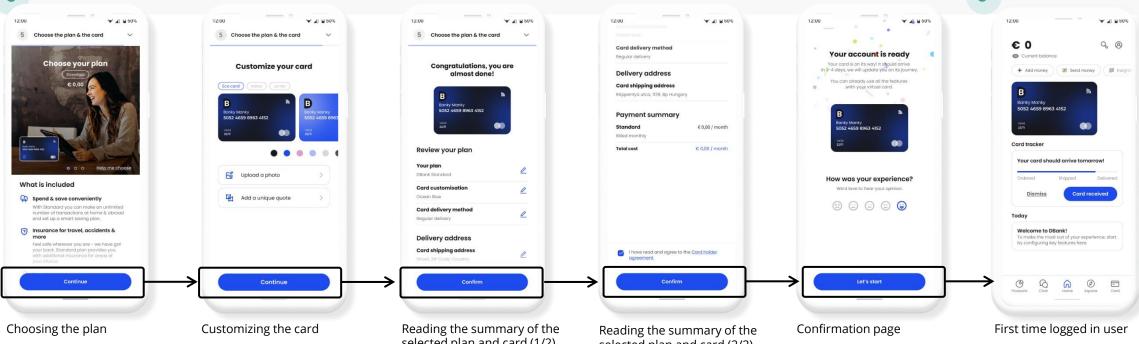
0

0

0

0

Choosing the plan and card



EXPLANATION

At the last stage of the process, users select the plan. They can easily switch between different plans and compare them. Key benefits of each are listed, and the account fee is displayed prominently.

EXPLANATION

After selecting the plan, users are able to select the card (debit or virtual). They can customize:

- card visuals image, color, quote on the card
- material that it has been made from - recyclable, metal etc.

selected plan and card (1/2)

EXPLANATION

Users can review details related to their plan and card and modify them if needed.

selected plan and card (2/2)

EXPLANATION

Users can review details related to their plan and card and modify them if needed.

EXPLANATION

Users receive confirmation that the process has been completed successfully, with available tracking of their card and notification that the virtual version is already functional

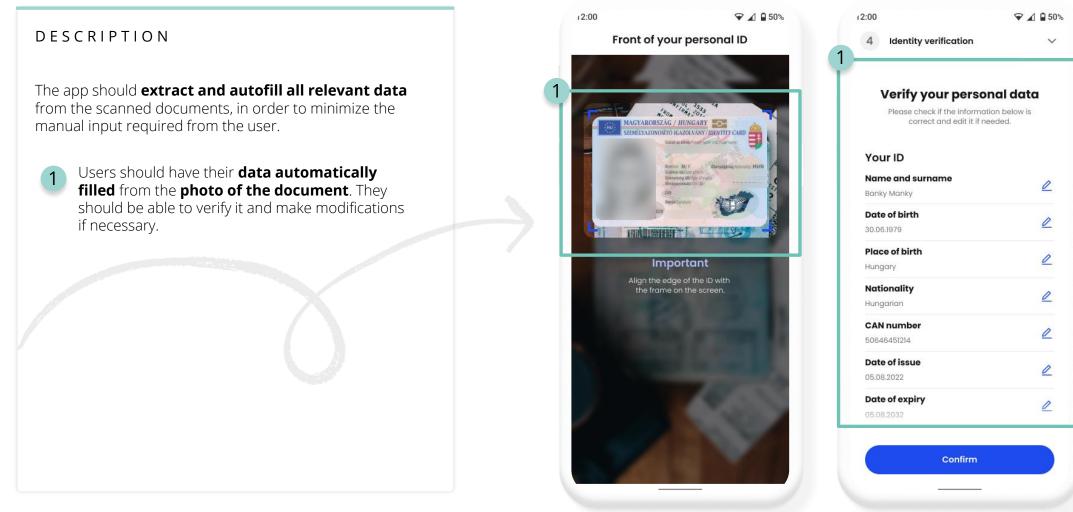
EXPLANATION

First login

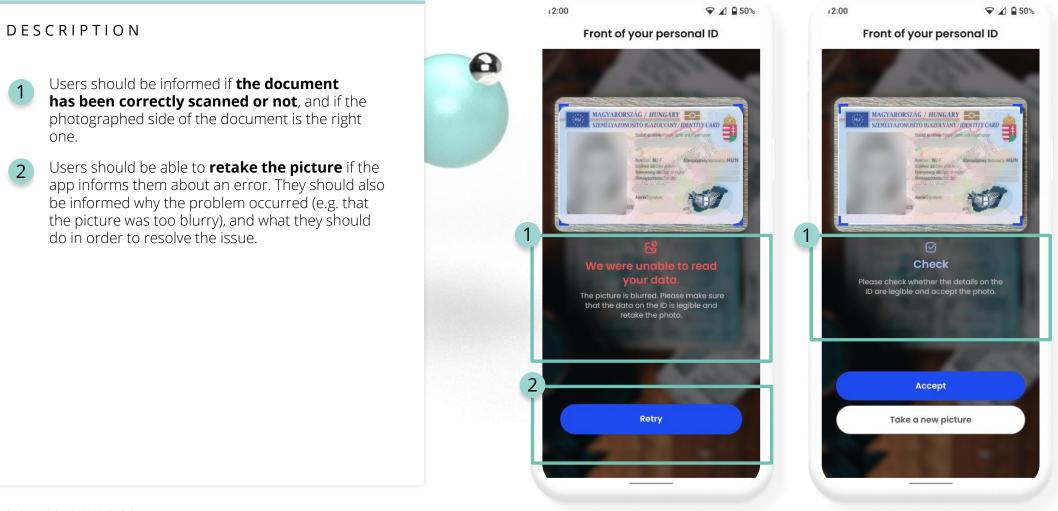
Precise description of best practices regarding initial and progressive onboarding \rightarrow see scenario 2.

Example scenario best practices

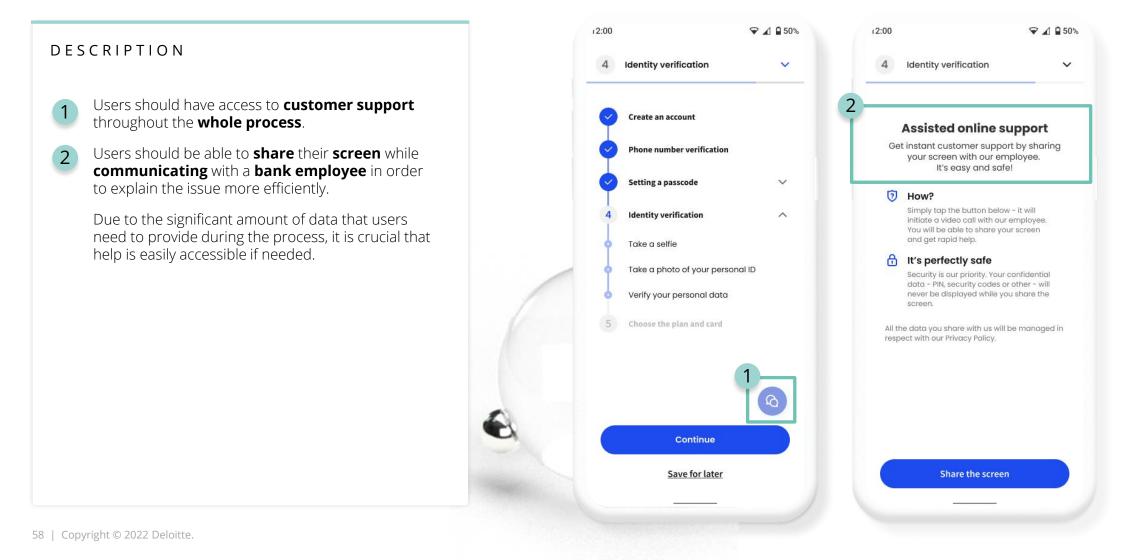
Autofill the data from the photo of the document



Ensure that the ID verification step is error-proof

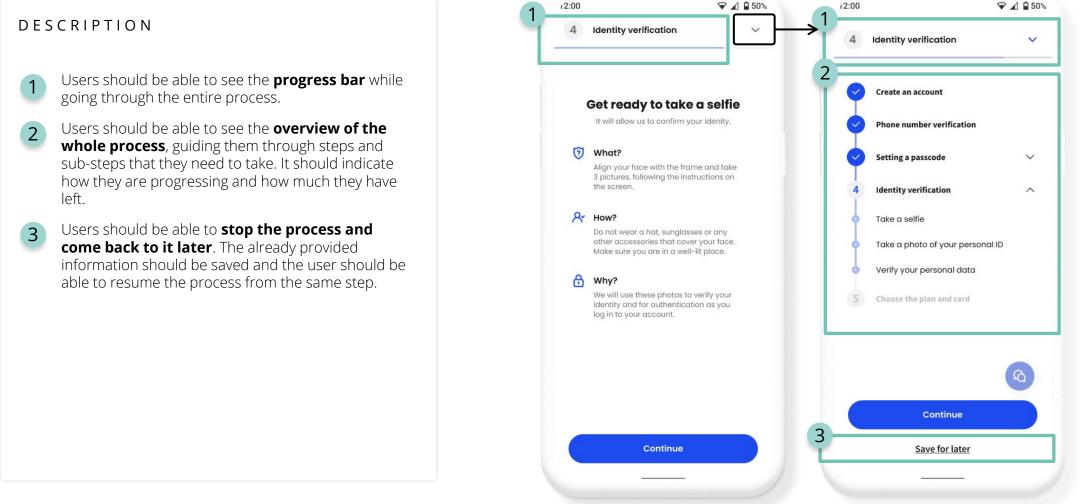


Provide easy access to customer support during the whole process



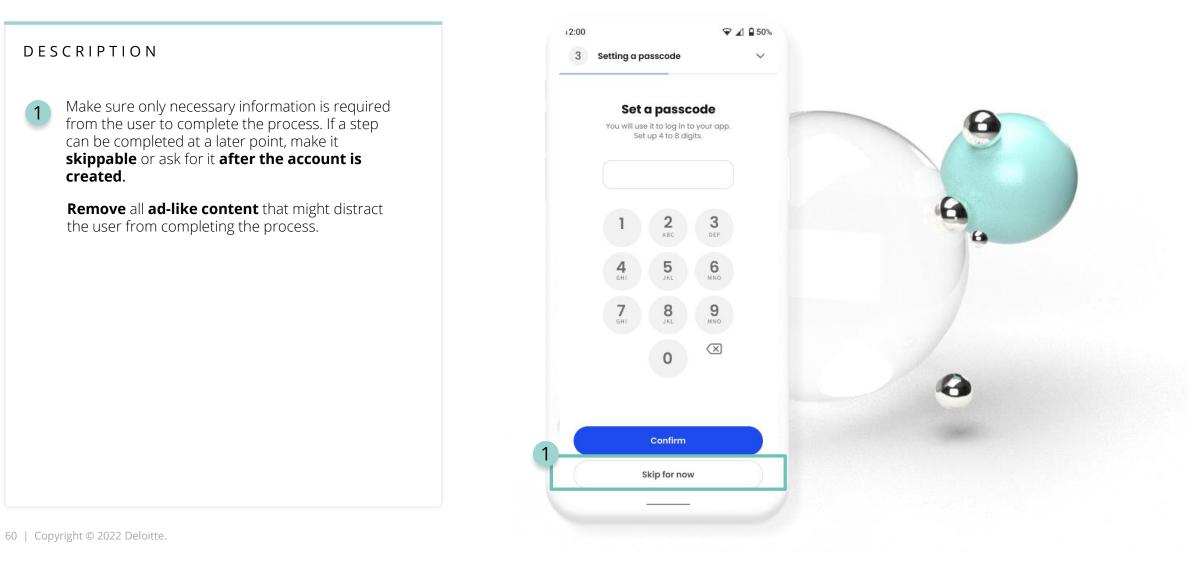
BEST PRACTICES

Ensure that users can track their progress and that they can stop and resume the process without losing the provided data



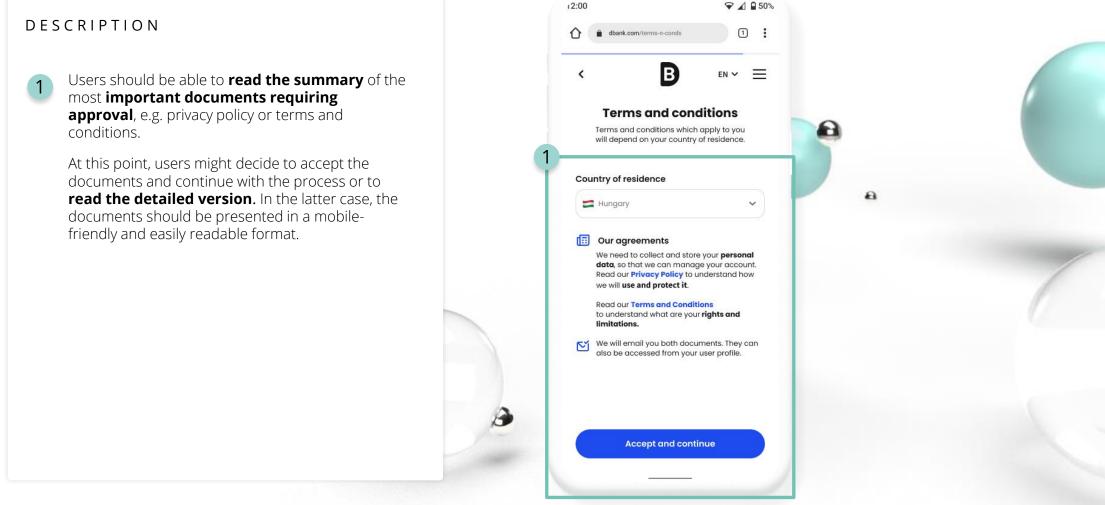
1

Keep the process as short as possible



BEST PRACTICES

Ensure that key agreements are presented in a comprehensible way, and that the documents are optimised for mobile



Description of the study 01

- 02
- Key trends & insights 03
- UX study 04
- How DBM helps banks respond to change 05
- Contacts 06

Global results

This report presents only a **high-level** summary of DBM2022, while much of the potential of the research lies in detailed findings for individual markets and banks; in the next section you will find some ideas on how you can further leverage the study

DBM can help you in identify areas for improvement and inspire you with real-life examples of best practices

How developed is your market and what is the state of the competition?

Gain insights into the positioning of a country within global markets as well as an individual bank in comparison to local and global leaders. What are the key trends and innovations appearing globally?

Learn more about the latest trends and developments in digital retail banking channels.

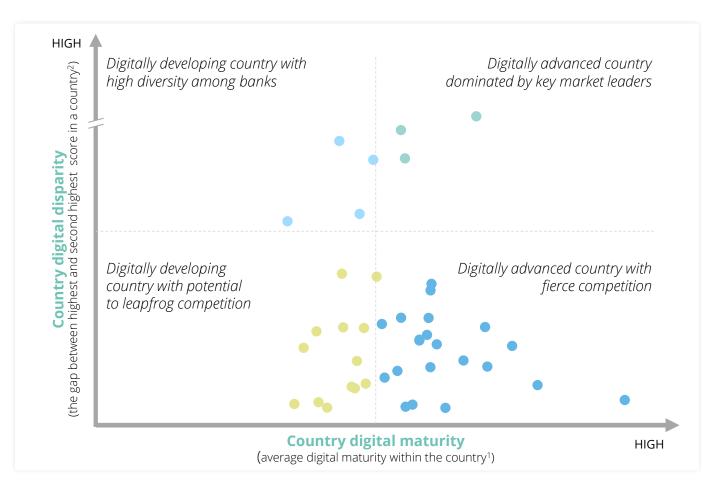
What does best-in-class UX look like?

Examine how UX features and functionalities are helping improve customer satisfaction, and see best practices of functionalities implementation from global banks



If you are interested in finding answers to those and other questions, reach out to your local representatives on the following slides or dbmaturity@deloitte.com

DBM helps banks understand the digital competitive landscape of their country



Digitalization level of every market can be measured not only by the average score that banks achieve on it, but also by looking at **disparity** – here calculated as a difference between the highest and second highest bank score.

This approach helps to identify the **type of competition** that characterizes a specific market, and supports the strategy creation process. Banks can understand:

- If their market is dominated by one leader, or the banks are on a similar level
- If they want to develop strongly in every direction, or prefer to **focus on a specific niche**

Digital maturity describes the average level of digital advancement among local banks.

Digital disparity describes the gap that exists between local competitors within the country.

Country participating in DBM; colour depends on the quarter country is positioned in

Note 2. To achieve comparable data, analysis is based on the results of top8 banks by % of functionalities in given market. Gap of second player in given country to market leader

64 | Copyright © 2022 Deloitte.

Note 1. Data for 41 countries which were covered in 2022 edition

01 Description of the study

- 02 Global results
- 03 Key trends & insights
- 04 UX study
- 05 How DBM helps banks respond to change
- 06 **Contacts**





Will you drive change or be driven by it?

Feel free to reach us for more information:





Michael Wodzicki Partner

mwodzicki@deloitteCE.com

Justyna Woźniakowska Manager

jwozniakowska@deloitteCE.com



Mark MacRae Senior Manager

mmacrae@deloitteCE.com

dbmaturity@deloitte.com



66 | Copyright © 2022 Deloitte

Feel free to reach us for more information on UX research:







Wiesław Kotecki Partner

wkotecki@deloitteCE.com

Bartosz Borowiec Senior Manager

bborowiec@deloitteCE.com

Krisztina Meszaros Senior Consultant

kmeszaros@deloitteCE.com

dbmaturity@deloitte.com



Project team





Jakub Piznal jpiznal@deloittece.com



Wiktoria Trybuchowicz wtrybuchowicz@deloittece.com



Mateusz Zańko mzanko@deloittece.com



Michał Kordalski mkordalski@deloittece.com



Paulina Klimanek pklimanek@deloittece.com



Bianka Grimm bigrimm@deloittece.com



Mikołaj Niedzielski mniedzielski@deloittece.com



Bartłomiej Kloch bkloch@deloittece.com



Agata Majos amajos@deloittece.com



Contact the local representatives directly to learn more about the study and results for your country

🔀 dbmaturity@deloitte.com

8

🕀 <u>Websit</u>

BELGIUM

Cédric Deleuze Partner <u>cdeleuze@deloitte.com</u>

Barbara Vanhaunter Director bvanhauter@deloitte.com

Guerino Setti Lead UX Designer gsetti@deloitte.com

BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA

Muhamed Semic Director msemic@deloittece.com Zerina Pacariz Manager zpacariz@deloittece.com

Kasper Peters

Nicolas Rolis

kapeters@deloitte.com

nrolis@deloitte.com

Guillaume Thys

Lead UX Designer

gthys@deloitte.com

Partner

Manager

SRAZIL

Guilherme Evans Lead Partner guevans@deloitte.com

Sergio Biagini Lead Partner sbiagini@deloitte.com Luiz Caselli Lead Partner luizcaselli@deloitte.com

Sandra Emy Tokutake Senior Manager, UX Team stokutake@deloitte.com

BULGARIA

Sylvia Peneva Partner speneva@deloitteCE.com

CANADA

Michael Tang Partner <u>mtang@deloitte.ca</u>

Dubey Rohit Senior Manager rdubey@deloitte.ca

CHILE

Agustin Alcaide Partner <u>aalcaide@deloitte.com</u>

Francisco Pecorella Director fpecorella@deloitte.com **Dimitar Popov** Partner <u>dpopov@deloittece.com</u>

Jeffrey Todd Partner jtodd@deloitte.ca

Bianca Santillana Castellano Partner <u>bsantillanac@deloitte.com</u>

Contact the local representatives directly to learn more about the study and results for your country

🔀 dbmaturity@deloitte.com

🕀 <u>Websit</u>



Jason Xinhua Guo Partner jasonguo@deloitte.com.cn

Lauren Sheng Nan Zhang Manager, UX Team laurezhang@deloitte.com.cn



Mitja Kumar Partner <u>mitjakumar@deloittece.com</u> **Dejan Obradovic** Manager <u>dobradovic@deloittece.com</u>

Stepan Husek

shusek@deloittece.com

Partner

You Zhong Bin

zhyou@deloitte.com.cn

Partner

CZECH REPUBLIC

Pavel Siska Partner psiska@deloittece.com

Eva Bartunkova Manager ebartunkova@deloittece.com

GERMANY

Juergen Lademann Partner jlademann@deloitte.de

Julia Maurer Manager j<u>umaurer@deloitte.de</u>

Jessica Madeleine Lober Senior Consultant jlober@deloitte.de

GREECE

Katerina Glava Partner <u>kglava@deloitte.gr</u>

George Gialitakis Senior Manager ggialitakis@deloitte.gr David Pade Director dpade@deloitte.de

Maximilian Link Manager malink@deloitte.de

Lyle Shane de Lange UX Studio Lead <u>lylange@deloitte.de</u>

Nikos Christodoulou Partner nchristodoulou@deloitte.gr

Contact the local representatives directly to learn more about the study and results for your country

🔀 dbmaturity@deloitte.com

🕀 <u>Websit</u>



Tamas Schenk Partner tschenk@deloittece.com Annamaria Nemeth Manager anemeth@deloittece.com

Neeyati Kothari

Shyam Govindan

kneeyati@deloitte.com

shyamgovindan@deloitte.com

Deputy Manager, UX Team

virajm@deloitte.com

Partner

Partner

Viraj Mehta



Himanish Chaudhuri Partner hchaudhuri@deloitte.com

Sanjoy Datta Partner sanjoydatta@deloitte.com

Vijay Mani Partner <u>vijaymani@deloitte.com</u>

초 ISRAEL

Itamar Nevo Partner inevo@deloitte.co.il

Shally Tshuva Partner stshuva@deloitte.co.il Manuel Pincetti Senior Partner mpincetti@deloitte.it

ITALY

Gabriele Falcone Director gfalcone@deloitte.it

Lorenzo Piazzoli Experience Design Master Ipiazzoli@deloitte.it



Pascal Martino Partner pamartino@deloitte.lu François Bade Partner fbade@deloitte.lu

Benjamin Bodelle

Benjamin Bodelle Senior Manager bbodelle@deloitte.lu **Gianmaria Trapassi** Senior Partner <u>gtrapassi@deloitte.it</u>

Giovanni Fontanini Director <u>gfontanini@deloitte.it</u>

Contact the local representatives directly to learn more about the study and results for your country

🔀 dbmaturity@deloitte.com

8

🕀 <u>Websit</u>

MIDDLE EAST: THE KINGDOM OF SAUDI ARABIA, QATAR, UNITED ARAB EMIRATES

Khaled Hilmi Partner khilmi@deloitte.com

Niraj Naetsawan Director nnaetsawan@deloitte.com

Senior Manager <u>sesmail@deloitte.com</u>

Rushdi Dugah

Salimah Esmail

Senior Digital Partner

rdugh@deloitte.com

Divjot Anand Manager divanand@deloitte.com

NETHERLANDS

Emeric Van Waes Partner evanwaes@deloitte.nl

Chrissy Welsh Director, UX Team chwelsh@deloitte.nl NIGERIA

Linda Quaynor Partner Iquaynor@deloitte.com.ng

Olajumoke Okewole Manager ookewole@deloitte.com.ng Ayisat Abondejo Semi Senior aabondejo@deloitte.com.ng

NORDICS: DENMARK, ICELAND, FINLAND, NORWAY, SWEDEN

Mårten Sellgren Partner msellgren@deloitte.se

Kristi Merethe Tranby Partner <u>ktranby@deloitte.no</u>

Mikko Helin Partner mikko.helin@deloitte.fi

Nikolai Herlofson Finne Senior Manager nfinne@deloitte.no Kristian Skotte Partner <u>kskotte@deloitte.dk</u>

Björgvin Ingi Olafsson Partner <u>bolafsson@deloitte.is</u>

Andreas Björkgren Director abjorkgren@deloitte.se

Contact the local representatives directly to learn more about the study and results for your country





Michael Wodzicki Partner mwodzicki@deloittece.com

Justyna Woźniakowska Manager jwozniakowska@deloittece.com



João Matias Ferreira Associate Partner joaomferreira@deloitte.pt Gustavo Carvalho Romao Senior Manager gromao@deloitte.pt

Mark MacRae Senior Manager

mmacrae@deloittece.com

ROMANIA

Andrei Ionescu Partner aionescu@deloittece.com Aninoiu Vladimir Director vaninoiu@deloittece.com SERBIA

Mitja Kumar Partner <u>mitjakumar@deloittece.com</u> Nebojsa Nikolic Director nenikolic@deloittece.com

Nemanja Vujic Senior Manager nvujic@deloittece.com



SINGAPORE AND THAILAND

Mohit Mehrotra Executive Director momehrotra@deloitte.com Alex Douglas-Jones Director aldouglasjones@deloitte.com

💵 SLOVAKIA

Michal Kopanic Partner <u>mkopanic@deloittece.com</u> Veronica Hraskova Director vhraskova@deloittece.com

Salvatore Castiglia Manager sacastiglia@deloittece.com

Contact the local representatives directly to learn more about the study and results for your country

🔀 dbmaturity@deloitte.com

Websit



Lan Filipic Director lfilipic@deloittece.com Matija Veber Senior Consultant mveber@deloittece.com

SPAIN

Gerard Sanz Partner <u>gsanz@monitordeloitte.es</u>



Fernando Oliva Partner <u>foliva@deloitte.com</u>

ppequeno@deloitte.com

Pablo Pequeño

Partner

Mario Valadez Partner <u>mavaladez@deloittemx.com</u>

Pablo Peso Partner <u>ppeso@deloitte.com</u>



Patrik Spiller Partner <u>pspiller@deloitte.ch</u>

Marina Laube Senior Manager mlaube@deloitte.ch

UNITED KINGDOM

Jonathan Gray Partner jonagray@deloitte.co.uk Saejin Lee Senior Manager, UX Team saejinlee@deloitte.co.uk

Cyrill Kiefer

cykiefer@deloitte.ch

Partner

Edward J Matheson Senior Manager, UX Team edmatheson@deloitte.co.uk



Gys Hyman Principal gyshyman@deloitte.com

Nick Scales

Manager, UX Team

nscales@deloitte.com

Nick Cowell Principal nicowell@deloitte.com

Patrick Parfrey Manager, UX Team pparfrey@deloitte.com