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Accounting Roundup

by Magnus Orrell and Joseph Renouf, Deloitte & Touche LLP

Welcome to the April 2017 edition of *Accounting Roundup*. Highlights of this issue include the following:

- The AICPA's release of a framework on cybersecurity risk management.
- The final judgment by the U.S. District Court for the District of Columbia in the litigation related to the SEC's conflict minerals rule and the court's remanding of the case to the Commission.

Be sure to monitor upcoming issues of *Accounting Roundup* for new developments. We value your feedback and would appreciate any comments you may have on this publication. Take a moment to tell us what you think by sending us an e-mail at accountingstandards@deloitte.com.

For the latest news and publications, visit the [Deloitte Accounting Research Tool](#) (DART) and Deloitte's [US GAAP Plus Web site](#) or [subscribe](#) to *Weekly Roundup*. Also see our [Twitter](#) feed for up-to-date information on the latest news, research, events, and more.

Leadership Change

IAASB: On April 6, 2017, IFAC announced that it has extended the term of [Prof. Arnold Schilder](#) as IAASB chairman. The extension "is due to the current review of potential enhancements to international standard-setting arrangements being undertaken by key stakeholders."

Dbriefs for Financial Executives

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For more information, please see our complete *Dbriefs* [program guide](#) or click a link below for more information about any of these upcoming *Dbriefs* webcasts (all webcasts begin at 2:00 p.m. (EDT) unless otherwise noted):

- Thursday, May 4: [The New FASB Revenue Recognition Standard: Charting an Effective Implementation.](#)
- Monday, May 8: [FAQs About the New FASB Leases Standard: You're Not Alone.](#)
- Thursday, May 11: [Global Tax Compliance and Statutory Accounting Reporting: Emerging Trends and Developments.](#)
- Wednesday, May 17, 3:00 p.m. (EDT): [Commercial Spending: The Latest Victim of Zero-Based Budgeting?](#)
- Wednesday, May 24: [Global Ethics and Compliance in Uncertain Times: Leveling the Playing Field.](#)
- Thursday, May 25: [Extended Enterprise Risk Management: New Perspectives on a Growing Imperative.](#)
- Thursday, June 1: [Improving Financial Close, Consolidation, and Reporting Processes: Time to Revisit Old Foes.](#)

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Featured Publication

On April 25, 2017, Deloitte issued a [Heads Up](#) that addresses FAQs that have arisen regarding the FASB's new leases standard, [ASU 2016-02](#). Topics covered include the definition of a lease, lease payments, and presentation and disclosure.

Other Deloitte Publications

Publication	Title	Affects
April 4, 2017, Heads Up	<i>Adopting the New Revenue Standard — Where Do Companies Stand?</i>	All entities.
April 4, 2017, Heads Up	<i>FASB Amends the Amortization Period for Certain Callable Debt Securities Purchased at a Premium</i>	All entities.
April 4, 2017, Financial Reporting Alert	<i>SEC Reemphasizes Its Continued Focus on the New Revenue Standard, Including Advancing ICFR</i>	SEC registrants.

Accounting — New Standards and Exposure Drafts

In This Section

- [International](#)
 - [IASB Proposes Minor Amendments to IFRS 9](#)

International

IASB Proposes Minor Amendments to IFRS 9

Affects: Entities reporting under IFRSs.

Summary: On April 21, 2017, the IASB published an [ED](#) that addresses concerns about how certain prepayable financial assets are classified under IFRS 9 (on financial instruments). Under the ED, certain financial assets containing prepayment features that might result in so-called negative compensation could be measured at amortized cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income (depending on a company's business model) if two conditions are met:

- The assessment that the prepayment amount is not solely a payment of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding only hinges on the fact that “the party that chooses to terminate the contract early . . . may **receive** reasonable additional compensation for doing so.”
- “[W]hen the entity initially recognises the financial asset, the fair value of the prepayment feature is insignificant.”

Next Steps: Comments on the ED are due by May 24, 2017.

Other Resources: Deloitte's April 24, 2017, [IFRS in Focus](#). Also see the [press release](#) on the IASB's Web site.

Accounting — Other Key Developments

In This Section

- [Revenue Recognition](#)
 - [AICPA Issues Revenue Working Drafts](#)

Revenue Recognition

AICPA Issues Revenue Working Drafts

Affects: Entities in industries within the scope of the working drafts.

Summary: In April 2017, the AICPA's revenue recognition task forces released for public comment 11 working drafts on accounting issues associated with the implementation of the new revenue standard for airlines, gaming, hospitality, and time-share entities. The working drafts address the following topics:

- Passenger ticket breakage, ancillary fees, interline transactions, brand name and customer lists, interline loyalty transactions, and change fees ([airlines](#)).
- Loyalty tier status ([gaming](#)).
- Franchise fees, hotel service arrangements, and accounting for owned and leased property ([hospitality](#)).
- Collectibility ([time shares](#)).

Next Steps: Comments on the working drafts are due by June 1, 2017.

Other Resources: For more information, see the [revenue recognition](#) page on the AICPA's Web site.

Auditing Developments

In This Section

- [AICPA](#)
 - [AICPA Issues New Technical Practice Aids](#)
 - [AICPA Issues Framework Related to Cybersecurity Risk Management](#)
 - [AICPA Issues Proposed SAS on Employee Benefit Plans](#)
- [CAQ](#)
 - [CAQ Updates Publication on Assessing External Auditors](#)
- [International](#)
 - [IAASB Proposes Standard on Auditing Accounting Estimates](#)

AICPA

AICPA Issues New Technical Practice Aids

Affects: Auditors.

Summary: On April 26, 2017, the AICPA issued five new Q&As related to its Technical Practice Aids on internal controls. Specifically, the following Q&As have been added to TIS Section 8200:

- .17, "Obtaining an Understanding of Business Processes Relevant to Financial Reporting and Communication."
- .18, "Obtaining an Understanding of Internal Control Relevant to the Audit."
- .19, "Obtaining an Understanding of the Controls Relevant to the Audit."
- .20, "Control Activities That Are Always Relevant to the Audit."
- .21, "Control Activities That May Be Relevant to the Audit."

Other Resources: For more information, see the [recently issued technical questions and answers](#) page on the AICPA's Web site.

AICPA Issues Framework Related to Cybersecurity Risk Management

Affects: Entities and CPAs providing advisory or attestation services.

Summary: On April 26, 2017, the AICPA issued a framework related to cybersecurity risk management. The purpose of the framework is to "enable all organizations — in industries worldwide — to take a proactive and agile approach to cybersecurity risk management and to communicate on those activities with stakeholders."

Other Resources: For more information, see the [press release](#) and [system and organization controls for cybersecurity page](#) on the AICPA's Web site. In addition, see Deloitte's [cybersecurity risk management examination](#) discussion on Deloitte.com.

AICPA Issues Proposed SAS on Employee Benefit Plans

Affects: Auditors of employee benefit plans.

Summary: On April 20, 2017, the ASB of the AICPA issued a [proposed SAS](#) that addresses audits of financial statements of employee benefit plans subject to the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974. The proposed SAS is being issued in response to a 2015 Department of Labor report that criticized the quality of employee benefit plan audits.

Next Steps: Comments on the proposed SAS are due by August 21, 2017.

CAQ

CAQ Updates Publication on Assessing External Auditors

Affects: Audit committees.

Summary: On April 18, 2017, the CAQ released an updated version of its [publication](#) on assessing external auditors. The purpose of the publication is “to assist audit committees in carrying out their responsibilities of appointing, overseeing, and determining compensation for the external auditor.” The update takes into account “upcoming changes in accounting rules and standards and other potential risk areas.”

Next Steps: For more information, see the [press release](#) and [video](#) on the CAQ’s Web site.

International

IAASB Proposes Standard on Auditing Accounting Estimates

Affects: Auditors.

Summary: On April 20, 2017, the IAASB issued an [ED](#) of a proposed standard that would significantly change “how auditors evaluate accounting estimates and related disclosures.” Under the proposal, auditors would be required “to sharpen their focus on risks of material misstatements arising from accounting estimates, and to address those risks with more granular audit requirements.”

Next Steps: Comments on the proposed standard are due by August 1, 2017.

Other Resources: For more information, see the [press release](#) on IFAC’s Web site.

Governmental Accounting and Auditing Developments

In This Section

- [FASAB](#)
 - [FASAB Issues Technical Release on Property, Plant, and Equipment](#)
- [GASB](#)
 - [GASB Issues Implementation Guide](#)
- [GAO](#)
 - [GAO Proposes Updates to “Yellow Book”](#)
- [International](#)
 - [IPSASB Issues Consultation Paper on Heritage Reporting](#)

FASAB

FASAB Issues Technical Release on Property, Plant, and Equipment

Affects: Entities applying federal financial accounting standards.

Summary: On April 10, 2017, the FASAB issued [Technical Release 17](#), which amends certain previously published technical releases to conform them with FASAB Statement 50, which provides guidance on establishing opening balances for general property, plant, and equipment (PP&E). Specifically, the technical release reiterates that Statement 50 rescinded Statement 35 (on estimating the historical cost of general PP&E) and clarifies that Statement 6 (on accounting for PP&E), which was amended by Statement 50, now contains “all standards-level implementation guidance for general [PP&E] (with the exception of certain provisions applicable to internal use software).”

Technical Release 17 became effective upon issuance.

GASB

GASB Issues Implementation Guide

Affects: Entities reporting under financial accounting and reporting standards for state and local governments.

Summary: On April 28, 2017, the GASB issued an [implementation guide](#) “to provide guidance that clarifies, explains, or elaborates on GASB Statements.”

Next Steps: The implementation guide is effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2017. Early application is encouraged.

GAO

GAO Proposes Updates to “Yellow Book”

Affects: Auditors of federal, state, and local governments.

Summary: On April 5, 2017, the GAO issued an [ED](#) that proposes changes to its “Yellow Book,” which contains generally accepted government auditing standards (GAGAS). The updates include:

- Revisions to the chapter format.
- Clarification of the independence requirements to which the auditor is subject “when the engaging party differs from the responsible party.”
- Inclusion of guidance stating that “any services performed by auditors related to preparing accounting records and financial statements, other than those defined as impairments to independence, create significant threats to auditors’ independence and that auditors should document the threats and safeguards applied to eliminate and reduce the threats to an acceptable level or decline to perform the services.”
- Revisions to the CPE requirements in an attempt to increase GAGAS proficiency.
- Expansion of peer review standards.

- New definition of waste and additional “requirements for reporting or communicating waste that auditors become aware of during audits.”
- Incorporation of SSAE 18 and SSARS 21 into GAGAS “for auditors conducting attestation engagements and reviews of financial statements, respectively.”
- Updates to guidance related to internal controls.

Next Steps: Comments on the ED are due by July 6, 2017.

Other Resources: For more information, see the [press release](#) on the GAO’s Web site.

International

IPSASB Issues Consultation Paper on Heritage Reporting

Affects: Public-sector entities.

Summary: On April 11, 2017, the IPSASB released a [consultation paper](#) that requests feedback on the financial reporting for heritage items, which the paper defines as “items that are intended to be held indefinitely and preserved for the benefit of present and future generations because of their rarity and/or significance in relation, but not limited, to their archeological, architectural, agricultural, artistic, cultural, environmental, historical, natural, scientific or technological features.” According to IPSASB Chairman Ian Carruthers, the paper “is a first step toward developing financial reporting guidance to support accountability and decision making in this area.”

Next Steps: Comments on the consultation paper are due by September 30, 2017.

Other Resources: For more information, see the [press release](#) on IFAC’s Web site.

Regulatory and Compliance Developments

In This Section

- SEC
 - [SEC Issues Small-Entity Compliance Guide on Intrastate Offering Exemptions](#)
 - [Federal Court Remands Conflict Minerals Case to SEC](#)
 - [SEC Staff Releases FAQs on IFRS Taxonomy and Updates FAQs on Inline XBRL](#)
 - [SEC Staff Updates C&DIs](#)

SEC

SEC Issues Small-Entity Compliance Guide on Intrastate Offering Exemptions

Affects: SEC registrants.

Summary: On April 19, 2017, the SEC issued a [small-entity compliance guide](#) that provides guidance on the SEC's October 2016 final rules that "modernize how issuers can raise money to fund their businesses through intrastate offerings while maintaining investor protections." Topics covered in the guide include requirements of Rules 147 and 147A, restrictions on resales, filing requirements and relationship with state securities laws, and integration.

Federal Court Remands Conflict Minerals Case to SEC

Affects: SEC registrants.

Summary: On April 3, 2017, the U.S. District Court for the District of Columbia released its final judgment in the litigation related to the SEC's conflict minerals rule and remanded the case to the Commission. After the April 3, 2017, ruling by the district court, the SEC announced that it is suspending enforcement of some requirements in the conflict minerals rule. Specifically, the [public statement](#) released by the Division of Corporation Finance notes:

The court's remand has now presented significant issues for the Commission to address. At the direction of the Acting Chairman, we have considered those issues. In light of the uncertainty regarding how the Commission will resolve those issues and related issues raised by commenters, the **Division of Corporation Finance has determined that it will not recommend enforcement action to the Commission if companies, including those that are subject to paragraph (c) of Item 1.01 of Form SD, only file disclosure under the provisions of paragraphs (a) and (b) of Item 1.01 of Form SD.** This statement is subject to any further action that may be taken by the Commission, expresses the Division's position on enforcement action only, and does not express any legal conclusion on the rule. [Emphasis added]



Editor's Note

In April 2014, the U.S. Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit (the "Appellate Court") [held](#) that parts of the SEC's [final rule](#) on conflict minerals and of Section 1502 of the Dodd-Frank Act Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act violate the First Amendment of the U.S. Constitution to the extent that they require "regulated entities to report to the Commission and to state on their website that any of their products have 'not been found to be "DRC conflict free.'"" In August 2015, the Appellate Court upheld the ruling.

Other Resources: For more information, see [Michael Piwowar's public statement](#) on ruling on the SEC's Web site. Also see the GAO's [letter](#) to congressional committees about its review of disclosures provided in connection with the conflict minerals rule.

SEC Staff Releases FAQs on IFRS Taxonomy and Updates FAQs on Inline XBRL

Affects: SEC registrants.

Summary: On April 27, 2017, the SEC staff issued [FAQs](#) on the IFRS taxonomy, which became available on March 1, 2017, for use by foreign private issuers that submit their financial statements in accordance with IFRSs. In addition, the SEC staff updated its [FAQs](#) on inline XBRL, which enables entities to embed XBRL data directly into HTML.

SEC Staff Updates C&DIs

Affects: SEC registrants.

Summary: In April 2017, the staff in the SEC's Division of Corporation Finance issued the following C&DIs:

- [*Question 141.06 of the Securities Act Rules C&DIs*](#) — Discusses whether “an issuer making ongoing offers and sales pursuant to Rule 147 [is] able to transition to offers and sales in reliance on Rule 147A.”
- [*Questions 201.02 and 202.01 of the Regulation Crowdfunding C&DIs*](#) — Question 201.02 addresses the dollar amount an issuer should use “to determine the threshold at which disclosure of related party transactions is required under Rule 201(r),” and Question 202.01 covers how an issuer determines “the number of holders of record for purposes of determining eligibility to terminate its duty to file ongoing reports pursuant to Rule 202(b)(2) of Regulation Crowdfunding.”

Appendix A: Current Status of FASB Projects

This appendix summarizes the objectives,¹ current status, and next steps for the FASB's active standard-setting projects (excluding research initiatives).

Project	Description	Status and Next Steps
Recognition and Measurement Projects		
Accounting for financial instruments: hedging	The purpose of this project is to “make targeted improvements to the hedge accounting model based on the feedback received from preparers, auditors, users and other stakeholders.”	<p>On September 8, 2016, the FASB issued a proposed ASU that would make targeted improvements to the accounting for hedging activities. The proposed amendments “would expand and refine hedge accounting for both nonfinancial and financial risk components and would align the recognition and presentation of the effects of the hedging instrument and the hedged item in the financial statements.” Comments on the proposal were due by November 22, 2016. For more information, see Deloitte’s September 14, 2016, Heads Up.</p> <p>During the first quarter of 2017, the FASB has affirmed a number of the proposed amendments and revised others. For more information, see Deloitte’s February 1, 2017; February 16, 2017; March 10, 2017; and March 23, 2017, journal entries.</p>
Collaborative arrangements: targeted improvements	The purpose of this project is “to clarify when transactions between partners in a collaborative arrangement (that is within the scope of [ASC 808]) should be accounted for as revenue transactions in [ASC 606].”	The Board added this project to its technical agenda on November 16, 2016.
Conceptual framework: measurement	The objective of the conceptual framework project is “to develop an improved conceptual framework that provides a sound foundation for developing future accounting standards.”	Beginning in 2014, the Board has deliberated measurement concepts, such as methods of determining initial carrying amounts of assets, liabilities, and equity. In addition, the Board has discussed concepts related to measuring changes in carrying amounts. On November 30, 2016, the Board made tentative decisions related to initial measurement concepts and asked the staff to develop a revised project plan.

¹ The quoted material related to the projects’ objectives is from the respective project pages on the FASB’s Web site.

Consolidation reorganization and targeted improvements	The purpose of this project is to clarify and make targeted improvements to the consolidation guidance in ASC 810.	<p>On November 2, 2016, the Board added this project to its technical agenda. Further, it tentatively decided to (1) “clarify the consolidation guidance in [ASC 810]” by dividing it into separate Codification subtopics for voting interest entities and variable interest entities (VIEs); (2) develop a new Codification topic, ASC 812, that would include those reorganized subtopics and would completely supersede ASC 810; (3) rescind the subsections on consolidation of entities controlled by contract in ASC 810-10-15 and in ASC 810-30 on research and development arrangements; (4) “further clarify that power over a VIE is obtained through a variable interest”; and (5) “provide further clarification of the application of the concept of ‘expected,’ which is used throughout the VIE consolidation guidance.”</p> <p>At its March 8, 2017, meeting, the FASB discussed the feedback received at its December 16, 2016, public roundtable and voted to move forward with a proposed ASU that reorganizes the consolidation guidance.</p> <p>For more information, see Deloitte’s November 8, 2016, and March 14, 2017, journal entries.</p>
Consolidation: targeted improvements to related-party guidance for VIEs	The objective of this project is to make targeted improvements to the related-party guidance for VIEs.	At its March 8, 2017, meeting, the Board decided to add to its agenda a project on an elective private-company scope exception to the VIE guidance for entities under common control and certain targeted improvements to the existing related-party guidance in the VIE model. For more information, see Deloitte’s March 14, 2017, journal entry .
Determining the customer of the operation services in a service concession arrangement (EITF Issue 16-C)	The purpose of this project is to resolve diversity in practice related to the accounting for service concession arrangements.	<p>On November 4, 2016, the FASB issued a proposed ASU in response to the consensus-for-exposure reached by the EITF at its September 22, 2016, meeting. A service concession arrangement is an arrangement between a grantor (a government or public-sector entity) and an operating entity (a private-sector entity) under which the operating entity will operate the grantor’s infrastructure (e.g., airports, roads, bridges, and hospitals). Under the proposed ASU, the grantor (rather than any third-party user) is considered the customer of the operation services when the revenue recognition guidance in ASC 606 is applied to a service concession arrangement within the scope of ASC 853. Accordingly, payments made by the operating entity to the grantor are treated as a reduction of revenue rather than as an operating expense. Comments on the proposed ASU were due by January 6, 2017.</p> <p>On March 29, 2017, the Board ratified the final consensus reached at the March 16, 2017, EITF meeting and directed the staff to draft a final ASU for a vote by written ballot. The FASB expects to issue the ASU in the second quarter of 2017. For more information, see Deloitte’s March 2017 EITF Snapshot.</p>
Improving the accounting for asset acquisitions and business combinations (phase 3 of the definition of a business project)	The purpose of this phase of the project is to consider whether there are differences in the acquisition and derecognition guidance for assets and businesses that could be aligned.	The Board has not yet begun deliberating this phase of the project.

Insurance: targeted improvements to the accounting for long-duration contracts	The purpose of this project is to “develop targeted improvements to insurance accounting. Those improvements may address recognition, measurement, presentation, and disclosure requirements for long-duration insurance contracts.”	On September 29, 2016, the FASB issued a proposed ASU that would make targeted improvements to the recognition, measurement, presentation, and disclosure requirements for long-duration contracts issued by insurance entities. The proposed approach would affect the assumptions used to measure the liability for future policy benefits, the measurement of market risk benefits, and the amortization of deferred acquisition costs. Comments on the proposal were due by December 15, 2016. On February 8, 2017, the Board discussed feedback received. No technical decisions were made. For more information, see Deloitte’s October 2016 Insurance Spotlight .
Liabilities and equity: targeted improvements	The purpose of this project is to “simplify the accounting guidance related to financial instruments with characteristics of liabilities and equity.”	On December 7, 2016, the FASB issued a proposed ASU that would replace (1) the existing guidance on “down-round” features in ASC 815-40 with a new accounting model and (2) the indefinite deferrals in ASC 480-10 with a scope exception that has the same applicability. Comments on the proposal were due by February 6, 2017. On March 22, 2017, the Board affirmed its decision to replace the indefinite deferral in ASC 480 with a scope exception. On April 19, 2017, the Board decided that (1) the existence of a down-round feature should not preclude equity classification for an instrument that contains it and (2) a public business entity should reflect the effect of the trigger of a down-round feature as an adjustment to EPS. For more information, see Deloitte’s December 8, 2016, Heads Up .
Nonemployee share-based payment accounting improvements	The purpose of this project is “to reduce cost and complexity and improve the accounting for nonemployee share-based payment awards issued by public and private companies.”	On March 7, 2017, the FASB issued a proposed ASU that would simplify the accounting for share-based payments granted to nonemployees for goods and services. Under the proposal, most of the guidance on such payments would be aligned with the requirements for share-based payments granted to employees. Comments on the proposed ASU are due by June 5, 2017. For more information, see Deloitte’s March 10, 2017, Heads Up .
Revenue recognition: grants and contracts by not-for-profit entities	The purpose of this project is to “improve and clarify existing guidance on revenue recognition of grants and contracts by not-for-profit entities.”	At its April 20, 2016, meeting, the FASB decided to add this project to its technical agenda. Stakeholders have raised two main issues: (1) characterizing grants and contracts with governmental agencies and others as (a) reciprocal transactions (exchanges) or (b) nonreciprocal transactions (contributions) and (2) differentiating between conditions and restrictions for nonreciprocal transactions. The Board deliberated these issues on June 15, 2016; August 31, 2016; December 14, 2016; February 22, 2017; and April 19, 2017. For more information, see Deloitte’s June 16, 2016, journal entry .

Share-based payments: scope of modification accounting in ASC 718	This project is intended to reduce the cost and complexity of applying modification accounting in ASC 718.	On November 17, 2016, the FASB issued a proposed ASU that would clarify which changes to the terms or conditions of a share-based payment award should require an entity to apply modification accounting under ASC 718. Modification accounting would not apply if a change to an award does not affect the total current fair value (or other applicable measurement), vesting requirements, or the classification of the award. Comments on the proposed ASU were due by January 6, 2017. On February 22, 2017, the Board discussed comments received on the proposed ASU and decided to reaffirm and clarify a number of the proposed amendments. The Board asked the staff to draft a final ASU for a vote by written ballot. For all entities, the final ASU will be effective prospectively for awards modified in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, and interim periods within those annual periods. Early adoption will be permitted. The FASB expects to issue a final ASU in the second quarter of 2017. For more information, see Deloitte's November 18, 2016, Heads Up and February 22, 2017, journal entry .
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Technical corrections and improvements	The purpose of this project is to "provide regular updates and improvements to the [Codification] based on feedback received from constituents."	The Board has not yet commenced deliberations of its next technical corrections and improvements.
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Presentation and Disclosure Projects

Conceptual framework: presentation	The objective of the conceptual framework project is to develop an improved conceptual framework that provides a sound foundation for developing future accounting standards.	On August 11, 2016, the FASB issued a proposed concepts statement that would add a new chapter on presentation of financial statement information to the FASB's conceptual framework. Comments were due by November 9, 2016.
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Disclosure framework	The disclosure framework project consists of two phases: (1) the FASB's decision process and (2) the entity's decision process. The overall objective of the project is to "improve the effectiveness of disclosures in notes to financial statements by clearly communicating the information that is most important to users of each entity's financial statements. (Although reducing the volume of the notes to financial statements is not the primary focus, the Board hopes that a sharper focus on important information will result in reduced volume in most cases.)"	<p>FASB's Decision Process</p> <p>On March 4, 2014, the FASB issued an ED of a proposed concepts statement that would add a new chapter to the Board's conceptual framework for financial reporting that contains a decision process for the Board and its staff to use in determining what disclosures should be required in notes to financial statements. Comments on the ED were due by July 14, 2014. For more information, see Deloitte's March 6, 2014, Heads Up.</p> <p>On September 24, 2015, the FASB issued an ED of proposed amendments to chapter 3 of Concepts Statement 8 that would add a statement that materiality is a legal concept and include a brief summary of the U.S. Supreme Court's definition of materiality. Comments on the ED were due by December 8, 2015.</p>
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Entity's Decision Process

On September 24, 2015, the FASB issued a [proposed ASU](#) that would amend the Codification to indicate that the omission of disclosures about immaterial information is not an accounting error. The proposal notes that materiality is a legal concept that should be applied to assess quantitative and qualitative disclosures individually and in the aggregate in the context of the financial statements taken as a whole. Comments on the proposal were due by December 8, 2015. For more information, see Deloitte's September 28, 2015, [Heads Up](#).

The Board began its discussion of comments received on December 14, 2016.

Disclosure framework: disclosure review — defined benefit plans	The purpose of this project is to improve the effectiveness of disclosure requirements that apply to defined benefit plans.	<p>On January 26, 2016, the FASB issued a proposed ASU that would modify the disclosure requirements for employers that sponsor defined benefit pension or other postretirement plans. Comments on the proposal were due by April 25, 2016. For more information, see Deloitte's January 28, 2016, Heads Up.</p> <p>At its July 13, 2016, meeting, the FASB discussed feedback on its proposed ASU and directed its staff to conduct additional research.</p>
Disclosure framework: disclosure review — fair value measurement	The purpose of this project is to improve the effectiveness of fair value measurement disclosures.	<p>On December 3, 2015, the FASB issued a proposed ASU that would modify the disclosure requirements related to fair value measurement. Comments on the proposal were due by February 29, 2016. For more information, see Deloitte's December 8, 2015, Heads Up.</p> <p>At its June 1, 2016, meeting, the FASB discussed comments received on its proposed ASU and directed its staff to reach out to investors and other financial statement users regarding the proposal.</p>
Disclosure framework: disclosure review — income taxes	The purpose of this project is to improve the effectiveness of income tax disclosures.	<p>On June 26, 2016, the FASB issued a proposed ASU that would modify existing and add new income tax disclosure requirements. The proposed requirements include describing an enacted change in tax law; disaggregating certain income tax information between foreign and domestic; explaining the circumstances that caused a change in assertion about the indefinite reinvestment of undistributed foreign earnings; and disclosing the aggregate of cash, cash equivalents, and marketable securities held by foreign subsidiaries. Comments on the proposed ASU were due by September 30, 2016. For more information, see Deloitte's July 29, 2016, Heads Up.</p> <p>On January 25, 2017, the Board discussed the feedback received on the proposed ASU. No technical decisions were made.</p>
Disclosure framework: disclosures — interim reporting	The purpose of this project is to improve the effectiveness of interim disclosures.	<p>At its May 28, 2014, meeting, the FASB decided to amend ASC 270 "to reflect that disclosures about matters required to be set forth in annual financial statements should be provided on an updated basis in the interim report if there is a substantial likelihood that the updated information would be viewed by a reasonable investor as significantly altering the 'total mix' of information available to the investor."</p>
Disclosure framework: disclosure review — inventory	The purpose of this project is to improve the effectiveness of inventory disclosures.	<p>On January 10, 2017, the FASB issued a proposed ASU that would modify or eliminate certain disclosure requirements related to inventory and establish new requirements. Comments on the proposed ASU were due by March 13, 2017. For more information, see Deloitte's January 12, 2017, Heads Up.</p>

Disclosures by business entities about government assistance	The purpose of this project is to “develop disclosure requirements about government assistance that improves the content, quality and comparability of financial information and financial statements and that is responsive to the emerging issues in the changing financial and economic environment in which reporting entities operate.”	On November 12, 2015, the FASB issued a proposed ASU that would increase financial reporting transparency by requiring specific disclosures about government assistance received by businesses. The objective of the proposed disclosure requirements is to enable financial statement users to better assess (1) the nature of the government assistance, (2) the accounting policies for the government assistance, (3) the impact of the government assistance on the financial statements, and (4) the significant terms and conditions of the government assistance arrangements. Comments on the proposed ASU were due by February 10, 2016.
Simplifying the balance sheet classification of debt	The purpose of this project is to “reduce cost and complexity by replacing the fact-pattern specific guidance in GAAP with a principle to classify debt as current or noncurrent based on the contractual terms of a debt arrangement and an entity’s current compliance with debt covenants.”	<p>At its June 8, 2016, meeting, the FASB made tentative decisions about the project’s scope, whether to require disclosures about government assistance received but not recognized directly in the financial statements, and omission of information when restrictions preclude an entity from disclosing the information required.</p> <p>For more information, see Deloitte’s November 20, 2015, Heads Up and June 14, 2016, journal entry.</p> <p>On January 10, 2017, the FASB issued a proposed ASU on determining whether debt should be classified as current or noncurrent in a classified balance sheet. In place of the current, fact-specific guidance in ASC 470-10, the proposed ASU would introduce a classification principle under which a debt arrangement would be classified as noncurrent if either (1) the “liability is contractually due to be settled more than one year (or operating cycle, if longer) after the balance sheet date” or (2) the “entity has a contractual right to defer settlement of the liability for at least one year (or operating cycle, if longer) after the balance sheet date.” Under an exception to the classification principle, an entity would not classify debt as current solely because of the occurrence of a debt covenant violation that gives the lender the right to demand repayment of the debt, as long as the lender waives its right before the financial statements are issued (or are available to be issued). Comments on the proposal are due by May 5, 2017. For more information, see Deloitte’s January 12, 2017, Heads Up.</p>

Appendix B: Significant Adoption Dates and Deadlines

The chart below describes significant adoption dates and deadline dates for FASB/EITF, AICPA, SEC, PCAOB, GASB, FASAB, and IASB/IFRIC standards and proposals. Content recently added or revised is highlighted in green.

FASB/EITF	Affects	Status
Final Guidance		
ASU 2017-08, <i>Premium Amortization on Purchased Callable Debt Securities</i> (issued March 30, 2017)	Entities that hold investments in callable debt securities that have an amortized cost basis in excess of the amount that is repayable by the issuer as of the earliest call date.	For public business entities, the amendments are effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2018. For all other entities, the amendments are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2020. Early adoption is permitted, including adoption in an interim period.
ASU 2017-07, <i>Improving the Presentation of Net Periodic Pension Cost and Net Periodic Postretirement Benefit Cost</i> (issued March 10, 2017)	Entities that offer to their employees defined benefit pension plans, other postretirement benefit plans, or other types of benefits accounted for under ASC 715.	For public business entities, the amendments are effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim periods within those annual periods. For all other entities, the amendments are effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim periods within annual periods beginning after December 15, 2019. Early adoption is permitted.
ASU 2017-06, <i>Employee Benefit Plan Master Trust Reporting</i> — a consensus of the FASB Emerging Issues Task Force (issued February 27, 2017)	All entities.	The amendments in the ASU are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018. Early adoption is permitted.
ASU 2017-05, <i>Clarifying the Scope of Asset Derecognition Guidance and Accounting for Partial Sales of Nonfinancial Assets</i> (issued February 22, 2017)	All entities.	See status column for ASU 2014-09 below.
ASU 2017-04, <i>Simplifying the Test for Goodwill Impairment</i> (issued January 26, 2017)	All entities.	For public business entities that are SEC filers, the amendments in the ASU are effective for annual and interim goodwill impairment tests in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019. For public business entities that are not SEC filers, the ASU's amendments are effective for annual and interim goodwill impairment tests in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2020. For all other entities, including not-for-profit entities, the ASU's amendments are effective for annual and interim goodwill impairment tests in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2021. Early adoption is permitted for interim or annual goodwill impairment tests performed on testing dates after January 1, 2017.
ASU 2017-03, <i>Accounting Changes and Error Corrections (Topic 250) and Investments — Equity Method and Joint Ventures (Topic 323): Amendments to SEC Paragraphs Pursuant to Staff Announcements at the September 22, 2016 and November 17, 2016 EITF Meetings</i> (issued January 23, 2017)	All entities.	Effective upon issuance.

ASU 2017-02, <i>Clarifying When a Not-for-Profit Entity That Is a General Partner or a Limited Partner Should Consolidate a For-Profit Limited Partnership or Similar Entity</i> (issued January 12, 2017)	Not-for-profit entities.	Effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017. Early adoption is permitted, including adoption in an interim period.
ASU 2017-01, <i>Clarifying the Definition of a Business</i> (issued January 5, 2017)	All entities.	For public business entities, the amendments are effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim periods within those annual periods. For all other entities, the amendments are effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim periods within annual periods beginning after December 15, 2019.
ASU 2016-20, <i>Technical Corrections and Improvements to Topic 606, Revenue From Contracts With Customers</i> (issued December 21, 2016)	All entities.	See status column for ASU 2014-09 below.
ASU 2016-19, <i>Technical Corrections and Improvements</i> (issued December 14, 2016)	All entities.	Most of the amendments are effective immediately; however, there is transition guidance for certain amendments.
ASU 2016-18, <i>Restricted Cash</i> — a consensus of the FASB Emerging Issues Task Force (issued November 17, 2016)	All entities.	For public business entities, the amendments are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, and interim periods within those fiscal years. For all other entities, the amendments are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019. Early adoption is permitted, including adoption in an interim period.
ASU 2016-17, <i>Interests Held Through Related Parties That Are Under Common Control</i> (issued October 26, 2016)	All entities.	For public business entities, the amendments are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016, including interim periods within those fiscal years. For all other entities, the amendments are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017. Early adoption is permitted, including adoption in an interim period.
ASU 2016-16, <i>Intra-Entity Transfers of Assets Other Than Inventory</i> (issued October 24, 2016)	All entities.	For public business entities, the amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim reporting periods within those annual reporting periods. For all other entities, the amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim reporting periods within annual periods beginning after December 15, 2019. Early adoption is permitted for all entities as of the beginning of an annual reporting period for which financial statements (interim or annual) have not been issued or made available for issuance. That is, earlier adoption should be in the first interim period if an entity issues interim financial statements.

ASU 2016-15, <i>Classification of Certain Cash Receipts and Cash Payments</i> — a consensus of the FASB Emerging Issues Task Force (issued August 26, 2016)	All entities.	For public business entities, the guidance in the ASU is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim periods within those fiscal years. For all other entities, it is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019. Early adoption is permitted for all entities. Entities must apply the guidance retrospectively to all periods presented but may apply it prospectively from the earliest date practicable if retrospective application would be impracticable.
ASU 2016-14, <i>Presentation of Financial Statements of Not-for-Profit Entities</i> (issued August 18, 2016)	Not-for-profit entities.	Effective for annual financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, and for interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018. Application to interim financial statements is permitted but not required in the initial year of application. Early application is permitted. The amendments in the ASU should be initially adopted only for an annual fiscal period or for the first interim period within the fiscal year of adoption.
ASU 2016-13, <i>Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments</i> (issued June 16, 2016)	Entities holding financial assets and net investments in leases that are not accounted for at fair value through net income. The amendments affect loans, debt securities, trade receivables, net investments in leases, off-balance-sheet credit exposures, reinsurance receivables, and any other financial assets not excluded from the scope that have the contractual right to receive cash.	For public business entities that are SEC filers, the amendments in the ASU are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019, including interim periods within those fiscal years. For all other public business entities, the amendments in the ASU are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2020, including interim periods within those fiscal years. For all other entities, including not-for-profit entities and employee benefit plans within the scope of ASC 960 through ASC 965 on plan accounting, the amendments in the ASU are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2020, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2021.
ASU 2016-12, <i>Revenue From Contracts With Customers (Topic 606): Narrow-Scope Improvements and Practical Expedients</i> (issued May 9, 2016)	All entities.	See status column for ASU 2014-09 below.
ASU 2016-11, <i>Rescission of SEC Guidance Because of Accounting Standards Updates 2014-09 and 2014-16 Pursuant to Staff Announcements at the March 3, 2016 EITF Meeting</i> (issued May 2, 2016)	All entities.	Effective at the same time as ASU 2014-09 and ASU 2014-16.
ASU 2016-10, <i>Identifying Performance Obligations and Licensing</i> (issued April 14, 2016)	All entities.	See status column for ASU 2014-09 below.
ASU 2016-09, <i>Improvements to Employee Share-Based Payment Accounting</i> (issued March 30, 2016)	Entities that issue share-based payment awards to their employees.	For public business entities, the amendments in the ASU are effective for annual periods, and interim periods within those annual periods, beginning after December 15, 2016. For all other entities, the amendments are effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018. Early adoption is permitted, including adoption in an interim period.

ASU 2016-08, <i>Principal Versus Agent Considerations (Reporting Revenue Gross Versus Net)</i> (issued March 17, 2016)	All entities.	See status column for ASU 2014-09 below.
ASU 2016-07, <i>Simplifying the Transition to the Equity Method of Accounting</i> (issued March 15, 2016)	Entities that have an investment that becomes qualified for the equity method of accounting as a result of an increase in the level of ownership interest or degree of influence.	All entities for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2016. The amendments should be applied prospectively upon their effective date to increases in the level of ownership interest or degree of influence that result in the adoption of the equity method. Early adoption is permitted.
ASU 2016-06, <i>Contingent Put and Call Options in Debt Instruments</i> — a consensus of the FASB Emerging Issues Task Force (issued March 14, 2016)	Entities that are issuers of or investors in debt instruments (or hybrid financial instruments that are determined to have a debt host) with embedded call (put) options.	For public business entities, the amendments in the ASU are effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016, and interim periods within those fiscal years. For all other entities, the amendments in the ASU are effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018. Early adoption is permitted, including adoption in an interim period.
ASU 2016-05, <i>Effect of Derivative Contract Novations on Existing Hedge Accounting Relationships</i> — a consensus of the FASB Emerging Issues Task Force (issued March 10, 2016)	Reporting entities for which there is a change in the counterparty to a derivative instrument that has been designated as a hedging instrument under ASC 815.	For public business entities, the amendments in the ASU are effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016, and interim periods within those fiscal years. For all other entities, the amendments in the ASU are effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018. Early adoption is permitted, including adoption in an interim period.
ASU 2016-04, <i>Recognition of Breakage for Certain Prepaid Stored-Value Products</i> — a consensus of the FASB Emerging Issues Task Force (issued March 8, 2016)	Entities that offer certain prepaid stored value products (e.g., prepaid gift cards issued on a specific payment network and redeemable at network-accepting merchant locations, prepaid telecommunication cards, and traveler's checks).	Effective for public business entities, certain not-for-profit entities, and certain employee benefit plans for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, and interim periods within those fiscal years. For all other entities, the amendments are effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019. Early application is permitted, including adoption in an interim period.
ASU 2016-02, <i>Leases</i> (issued February 25, 2016)	All entities.	<p>Effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, including interim periods within those fiscal years, for any of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Public business entities. • Not-for-profit entities that have issued, or are a conduit bond obligor for, securities that are traded, listed, or quoted on an exchange or an over-the-counter market. • Employee benefit plans that file financial statements with the SEC. <p>For all other entities, the amendments in the ASU are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2020.</p> <p>Early application of the amendments in the ASU is permitted for all entities.</p>

ASU 2016-01, <i>Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities</i> (issued January 5, 2016)	Entities that hold financial assets or owe financial liabilities.	For public business entities, the amendments in the ASU are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim periods within those fiscal years. For all other entities, including not-for-profit entities and employee benefit plans within the scope of ASC 960 through ASC 965 on plan accounting, the amendments in the ASU are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019. Entities that are not public business entities may adopt the amendments in the ASU earlier as of fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim periods within those fiscal years.
ASU 2015-17, <i>Balance Sheet Classification of Deferred Taxes</i> (issued November 20, 2015)	All entities.	For public business entities, the amendments in the ASU are effective for financial statements issued for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2016, and interim periods within those annual periods. For all other entities, the amendments in the ASU are effective for financial statements issued for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017, and interim periods within annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018. Early application is permitted for all entities as of the beginning of an interim or annual reporting period.
ASU 2015-16, <i>Simplifying the Accounting for Measurement-Period Adjustments</i> (issued September 25, 2015)	Entities that have reported provisional amounts for items in a business combination for which the accounting is incomplete by the end of the reporting period in which the combination occurs and during the measurement period have an adjustment to provisional amounts recognized.	For public business entities, the amendments in the ASU are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015, including interim periods within those fiscal years. The amendments in the ASU should be applied prospectively to adjustments to provisional amounts that occur after the effective date of the ASU; early adoption is permitted for financial statements that have not been issued. For all other entities, the amendments in the ASU are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017. The amendments in the ASU should be applied prospectively to adjustments to provisional amounts that occur after the effective date of the ASU; early adoption is permitted for financial statements that have not yet been made available for issuance.
ASU 2015-14, <i>Revenue From Contracts With Customers (Topic 606): Deferral of the Effective Date</i> (issued August 12, 2015)	All entities.	See status column for ASU 2014-09 below.
ASU 2015-11, <i>Simplifying the Measurement of Inventory</i> (issued July 22, 2015)	All entities.	For public business entities, the amendments in the ASU are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016, including interim periods within those fiscal years. For all other entities, the amendments in the ASU are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017. The amendments in the ASU should be applied prospectively, with earlier application permitted as of the beginning of an interim or annual reporting period.

ASU 2015-09, <i>Disclosures About Short-Duration Contracts</i> (issued May 21, 2015)	All insurance entities that issue short-duration contracts as defined in ASC 944. The amendments do not apply to the holder (i.e., policyholder) of short-duration contracts.	For public business entities, the amendments in the ASU are effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2015, and interim periods within annual periods beginning after December 15, 2016. For all other entities, the amendments in the ASU are effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2016, and interim periods within annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017. Early application is permitted.
ASU 2015-05, <i>Customer's Accounting for Fees Paid in a Cloud Computing Arrangement</i> (issued April 15, 2015)	All entities.	For public business entities, the amendments in the ASU are effective for annual periods, including interim periods within those annual periods, beginning after December 15, 2015. For all other entities, the amendments are effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2015, and interim periods within annual periods beginning after December 15, 2016. Early adoption is permitted for all entities.
ASU 2015-04, <i>Practical Expedient for the Measurement Date of an Employer's Defined Benefit Obligation and Plan Assets</i> (issued April 15, 2015)	All entities.	For public business entities, the amendments in the ASU are effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015, and interim periods within those fiscal years. For all other entities, the amendments in the ASU are effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017. Early application is permitted.
ASU 2015-03, <i>Simplifying the Presentation of Debt Issuance Costs</i> (issued April 7, 2015)	All entities.	For public business entities, the amendments in the ASU are effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015, and interim periods within those fiscal years. For all other entities, the amendments in the ASU are effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016. Early adoption is permitted for financial statements that have not been previously issued.
ASU 2015-02, <i>Amendments to the Consolidation Analysis</i> (issued February 18, 2015)	Entities that are required to evaluate whether they should consolidate certain legal entities.	For public business entities, the amendments in the ASU are effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2015. For all other entities, the amendments are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016, and for interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017. Early adoption, including adoption in an interim period, is permitted.
ASU 2014-16, <i>Determining Whether the Host Contract in a Hybrid Financial Instrument Issued in the Form of a Share Is More Akin to Debt or to Equity</i> — a consensus of the FASB Emerging Issues Task Force (issued November 3, 2014)	Entities that are issuers of, or investors in, hybrid financial instruments that are issued in the form of a share.	For public business entities, the amendments in the ASU are effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2015. For all other entities, the amendments are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016. Early adoption, including adoption in an interim period, is permitted.

ASU 2014-15, <i>Disclosure of Uncertainties About an Entity's Ability to Continue as a Going Concern</i> (issued August 27, 2014)	All entities.	Effective for annual periods ending after December 15, 2016, and interim periods thereafter. Early adoption is permitted.
ASU 2014-13, <i>Measuring the Financial Assets and the Financial Liabilities of a Consolidated Collateralized Financing Entity</i> — a consensus of the FASB Emerging Issues Task Force (issued August 5, 2014)	A reporting entity that is required to consolidate a collateralized financing entity under the variable interest entities subsections of ASC 810-10 when (1) the reporting entity measures all of the financial assets and the financial liabilities of that consolidated collateralized financing entity at fair value in the consolidated financial statements on the basis of other Codification topics and (2) the changes in the fair values of those financial assets and financial liabilities are reflected in earnings.	For public business entities, the amendments in the ASU are effective for annual periods, and interim periods within those annual periods, beginning after December 15, 2015. For all other entities, the amendments are effective for annual periods ending after December 15, 2016, and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2016. Early adoption is permitted as of the beginning of an annual period.
ASU 2014-10, <i>Elimination of Certain Financial Reporting Requirements, Including an Amendment to Variable Interest Entities Guidance in Topic 810, Consolidation</i> (issued June 10, 2014)	Development-stage entities under U.S. GAAP and reporting entities that may hold an interest in an entity that is a development-stage entity.	<p>For public business entities, the ASU is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2014, and interim periods therein. For other entities, the ASU is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2014, and interim reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2015.</p> <p>For public business entities, the amendment eliminating the exception to the sufficiency-of-equity-at-risk criterion for development-stage entities in ASC 810-10-15-16 should be applied retrospectively for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2015, and interim periods therein. For all other entities, the amendments to ASC 810 should be applied retrospectively for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016, and interim reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017. Early application is permitted for any annual reporting period or interim period for which the entity's financial statements have not yet been made available for issuance.</p>

ASU 2014-09, <i>Revenue From Contracts With Customers</i> (issued on May 28, 2014; effective date amended by ASU 2015-14, which was issued on August 12, 2015)	All entities.	<p>For public business entities, certain not-for-profit entities, and certain employee benefit plans, the ASU is effective for annual reporting periods (including interim reporting periods within those periods) beginning after December 15, 2017. Early application is permitted only as of annual reporting periods (including interim reporting periods within those periods) beginning after December 15, 2016.</p> <p>For all other entities, the ASU is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim reporting periods within annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. All other entities may apply the ASU early as of an annual reporting period beginning after December 15, 2016, including interim reporting periods within that reporting period. All other entities also may apply the guidance in the ASU early as of an annual reporting period beginning after December 15, 2016, and interim reporting periods within annual reporting periods beginning one year after the annual reporting period in which the entity first applies the guidance in the ASU.</p>
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Projects in Request-for-Comment Stage

Proposed ASU, <i>Simplifying the Classification of Debt in a Classified Balance Sheet (Current Versus Noncurrent)</i> (issued January 10, 2017)	All entities.	Comments due May 5, 2017.
Proposed ASU, <i>Improvements to Nonemployee Share-Based Payment Accounting</i> (issued March 7, 2017)	All entities.	Comments due June 5, 2017.

AICPA	Affects	Status
Final Guidance		
SAS 132, <i>The Auditor's Consideration of an Entity's Ability to Continue as a Going Concern</i> (issued February 22, 2017)	Auditors.	Effective for audits of financial statements for periods ending on or after December 15, 2017.
SAS 131, <i>Amendment to Statement on Auditing Standards No. 122 Section 700, Forming an Opinion and Reporting on Financial Statements</i> (issued January 2016)	Auditors.	Effective for financial statement audits for periods ending on or after June 15, 2016.
SAS 130, <i>An Audit of Internal Control Over Financial Reporting That Is Integrated With an Audit of Financial Statements</i> (issued October 28, 2015)	Auditors that perform integrated audits.	Effective for integrated audits for periods ending on or after December 15, 2016.
SSARS 23, <i>Omnibus Statement on Standards for Accounting and Review Services — 2016</i> (issued October 26, 2016)	Entities that perform accounting and review services.	The revisions to AR-C Sections 60 and 90 are effective upon issuance. The revisions to AR-C Sections 70 and 80 are also effective upon issuance, with the exception of certain amendments that are effective, respectively, for financial information prepared, and compilation reports dated, on or after May 1, 2017.

SSARS 22, <i>Compilation of Pro Forma Financial Information</i> (issued September 23, 2016)	Entities that perform compilation engagements related to pro forma financial information.	Effective for compilation reports on pro forma financial information dated on or after May 1, 2017.
Project in Request-for-Comment Stage		
Proposed SAS, <i>Forming an Opinion and Reporting on Financial Statements of Employee Benefit Plans Subject to ERISA</i> (issued April 20, 2017)	Auditors that perform audits of financial statements of employee benefit plans subject to ERISA.	Comments due August 21, 2017.
SEC	Affects	Status
Final Guidance		
Final Rule, <i>Inflation Adjustments and Other Technical Amendments Under Titles I and III of the JOBS Act</i> (33-10332) (issued March 31, 2017)	SEC registrants.	Effective April 12, 2017.
Final Rule, <i>Amendment to Securities Transaction Settlement Cycle</i> (34-80295) (issued March 22, 2017)	SEC registrants.	Effective May 30, 2017. The compliance date is September 5, 2017.
Final Rule, <i>Adoption of Updated EDGAR Filer Manual</i> (33-10324) (issued March 13, 2017)	SEC registrants.	Effective March 9, 2017.
Final Rule, <i>Exhibit Links and HTML Format</i> (33-10322) (issued March 1, 2017)	SEC registrants.	Effective September 1, 2017.
Final Rule, <i>Adoption of Updated EDGAR Filer Manual</i> (33-10295) (issued January 26, 2017)	SEC registrants.	Effective February 8, 2017.
Final Rule, <i>Adjustments to Civil Monetary Penalty Amounts</i> (33-10276) (issued January 6, 2017)	SEC registrants.	Effective January 18, 2017.
Final Rule, <i>Technical Correction: Changes to Exchange Act Registration Requirements to Implement Title V and Title VI of the JOBS Act</i> (33-10075A) (issued December 21, 2016)	SEC registrants.	Effective December 28, 2016.
Final Rule, <i>Adoption of Updated EDGAR Filer Manual</i> (33-10265) (issued December 9, 2016)	SEC registrants.	Effective January 23, 2017. The incorporation by reference of the EDGAR Filer Manual is approved by the director of the <i>Federal Register</i> as of January 23, 2017.
Final Rule, <i>Exemptions to Facilitate Intrastate and Regional Securities Offerings</i> (33-10238) (issued October 26, 2016)	SEC registrants.	Revised 17 CFR 230.147 (Rule 147) and new 17 CFR 230.147A (Rule 147A) will become effective on April 20, 2017. The amendments to 17 CFR 230.504 (Rule 504) and 17 CFR 200.30-1 (Rule 30-1) became effective on January 20, 2017. The removal of 17 CFR 230.505 (Rule 505) will become effective on May 22, 2017. All other amendments in this rule will become effective on May 22, 2017.
Final Rule, <i>Investment Company Swing Pricing</i> (33-10234) (issued October 13, 2016)	Investment companies.	Effective November 19, 2018.
Final Rule, <i>Investment Company Liquidity Risk Management Programs</i> (33-10233) (issued October 13, 2016)	Investment companies.	Effective January 17, 2017, except for the amendments to Form N-CEN (referenced in 17 CFR 274.101), which will become effective on June 1, 2018.

Final Rule, <i>Investment Company Reporting Modernization</i> (33-10231) (issued October 13, 2016)	Investment companies.	Effective January 17, 2017, with exceptions listed in the final rule.
Final Rule, <i>Standards for Covered Clearing Agencies</i> (34-78961) (issued September 28, 2016)	SEC-registered clearing agencies.	Effective December 12, 2016. Compliance date is April 11, 2017.
Final Rule, <i>Adoption of Updated EDGAR Filer Manual</i> (33-10217) (issued September 20, 2016)	SEC registrants.	Effective September 30, 2016.
Final Rule, <i>Access to Data Obtained by Security-Based Swap Data Repositories</i> (34-78716) (issued August 29, 2016)	SEC registrants.	Effective November 1, 2016.
Final Rule, <i>Form ADV and Investment Advisers Act Rules</i> (IA-4509) (issued August 25, 2016)	SEC registrants.	Effective October 31, 2016.
Final Rule, <i>Regulation SBSR — Reporting and Dissemination of Security-Based Swap Information</i> (34-78321) (issued July 14, 2016)	SEC registrants.	Effective October 11, 2016.
Final Rule, <i>Amendments to the Commission's Rules of Practice</i> (34-78319) (issued July 13, 2016)	SEC registrants.	Effective September 27, 2016.
Final Rule, <i>Disclosure of Payments by Resource Extraction Issuers</i> (34-78167) (issued June 27, 2016)	SEC registrants.	Effective September 26, 2016.
Final Rule, <i>Asset-Backed Securities Disclosure and Registration</i> (33-10099) (issued June 16, 2016)	SEC registrants.	Effective June 22, 2016.
Final Rule, <i>Adoption of Updated EDGAR Filer Manual</i> (33-10095) (issued June 13, 2016)	SEC registrants.	Effective July 1, 2016. The incorporation by reference of the EDGAR Filer Manual is approved by the director of the <i>Federal Register</i> as of July 1, 2016.
Final Rule, <i>Trade Acknowledgment and Verification of Security-Based Swap Transactions</i> (34-78011) (issued June 8, 2016)	SEC registrants.	Effective August 16, 2016.
Final Rule, <i>Changes to Exchange Act Registration Requirements to Implement Title V and Title VI of the JOBS Act</i> (33-10075) (issued May 3, 2016)	SEC registrants.	Effective June 9, 2016.
Final Rule, <i>Adoption of Updated EDGAR Filer Manual</i> (33-10071) (issued April 22, 2016)	SEC registrants.	Effective May 19, 2016.
Final Rule, <i>Business Conduct Standards for Security-Based Swap Dealers and Major Security-Based Swap Participants; Correction</i> (34-77617 and 34-77617A) (issued April 14, 2016)	Registered security-based swap dealers and registered major security-based swap participants.	Effective July 12, 2016.

Final Rule, <i>Security-Based Swap Transactions Connected With a Non-U.S. Person's Dealing Activity That Are Arranged, Negotiated, or Executed by Personnel Located in a U.S. Branch or Office or in a U.S. Branch or Office of an Agent; Security-Based Swap Dealer De Minimis Exception</i> (34-77104) (issued February 10, 2016)	SEC registrants.	Effective April 19, 2016. Entities must comply with the final rule by the later of (1) February 21, 2017, or (2) the SBS entity counting date, as defined in Section VII of the supplementary information.
Final Rule, <i>Crowdfunding</i> (33-9974) (issued October 30, 2015)	SEC registrants.	The final rules and forms became effective on May 16, 2016, except that instruction 3 adding part 227 and instruction 14 amending Form ID became effective on January 29, 2016.
Final Rule, <i>Pay Ratio Disclosure</i> (33-9877) (issued August 5, 2015)	SEC registrants.	Effective for the first fiscal year beginning on or after January 1, 2017.
Final Rule, <i>Credit Risk Retention</i> (34-73407) (issued October 22, 2014)	SEC registrants.	Effective February 23, 2015. Compliance with the rule with respect to asset-backed securities collateralized by residential mortgages is required beginning on December 24, 2015. Compliance with the rule with regard to all other classes of asset-backed securities is required beginning on December 24, 2016.
Interim Final Rule, <i>Form 10-K Summary</i> (34-77969) (issued June 1, 2016)	SEC registrants.	Effective June 9, 2016.
Interim Final Temporary Rule, <i>Extension of Exemptions for Security-Based Swaps</i> (33-9545) (issued February 5, 2014)	SEC registrants.	Effective February 10, 2014. The expiration dates in Interim Final Rule 240 under the Securities Act of 1933, Interim Final Rules 12a-11 and 12h-1(i) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and Interim Final Rule 4d-12 under the Trust Indenture Act will be extended to February 11, 2017.
Release, <i>IFRS Taxonomy for Foreign Private Issuers That Prepare Their Financial Statements in Accordance With International Financial Reporting Standards as Published by the International Accounting Standards Board</i> (33-10320) (issued March 1, 2017)	Foreign private issuers that prepare financial statements under IFRSs.	The IFRS taxonomy was published on the SEC's Web site on March 1, 2017.
Projects in Request-for-Comment Stage		
Proposed Rule, <i>Proposed Amendments to Municipal Securities Disclosure</i> (34-80130) (issued March 1, 2017)	SEC registrants.	Comments due May 15, 2017.
Proposed Rule, <i>Inline XBRL Filing of Tagged Data</i> (33-10323) (issued March 1, 2017)	SEC registrants.	Comments due May 16, 2017.
Request for Comment, <i>Request for Comment on Possible Changes to Industry Guide 3 (Statistical Disclosure by Bank Holding Companies)</i> (33-10321) (issued March 1, 2017)	SEC registrants.	Comments due July 7, 2017.
PCAOB	Affects	Status
Final Guidance		
Release 2015-008, <i>Improving the Transparency of Audits: Rules to Require Disclosure of Certain Audit Participants on a New PCAOB Form and Related Amendments to Auditing Standards</i> (issued December 15, 2015, and approved by the SEC on May 9, 2016)	Auditors of public entities.	Form AP disclosure regarding the engagement partner will be required for audit reports issued on or after January 31, 2017. Disclosure regarding other accounting firms will be required for audit reports issued on or after June 30, 2017.

Release 2015-002, <i>Reorganization of PCAOB Auditing Standards and Related Amendments to PCAOB Standards and Rules</i> (issued March 31, 2015, and approved by the SEC on September 17, 2015)	Auditors of public entities.	Effective December 31, 2016. Auditors may use and reference the reorganized standards before the effective date, since the amendments do not substantively change the standards' requirements.
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GASB	Affects	Status
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Final Guidance

Implementation Guide No. 2017-1, <i>Implementation Guidance Update — 2017</i> (issued April 28, 2017)	Governmental entities.	Effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2017. Early application is encouraged.
Statement 85, <i>Omnibus 2017</i> (issued March 20, 2017)	Governmental entities.	Effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2017. Early application is encouraged.
Statement 84, <i>Fiduciary Activities</i> (issued January 31, 2017)	Governmental entities.	Effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018. Early application is encouraged.
Statement 83, <i>Certain Asset Retirement Obligations</i> (issued December 7, 2016)	Governmental entities.	Effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2018. Early application is encouraged.
Statement 82, <i>Pension Issues</i> — an amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73 (issued April 11, 2016)	Governmental entities.	Effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2016, except for the requirements for the selection of assumptions in a circumstance in which an employer's pension liability is measured as of a date other than the employer's most recent fiscal year-end. In that circumstance, the requirements for the selection of assumptions are effective for that employer in the first reporting period in which the measurement date of the pension liability is on or after June 15, 2017. Early application is encouraged.
Statement 81, <i>Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements</i> (issued March 29, 2016)	Governmental entities.	Effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2016. Early application is encouraged.
Implementation Guide No. 2016-1, <i>Implementation Guidance Update — 2016</i> (issued March 24, 2016)	Governmental entities.	Effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2016.
Statement 80, <i>Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units</i> — an amendment of GASB Statement No. 14 (issued February 11, 2016)	Governmental entities.	Effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2016. Early application is encouraged.
Statement 75, <i>Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions</i> (issued June 29, 2015)	Governmental entities.	Effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017. Early application is encouraged.
Statement 74, <i>Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans</i> (issued June 29, 2015)	Governmental entities.	Effective for financial statements for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2016. Early application is encouraged.

FASAB	Affects	Status
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Final Guidance

Technical Release 17, <i>Conforming Amendments to Technical Releases for SFFAS 50, Establishing Opening Balances for General Property, Plant, and Equipment</i> (issued April 10, 2017)	U.S. federal government entities.	Effective upon issuance.
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Statement 51, <i>Insurance Programs</i> (issued January 18, 2017)	U.S. federal government entities.	Effective for periods beginning after September 30, 2018.
Statement 50, <i>Establishing Opening Balances for General Property, Plant, and Equipment</i> — amending Statement of Federal Financial Accounting Standards (SFFAS) 6, SFFAS 10, SFFAS 23, and rescinding SFFAS 35 (issued August 4, 2016)	U.S. federal government entities.	Effective for periods beginning after September 30, 2016. Early adoption is encouraged.
Statement 49, <i>Public-Private Partnerships Disclosure Requirements</i> (issued April 27, 2016)	U.S. federal government entities.	Effective for periods beginning after September 30, 2018. Early adoption is permitted.
Statement 48, <i>Opening Balances for Inventory, Operating Materials and Supplies, and Stockpile Materials</i> (issued January 27, 2016)	U.S. federal government entities.	Effective for periods beginning after September 30, 2016. Early implementation is encouraged.
Technical Release 16, <i>Implementation Guidance for Internal Use Software</i> (issued January 19, 2016)	U.S. federal government entities.	Effective upon issuance.
Statement 47, <i>Reporting Entity</i> (issued December 23, 2014)	U.S. federal government entities.	Effective for periods beginning after September 30, 2017. Early application is prohibited.

IASB/IFRIC	Affects	Status
Final Guidance		
<i>Transfers of Investment Property</i> — amendments to IAS 40 (issued December 8, 2016)	Entities reporting under IFRSs.	Effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018. Early application is permitted.
<i>Annual Improvements to IFRSs: 2014–2016 Cycle</i> (issued December 8, 2016)	Entities reporting under IFRSs.	The amendments to IFRS 1 and IAS 28 are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018, while the amendment to IFRS 12 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2017.
IFRIC 22, <i>Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance Consideration</i> (issued December 8, 2016)	Entities reporting under IFRSs.	Effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018.
<i>Applying IFRS 9 Financial Instruments With IFRS 4 Insurance Contracts</i> — amendments to IFRS 4 (issued September 12, 2016)	Entities reporting under IFRSs.	Effective at the same time as IFRS 9.
<i>Classification and Measurement of Share-Based Payment Transactions</i> — amendments to IFRS 2 (issued June 20, 2016)	Entities reporting under IFRSs.	The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018. Early application is permitted. If an entity applies the amendments for an earlier period, it must disclose that fact.
<i>Clarifications to IFRS 15</i> (issued April 12, 2016)	Entities reporting under IFRSs.	Effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018, which is the same effective date as that of IFRS 15. Early application is permitted.
<i>Disclosure Initiative</i> — amendments to IAS 7 (issued January 29, 2016)	Entities reporting under IFRSs.	The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2017. Early application is permitted. Because the amendments are being issued less than one year before the effective date, entities need not provide comparative information when they first apply the amendments.

<i>Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets for Unrealised Losses</i> — amendments to IAS 12 (issued January 19, 2016)	Entities reporting under IFRSs.	The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2017; early application is permitted. As transition relief, an entity may recognize the change in the opening equity for the earliest comparative period in opening retained earnings on initial application without allocating the change between opening retained earnings and other components of equity.
IFRS 16, <i>Leases</i> (issued January 12, 2016)	Entities reporting under IFRSs.	Effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019. Early application is permitted for entities that apply IFRS 15, <i>Revenue From Contracts With Customers</i> , on or before the date of initial application of IFRS 16.
<i>Effective Date of Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28</i> (issued December 17, 2015)	Entities reporting under IFRSs.	The effective date of the September 2014 amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 is deferred until “a date to be determined by the IASB.” The amendments should be applied prospectively.
<i>2015 Amendments to the IFRS for SMEs</i> (issued May 21, 2015)	Small and medium-sized entities reporting under IFRSs.	Effective January 1, 2017.
<i>Sale or Contribution of Assets Between an Investor and Its Associate or Joint Venture</i> — amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 (issued September 11, 2014)	Entities reporting under IFRSs.	The effective date has been deferred until a “date to be determined by the IASB.”
IFRS 9, <i>Financial Instruments</i> (issued July 24, 2014)	Entities reporting under IFRSs.	Effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018. Early application is permitted.
IFRS 15, <i>Revenue From Contracts With Customers</i> (issued May 28, 2014)	Entities reporting under IFRSs.	Effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018. Early application is permitted.
Projects in Request-for-Comment Stage		
Exposure Draft, <i>Prepayment Features With Negative Compensation</i> — proposed amendments to IFRS 9 (issued April 21, 2017)	Entities reporting under IFRSs.	Comments due May 24, 2017.
Exposure Draft, <i>Improvements to IFRS 8 Operating Segments</i> — proposed amendments to IFRS 8 and IAS 34 (issued March 29, 2017)	Entities reporting under IFRSs.	Comments due July 31, 2017.
Discussion Paper, <i>Disclosure Initiative — Principles of Disclosure</i> (issued March 30, 2017)	Entities reporting under IFRSs.	Comments due October 2, 2017.

Appendix C: Glossary of Standards and Other Literature

FASB Accounting Standards Update No. 2016-02, *Leases*

AICPA Statement on Standards for Accounting and Review Services No. 21, *Statements on Standards for Accounting and Review Services: Clarification and Recodification*

AICPA Statement on Standards for Attestation Engagements No. 18, *Attestation Standards: Clarification and Recodification*

AICPA Proposed Statement on Auditing Standards, *Forming an Opinion and Reporting on Financial Statements of Employee Benefit Plans Subject to ERISA*

AICPA Revenue Recognition Task Force Working Draft, *Airlines Entities Revenue Recognition Issue #2-11: Change Fees*

AICPA Revenue Recognition Task Force Working Draft, *Airlines Entities Revenue Recognition Issue #2-6(i): Interline Transactions — Loyalty Payments*

AICPA Revenue Recognition Task Force Working Draft, *Airlines Entities Revenue Recognition Issue #2-6(a, d): Brand Name and Customer List — Timing of Revenue Recognition*

AICPA Revenue Recognition Task Force Working Draft, *Airlines Entities Revenue Recognition Issue #2-5: Interline Transactions — Identifying Performance Obligations for Air Travel (Including at the Segment Versus the Ticket Level) and Principal vs. Agent Considerations*

AICPA Revenue Recognition Task Force Working Draft, *Airlines Entities Revenue Recognition Issue #2-4: Ancillary Fees and Services*

AICPA Revenue Recognition Task Force Working Draft, *Airlines Entities Revenue Recognition Issue #2-3: Passenger Ticket Breakage and Accounting for Travel Vouchers*

AICPA Revenue Recognition Task Force Working Draft, *Gaming Entities Revenue Recognition Issue #6-8a: Loyalty Credits and Other Discretionary Incentives (Excluding Status Benefits)*

AICPA Revenue Recognition Task Force Working Draft, *Hospitality Entities Revenue Recognition Issue #7-3: Accounting for Owned and Leased Property Revenues*

AICPA Revenue Recognition Task Force Working Draft, *Hospitality Entities Revenue Recognition Issue #7-2: Accounting for Revenues in a Hotel Management Service Arrangements*

AICPA Revenue Recognition Task Force Working Draft, *Hospitality Entities Revenue Recognition Issue #7-1: Franchise Fees*

AICPA Revenue Recognition Task Force Working Draft, *Time-Share Entities Revenue Recognition Issue #16-6: Revenue of Revenue — Management Fees*

SEC Final Rule Release No. 34-67716, *Conflict Minerals*

CAQ Publication, *External Auditor Assessment Tool*

FASAB Statement No. 50, *Establishing Opening Balances for General Property, Plant, and Equipment*

FASAB Statement No. 35, *Estimating the Historical Cost of General Property, Plant, and Equipment: Amending Statements of Federal Financial Accounting Standards 6 and 23*

FASAB Statement No. 6, *Accounting for Property, Plant, and Equipment*

FASAB Technical Release No. 17, *Conforming Amendments to Technical Releases for SFFAS 50, Establishing Opening Balances for General Property, Plant, and Equipment*

GAO Exposure Draft, *Government Auditing Standards*

IFRS 9, *Financial Instruments*

IASB Exposure Draft, *Prepayment Features With Negative Compensation* — proposed amendments to IFRS 9

Proposed ISA 540 (Revised), *Auditing Accounting Estimates and Related Disclosures*

IPSASB Consultation Paper, *Financial Reporting for Heritage in the Public Sector*

Appendix D: Abbreviations

Abbreviation	Definition
AICPA	American Institute of Certified Public Accountants
ASB	Auditing Standards Board
ASC	FASB Accounting Standards Codification
ASU	FASB Accounting Standards Update
C&DI	compliance and disclosure interpretation
CAQ	Center for Audit Quality
CPE	continuing professional education
DRC	Democratic Republic of the Congo
ED	exposure draft
EDT	Eastern Daylight Time
EITF	Emerging Issues Task Force
FAQ	frequently asked question
FASAB	Federal Accounting Standards Advisory Board
FASB	Financial Accounting Standards Board
GAAP	generally accepted accounting principles
GAGAS	generally accepted government auditing standards
GAO	Government Accountability Office
GASB	Governmental Accounting Standards Board

Abbreviation	Definition
HTML	HyperText Markup Language
IAASB	International Auditing and Assurance Standards Board
IAS	International Accounting Standard
IASB	International Accounting Standards Board
IFAC	International Federation of Accountants
IFRIC	IFRS Interpretations Committee
IFRS	International Financial Reporting Standard
IPSASB	International Public Sector Accounting Standards Board
PCAOB	Public Company Accounting Oversight Board
PP&E	property, plant, and equipment
SAS	Statement on Auditing Standards
SEC	Securities and Exchange Commission
SSAE	Statement on Standards for Attestation Engagements
SSARS	Statement on Standards for Accounting and Review Services
TIS	Technical Inquiry Service
XBRL	eXtensible Business Reporting Language

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Conclusions of the FASB, GASB, IASB, and IFRS Interpretations Committee are subject to change at future meetings and generally do not affect current accounting requirements until an official position (e.g., Accounting Standards Update or IFRS) is issued. Official positions are determined only after extensive deliberation and due process, including a formal vote.

Further information about the standard setters can be found on their respective Web sites as follows: www.fasb.org (FASB); www.fasb.org/eitf/agenda.shtml (EITF); www.aicpa.org (AICPA); www.sec.gov (SEC); <https://pcaobus.org/Pages/default.aspx> (PCAOB); www.fasab.gov (FASAB); www.gasb.org (GASB); and www.ifrs.org (IASB and IFRS Interpretations Committee).

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